				Budg Estim		Act			Differe	nce		Excess	
er of the Control		- Property	22 0	Rs. A	As. P.	Rs.	As. I		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs. As	. P
House-rate collection Toll-bar Fines Miscellaneous Park Estate Voluntary contribution				2,650	0 0 0 0	13,964 2,136 85 1,856 1,140 1,719	14 : 15 : 15 : 12 :	3 3 9 0 0 8	635 513 14 143	1 1	6 9 3 0	40 15 1,719 (
	Total			20,450	0 0	20,903	10	9	1,306	1	6	1,759 15	2

	ing balance			ar					 			Rs. 2,058 15,045	11	1	
Demand	of 1873-74		***				***	***	***	***	***	10,040	9	U	
									Tota	1			15	1	
Amount e	ollected								 		***	13,964	1	6	
,, P	emitted	•••	•••		•••					•••	•••	416	8	0	
									Tota	1		14,380	9	6	
Outstand	ing balance	***			***	***	***	***	 ****	***		2,718	5	7	

The collections of house-rate have fallen short of those of last year by Rs. 507-6-9, and of the estimate by Rs. 635-14-6; this is partly owing to high prices, (which have made collection more difficult) and partly owing to the collecting establishment not having done its utmost. The establishment has been recently re-organized, and it is hoped that collection will improve. At

the same time the commissioners are prepared to avoid undue pressure on the poorer taxpayers.

10. Tollbar.—The decrease of collection from estimate Rs. 513-1-9, under this head, is chiefly attibutable to the absence of check-gates, and to there being no penalty for persons evading tolls. The carters take advantage of all tracks which can enable them to leave the main roads, and by somewhat circuitous routes to avoid the tollgates. The loss of revenue could be provided against with ease, if we were only allowed by Government to establish check toll-gates: but this measure was, I believe, disapproved by the late Lieutenant-Governor.

11. Fine.—The decrease under this head is due to the fact that the commissioners who sit in the bench to decide cases under Municipal Act and Bye-laws have been lenient.

12. The statement below will shew that the average rate of fine per head has been

Rs. 0-6-6-7 against Rs. 0-9-8 of the year preceding.

13. In accordance with the Government notification of 6th May last, the cases under Municipal Act and Bye-laws have been since June last decided by two of the municipal commissioners forming a bench. The sittings have not been very regular during the year under report, owing to the occasional non-attendance of one of the two Honorary Magistrates appointed to act; this has been often the case with those of the municipal commissioners who are pleaders by profession.

14. The following table will shew the result of trials for breaches of conservancy laws :-

No. of cases required issue of notice,	No. of cases required issue of summons.	No. of per- sons tried	No. of per- sons fined.	No. of per- sons re- leased-	Amount of fine imposed.	Outstanding balance of last year.	Total	Amonnt col- lected.	Outstanding balance.
460	290	230	157	78	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		79 12 9	23 15 0
Fine impos	d on Munic	ipal Police	for neglect o	Total	70 8 9		109 14 9	T MIN IN	

15. Miscellanems.-The receipts under this head have been less than the estimate by Rs. 143-1. This is partly owing to the diminished receipts under the head of printing and partly to the non-receipt of any income from the head of house rent. On the other hand, there has been an increase of Rs. 115-1-6 in comparison with the receipts of the year preceding.

16. The miscellaneous receipts are derived from the following sources:-

					ATT TO START THE		Ris.	As.	P
Cattle pounds	***		***				720	3	0
Conservancy	***		***	***			234	10000	3
Distraint fees	***	•••			***	***	63 473		3
License fee Burial ground	***		***		***			(CAN)	
Printing		((External)					29		0
Salary of the 2nd	d clerk	recoverable i	rom the o	ther Municip	alities		180		0
Sale proceeds of	trees o	n the sides o	f roads		***		131		
Unclassified			•••	200	M 1490		15	4	0
		Total	***	£	**	0.00	1,856	15	0

The receipts from the cattle pounds are Rs 720-3, against Rs. 688-3-9 of the year preceding. The increase has been caused by the removal of the Chandsarak pound to Shunda.

18. The statement below will shew the working of each pound during the year under report:-

Names of pounds.	No. of cattleim- pounded.		No. claimed.	No. un- claimed.	Total.	Receipts.	Disburse- ments.	Total.	Profit.	Loss.
	0 083 87 84		ATT			Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. F
Cutcherry	1,611		1,603	. 8	1,611	252 14 0	92 13 9	92 13 9	160 0 3	
utwali	889	3	874	12	889	148 11 0	84 0 0	84 0 0	64 11 0	
arnipara	704		697	7	704	144 15 6	118 0 0	118 0 0	26 15 6	
hunda	519		516	3	519	98 3 6	117 5 0	117 5 0		19 1 6
ark Estate	369		365	4	369	75 7 0	90 8 6	90 8 6		15 1 6
Total	4,092	3	4,055	34	4,092	720 3 0	502 11 3	502 11 3	251 10 9	34 3 (

19. Conservancy.-The receipts under this head are recoverable expenses of a special conservancy cart employed solely for removing professional refuse of the stable-keepers. The increase of Rs. 63-7-3 upon the receipts of the year preceding has been caused by the collection of the arrears of the previous year during the year under report.

Distraint fee.—The receipts under this head have been Rs. 63-7-3 against Rs. 92-7
of the year preceding. The decrease of Rs. 28-15-9 has been due to the decreased number

of warrants issued for the realization of arrears.

21. License Fees.—The receipts under the head of license fees have been Rs. 473-2 against Rs. 444-11 of the year 1872-73. The increase has been entirely due to receipts for brick licenses, since the municipal commissioners have been enforcing the Section 63 of Act III of 1864 and Bye-law 18 in this town.

22. Printing .- The decrease of Rs. 31-15 in comparison with the receipts of the preceding year under this head is nominal, because a sum of Rs. 43 is due from the Magistrate

of Nuddea for forms supplied during the year under report.

23. Burial Ground .- A sum of Rs. 10 has been received as fee for allowing a man to

bury a corpse out of the line in the Mahomedan Burial Ground.

24. Park Estate. The collections have been below those of the year 1872-73 under this head. Since the lands cultivated for winter crops were not sown for want of seasonable rain, strict measures have not therefore been taken for the realization of the rent of such lands from the ryots.

25. Voluntary Contribution.—The receipts under this head have been derived (1) from a contribution by the Nuddea estate of half the cost of improving a large tank belonging to the estate and lying within the municipality; (2) from a contribution of Rs. 300 given by the proprietor of a tank called the Pora Pokhur, towards the expense of its improvement.

26. The subjoined statement shows the expenditure of the year:-

7.076	1	Bud; Estim			Expend		re.	Less E		n-	Exper	cess	
	1	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
. Expense of collection of house-tax		700	0	0	766	10	6			0	66	10	6
. General charges		842	0	0	747	1	6		14	.6	0	0	0
. Roads		11,000	0	0	8,225	11	9	2,774		3	0	0	0
Conservancy		1,122	0	0	1,039	9	9	82	6	3	0	0	0
. Tonce		5,707	0	0	5,391	4	3	315	11	9	0	0	0
3. Local Improvement		1,000	0	0	2,985	7	0	0	0	0	1,985	7	0
. Miscellaneous		1,350	0	0	1,190	0	6	159	15	6	0	0	0
Park Fetate		1,203	0	0	1,195	13	9	7	3	3	0	0	0
Total .		22,924	0	0	21,541	10	0	3,434	7	6	2,052	1	6

27. Expense of Collection .- The cause of increase of Rs. 66-10-6 upon the budget estimate was that the expenditure required for newly numbering the houses (a step rendered necessary to the revision of the boundaries of wards), had not been provided for in the

budget estimate.

28. General Charges —A sum of Rs. 94-14-6 less than the budget estimate was expended

28. not paid during the year under report, but because the salary of the vaccinator was not paid during the year under report, but subsequently, on the request of the Superintendent of Vaccination, Metropolitan Circles. There

was also a saving of Rs. 39 under the head of stationery.

29. Roads.—The expenditure on roads was Rs. 8,225-11-9 against the budget estimate of Rs. 11,000 under this head. The saving of Rs. 2,774-4-3 was due to the fact that some of the metalled roads did not require thorough repairs, though provision had been made in the hudget. the budget estimate.

	30.	The	following	table	will	shew	the	expenditure	on	metalled	roads	during	the
yea	1878	3-74:-	-									et 1148	

									1										Rs.	A.	P.
Church-lane								***				***				***			615	7	3
Gab road							***				***		***		***		***	***	1,159	0	3
High street				***				***								***			1,118	13	6
Toho road		***																***	86	0	0
Nootunsarak																			971	9	6
(Z., J., L., L., L.,										1									732	9	6
Judge's road		***			***										117				643	3	6
Gobind road											1.2			- 5		-			199	10	3
Rajah's road			***						1		1		-					-	425	0	6
Barendra road				•••							***			***				***	158		
Working establi		anni	***										***				***	***	812		
WOLKING CSCADII	SILII	еш				***		***				•	**			***		***	GIN		
														Tot	la				6,922	10	. 0
														200	,ees			***	0,000	10	

31. The metalling of the Gab and part of the Nootunsarak roads were new works. Of the total expenditure Rs. 800 had been advanced in March 1873, and accounted for in the annual statement for 1872-73, hence the expenditure on pukka roads debitable to the year 1873-74, was Rs. 6,922-10 minus Rs. 800, or Rs. 6,122-10.

All the kutcha roads of the town, about 45 miles, were kept in good order at a cost

of Rs. 1,238.

17 new culverts were constructed during the year at a cost of Rs. 658-4-6. The

roads and bridges of the town have been in good condition throughout the year.

34. Arboriculture. - About 400 young teak and banian trees were planted on road sides to fill up vacant places, and the enclosures of those planted during the previous year were kept in good order.

35. Conservancy.-The saving of Rs. 82-6-3 from the budget estimate was due to the fact that a sum of Rs. 150 had been provided for in the estimate for repairs of the stables and conservancy carts, but only about Rs. 60 was expended on that account.

36. Police.—The saving of Rs. 315-11-9 on the budget estimate is atributable to the fact that the amount estimated for clothing was not drawn during the year under report.

37. Local Improvement.—The excess expenditure of Rs. 1,985-7 was incurred in improv-

ing the Ameen Bazar tank and Pora Pokhur.

Miscellaneous.-The saving of Rs. 159-15-6 was partly due to the fact that a sum of Rs. 200 had been provided in the estimate for keeping the toll-bar under khas collection; as all the toll-bars were farmed out during the greater part of the year under report, the expenditure was not required. Again, though provision had been made in the estimate for repair to the municipal office, the work was not done in the course of the year.

39. Park Estate — The saving of Rs. 7-3-3 is due to the fact that a lakhirajdar did not

appear to claim his rent during the year under report.

40. Health.—The health of the town during the year was better than in the year preceding. The death rate was 18 per thousand, against 22 of the year 1872-73:—

DEATHS-							
Male				****		***	276
Female	***		***	***	•••	***	210
en visite special som ses a der statut					Total		486
41. The causes of c	leaths we	ere as follo	ws:				
Fever	***	***	***	***		***	187
Cholera	***		2010	***	***	•••	27
Small-pox	***	•	***		***	***	1
Other causes	***	0.0		***		***	271
					Total	4	486
42. BIRTHS-							
Male	***		***			***	349
Female	***	•••		•••	***	***	355
					Total		704

The average birth rate has been 26 per thousand, against 28 of the year preceding. 43. Vaccination .- One vaccinator was appointed in November last for three months.

The following table will shew the result of vaccination :-

Male Female				-	•••	•••	***	212 182
			er in Paliti Motor and all	1000		Total	***	394
Success		-			000	100		386
Partial	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	1
Failed	4.00	****	35.344.0000					
Unknown	***	**************************************	200	***			***	7
					1	Total		394

44. General Remarks.—Upon the whole, the work of the year, while affording no specially brilliant results, has been satisfactory. During the Commissioner's stay here an attempt was made to induce him to believe that a certain quarter had been neglected by the municipality,

but the falsehood of the charge was made clearly apparent. The commissioners have done their best to be just to all parts of the municipality.

45. The daroga has, upon the whole, worked satisfactorily.

Municipal improvement fund of Kishnaghur Municipality, under Act III of 1864, for the year 1873-74.

	1	RECEIPTS.			Amo	unt.	,	Tot		P.
To balance brought from las, amount collected on ac annual valuation of 'h, amount collected on acco, amount collected on acco	ecount of the rate of cuses, buildings, and l unt of road tolls unt of fines under Ac unt of miscellaneous a unt of Park Estate	ands, &c.		n the s	13,964 2,136 85 1,856 1,140	1 14 15 15 12	6 3 9 0 0 3 -	20,903	13	9
		T	otal	***				27,227	8	5
	Ex	PENDITURE.							7	
Charges incurred in the cent upon the annual lands, &c. General charges, including and stationery—Office establisme. Printing and stat Roads Conservancy charges Amount paid to the distance of police under 8	value of houses, but ng office establishmen nt ionery	t and prin	585 161	14 9 2 9	747 8,225 1,039	10 11 11 9	6 9 9			
gencies 8. Local improvement (such 9 Miscellaneous 10. Park Estate	2	***	***		5,391 2,985 1,190 1,195		3 0 6 9	01.541	10	
Balance in hand on th	e 31st March 1874							21,541 5,685		5
1 to			Total				-	27,227	8	5
				C.	C. Ste	VENS	, c	hairma	n.	

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE MIDNAPORE MUNICIPALITY FOR THE YEAR 1873-74.

No. 326, dated Burdwan, the 19th July 1874.

From-C. T. Buckland, Esq. Commissioner, Burdwan Division,

To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit in original the annual administration report of the Midnapore Municipality for the year 1873-74, together with the statement of income and expenditure, in the form prescribed in Government order No. 2655, dated 25th April 1872.

2. The actual receipts shew a deficit of Rs. 453-4-9 as compared with the Budget estimate. The deficit was marked under the heads of "house-rate" and "fines." The decrease under heading "house-rate" was owing to the exemption of several of the houses which had fallen out of occupancy. I believe there is an error in the Chairman's report, as no house in a municipality can be entirely exempted on account of vacancy, the maximum remission provided in Act II (B. C.) of 1868, being one half of the rate. I have accordingly asked for an explanation. The collections under the heading "miscellaneous" exceed the budget estimate by Rs. 552. This is owing to the large collections of rent on account of govollagar, i.e., places in the town where dead animals are deposited.

3. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 14,782-8-3, or Rs. 2,318-7-9 less than the amount estimated. The chief saving had been under the heading "local improvement," in which Rs. 866-9-3 only were expended out of Rs. 3,500 estimated. This is on account of

many of the works estimated not having been completed during the year.

The statement of collections shews a balance of Rs. 693-5-9 remaining unrecovered at the close of the year, against Rs. 296-13-3 remaining outstanding at the close of the previous year.

No. 29, dated Midnapore, the 6th July 1874.

From-H. L. HARRISON, Esq., Magte., and Chairman of the Midnapore Municipality, To-The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I mave the honor to submit the administration report of the Midnapore Municipality for 1873-74.

There were 12 Municipal Commissioners, six Europeans and six Natives, at the beginning of the year under review, as named below.

Es OFFICIO.

Mr. H. L. Harrison, Magistrate and Chairman.

W. P. Davis, C. P. Macaulay, District Superintendents. " W. P. Davis,

Colonel Swayne, Executive Engineer. Dr. R. G. Mathew, Civil Surgeon.

ORDINARY.

Mr. W. B. Oldham,

Mr. W. Cochran,

James Kimber, Member.

Baboo Nobin Chunder Banerjee, Member.

Romanath Roquitte, ditto. Okhil Chunder Dutt, ditto.

Jumeniov Mullick, ditto. Moulvie Khoyrat Alli, ditto. Moonshi Mahomed Jan. ditto.

Mr. Macaulay only succeeded Mr. Davis on 7th July : Mr. Cochran was not appointed till Mr. Oldham had left, hence, though the number was 14 in all, it never exceeded 12 at any one

Nineteen general meetings of the commissioners were called during the year. This. it is true, is less than the number required by law, but even as it was, there was no quorum

on eleven occasions, and additional meetings were quite unneeded.

As has often been reported, the number of commissioners is too small. The ex-officio members cannot be relied on for constant attendance, especially in the cold weather. The ordinary members are only eight in number, and though one of them, the Vice-Chairman, is pretty regular in attendance, another, Mr. Kimber, ordinarily cannot spare time to attend, and hence success in obtaining a quorum depends on the regularity of the remaining six native commissioners. Of these, two, Baboos Romanath Roquitte and Okhil Chunder Dutt, were incapacitated for attending to their duty during the greater part of the year, and the former has died since the close of the year.

Many efforts were made to obtain an increase of the ordinary members to 15, so that five may vacate every year, but owing to technical difficulties arising from the working of the new Act (No. II of 1873), the appointments were not made till after the close of the year. It may be hoped that during the current year the meetings will be much better attended.

3. The following statement shews the actual income under the several heads as compared with the budget estimate.

	(Antender			Budget.		Actual receipts.	Excess.	Deficit.
				Rs. A.	P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P
House rate			3 77 74	11,000 0	0	10,690 13 3		309 2 1
Land rate	***			800 0	0	672 6 9		127 9
Wheel tar			100.5	1.000 0	0	970 14 0	******	29 2
Fines				500 0	0	180 6 6	*	319 9
Pound				900 0	0	873 14 9	******	26 1
icense fees	10.0	200		100 0	0	112 0 0	12 0 0	
ees on processes	16.15		***			106 8 0	106 8 0	P1771 2 130 - 32
Cart fees		***		1,000 0	0	687 0 0		313 0
Miscellaneous	***			300 0		859 12 0	552 12 0	
art a deliberation and a second			0.52538333	15,600 0	0.0A3	15,146 11 3		1,124 8

4. House Rate.—The total demand on this account for the year was Rs. 11,146-4-3, to which must be added arrears outstanding from last year, Rs. 296-13-3; of this Rs. 10,690-13-3 has been collected and Rs. 220-13-3 has been remitted. There is, consequently, a balance of Rs. 531-7. The decrease as compared with last year is owing to several houses, fallen out of occupancy, having been exempted after due inquiry. The balance not collected is a high one. The ratepayers have been rather backward in paying and the tax collector somewhat remiss.

The last part of the year has also been a season of some scarcity even here, and that may have had something to do with the large arrear.

5. Land Rate .- The actual demand of land rate was Rs. 683-9-0, which with the arrear of last year, Rs. 53-4-0, amounts altogether to Rs. 736-13-0. Of this sum Rs. 672-6-9 was collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 64-6-3. The same sum was collected on this account last year. In neither year was the budget estimate reached, but it is evident that the estimate was erroneous, being in excess of the actual demand.

Wheel Tax .- There is little to remark on this head. The budget estimate and the

actual demand closely approximated, and a balance of Rs. 15 only was over (see Statement B).

7. Fines.—There is a considerable difference between the budget estimate and the actual realization, Rs. 180-6-6, as fewer cases were brought and fewer convictions obtained than in 1872-73.

8. Pounds.—The receipts under this head for this year, Rs. 873-14-9, exceed those on same account for last year, Rs. 786-4-0; but are somewhat below the budget estimate. There are no arrears. The police impounded 240 cattle; municipal servants none, and private individuals 4,028. This shews a satisfactory working of the pounds.

9. Fees under Section 77.—License fees imposed under this section exceed the budget estimate (Rs. 100), being Rs. 112, but have fallen short of last year by Rs. 13. Nineteen licenses were issued (see Statement B). There are no arrears.

10. Warrant Fees. 274 warrants were issued for the realization of rates, the fees amounting to Rs. 90-4-0, or with arrear of last year, Rs. 135-12-0. Rs. 106-8-0 have been realised; the balance is for unexecuted warrants.

11. Hackery Registration Fees .- The sum realised under this head, Rs. 687, falls far short of the budget estimate, Rs. 1,000, and of the collection of last year, Rs. 988. The carters are very ready to evade payments, and it is not easy to detect them. The Municipal Benches also are disposed to deal leniently with these offences, two annas being the usual fine imposed: this is disposed to the face of the evasion and trickery practised by cart owners. There are no arrears. Of course special attention will be paid to this breach of municipal law during the

12. Miscellancous.—The collection, Rs. 852-12, under this head, on the other hand, far exceed the budget estimate and the collections of last year, Rs. 529-10-6. This is due chiefly to large collections on account of gowbaghur, i.e., dead animals are deposited at certain places in the town, for which (and for the use of skins, &c.,) a rent of Rs. 231 is paid.

other items are-

		Rs.	. A.	P.	
	Sale proceeds of trees	43	14	0	
	Payments on account of Julkur	153	8	0	
	Payments on account of ferry, Nuzurgunge	90	0	0	
	Fees for burial grounds	4	0	θ	
	Sweeper's pay, refunded by the owner of Shib bazar	48	0	0	
	Paid by Executive Engineer for fire engine	50	0	0	
	Refund of advance and coolies' pay by overseer and mohurir	160	5	3	
	Refund of excess costs in suit brought by farmer of N. Ferry	12	0	9	
	Refund from Fouzdaree office for platforms used in Mu-				
	nicipal Benches	60	0	0	
*	Total	852	12	0	

Incidence of taxation (see Statement D) Rs. 0-7-9. The percentage of the house rate on the annual value of the houses cannot be accurately given, say about Rs. 44.

13. Expenditure.-The expenditure of the year amounted to Rs. 14,782-8-3, and is specified as follows :-

	Budge	t.		Actua	ıl.		Savin	g.		Exces	s.	
a sure and the sure of the sur	Rs. As.	F		Rs. As	. :	P.	Rs. As	. 1	P.	Rs. As	1	P.
Expenses of collection	998	0	0	952		5	45	0	7			
General charges	769	0	0	538			230	5	9	*****		
Roads		0	0	2,843					- 1	43	15	1
Conservancy	2,810	0	0	2,548	4	10	261	11	2	*****		
Police	6,104	0	0	6,004	0	0	100	0	0	*****		
Local improvements	9 500	0	0	866	9	3	2,633	6	9			
Miscellaneous	120	0	0	1,028	1	5				908	1	5
To expense of the second secon	17,101	0	0	14.782	8	3	3,270	8	3	952	0	6

14. Expenses of Collection .- Under the first head there has been a small saving, but under

the second a considerable one, the expense having been less than expected.

15. Roads.—There has been a larger expenditure on roads than were apparently expected. Five first-class roads, two second-class roads, and six third-class roads, have been thoroughly repaired and metalled to a length of 1,092 cubic yards laid down, the width varying from nine to 15 feet. One large bridge at Keranitollah has been constructed, and a good deal of petty repairs done.

16. Conservancy.—There was a good deal saved under the next head. The present establishment consists of an overseer, two chuprassees, one sirdar, 30 coolies, and seven

17. Police.—The saving under the head of Police is small. It was owing to sick leave and leave without pay having been granted to certain of the police. The police force consists of four head constables, four second-grade constables, 50 fourth-grade constables, and 20 fifth-grade constables. They are distributed in four Pharees—Khas Pharee, Notoon Bazar, Patna Bazar, and Hobipore.

18. Local Improvements.-Under the head of local improvements several works have been in progress:—Under the head of was made at a cost of Rs. 117-4-9; (2) a retaining wall of a tank in Meah Bazar was also made at an expense of Rs. 289; (3) the Dariband khall, running through the town, which has for years been a deposit for filth of all kinds, in fact an open sewer, has been excuvated and embanked and a pathway made along each side. In two convenient places it enlarges out into tanks and thereby improves the water supply. Up to 31st March only Rs. 380-10-3 was paid, but something for work done was owing. The work has been now done, and at a total expense of Rs. 1,566-8-5. (4) Under this head is also shewn an expenditure of Rs. 50 for a survey of the river bank, which now forms the port of the town. The municipality were led to expect by the Lieutenant-Governor, when he visited Midnapore, that they would be allowed to take up this land and construct warehouses and landing places, receiving dues to be sanctioned by Government. When the project was ripe for approval, however, and the survey had been completed, the Government changed its views and declined to sanction the project.

19. Miscellancous.—Under this head there has been a very large excess expenditure, the items being — to Pierce Charitable Dispensary, Rs. 549-12-0; to pension of Ram Chunder Dariband khall, running through the town, which has for years been a deposit for filth of all

the items being, -to Pierce Charitable Dispensary, Rs. 549-12-0; to pension of Ram Chunder Chuckerbutty and Shaik Maghoo, Rs. 36-6-0; to purchase of tin tickets, Rs. 34-6-0; to purchase of lanterns, Rs. 32-0-0; to rent of municipal land, Rs. 75-7-2; to law charges, Rs. 57-1-0; but the excess over budget estimate of collection helps to balance the large expenditure.

20. At a meeting held this year, Rs. 100 was voted to be given to vernacular schools. and Rs. 500 to the Charitable Dispensary, these sums to be paid from budget of expenditure

for 1874-75.

21. Of the resolutions passed during the year under review the most important were-(1) to take over the management of the Pierce Charitable Dispensary and guarantee its deficiency in income; (2) to devote certain tanks to be used for drinking purposes only; (8) to reclaim the management of the Library Tank, though not its income, from the Library committee; (4) to declare the line from Colonel Golla to Soojagunge a highway under second part of bye law XVIII, to lessen the danger to house property from fire.

22. Lawsuit .- There was one lawsuit during the year with the farmer of Nuzurgunge Ferry, who sued to recover his deposit when he relinquished the ferry. The suit was for a small amount, Rs. 77-8, and was partly lost. The municipality had to pay Rs. 25-13. There

does not seem to have been any good reason to appeal.

23. Assessment.—Baboo Okhil Chunder Dutt, Baboo Jumenjoy Mullick, Moonshi Mahomed Jan, and Moulvie Khoyrat Alli, revised the assessment, for the most part making new assessments only in the case of new houses. There were 36 objections submitted, but

new assessments only in the case of new houses. There were 36 objections submitted, but they were successful to amount of Rs. 6 only, Rs. 223 was newly assessed on new houses.

24. Prosecutions.—150 persons were prosecuted, 53 of whom were discharged. In 1872-73, 426 persons were prosecuted and 193 let off. This statement will shew the prosecutions by overseer and police under the various penal sections of the Act :-

				Δ	TIII TO	OF 186	4.						ByE-	LAW.			
	Section 35.	Section 56.	Section 72.	Section 66.	Section 67.	Section 71.	Section 59.	Section 77.	Section 43.	Section 70.	Section 18.	Section 33.	Section 22.	Section 23.	Section 29.	Section 35.	TOTAL
Police Overseer		19	8	12	9	- 8 	1 11	5 8	2		1	2	5 5		19		78 87
Total	1	20	8	19	9	8	12	13	2	1	2	2	10	1	15	(2	n

The falling off is due to the change in the Vice-Chairman. Mr. Hopkins was in favor of much more active measures in conservancy and allied questions than Mr. Oldham, and hence prosecutions under his management were much more frequent. On the report of the municipal overseer, 77 notices, issued against 185 persons, in case of 91 persons, sufficiently speedy attention was paid; in 10, cases were pending at the end of the year; on police reports, 27 notices were issued against 32 persons. Six summonses only had subsequently to issue for disobedience, and two cases were pending at the end of the year. These cases went before the Muncipal Benches. Statement C. will shew the attendance of the Commissioners at these Benches.

25. Charitable Dispensary .- This institution is superintended by the Civil Surgeon, assisted by a committee of European and Native gentlemen. As already stated, its management

has, so far as finances are concerned, passed into the hands of the municipality.

26. Vital Statistics.—The police collect these statistics and they are compiled in the Civil Surgeon's office. The cost is Rs. 60. The reports are defective, but as the whole Rs. 500 allotted to this district by Government were assigned to Bogree, and as the municipality were unwilling to expend more money, a more thorough system could not be adopted. Sanction to expend the savings from Bogree grant (Rs. 176) in the Midnapore town has been received for the current year.

27. The Vice-Chairman reports that he has found the municipal clerks and servants

working fairly.

Record of altendance of Commissioners at General Meetings in the year 1873-74. APPENDIX A.

Total	00	13			24	5	8	9	7	•	15	99	16	1-	68
S4th March.		:	p	:		e	et	et	đ	đ	ф	4	d	ф	
7th March.	ø	þ			ø	а	В	ni	8	ď	8	8	ď	et	
16th February.	et	ф	:	1		d	n	8	в	6	d	n	ф	d	
29th January.	e	В	1	i	et.	а	et	d	8	ď	d	e	· e	ď	
13th January.	æ		:	:	es	et	8	ď	ď	d	æ	et	d	ಪ	- 3
23rd December.	ф	Д	:	:	6	а	Д	et	et	et	Ь	ø	а	д	
9th December.		р	*:	:	es	ಜೆ	et	8	8	et	р	et	р	es	7/19
6th Мочетрег.	م	d	:	:	e	e	es	d	d	15	6	B	ф	e	
17th October.	Д	ď	;	:	8	æ	et.	et	B	đ	d	a	d	в	
12th September.	d	р	:	:	ď	e	æ	æ	6	e	ď	et	ф	а	
27th August.			1	:	et	e	et	e		в	d	8	Ь	, st	4.0
13th August.	et	d	:	:	d	et	e	d	ф	8	d	B	d	d	
16th July.	d	d	i	:	et	6	Д	8	d	8	ф	6	e	Ь	
.Ylut bag.	ď	, д	:	:	:	Ъ	8	d	10	a	d	eţ	ф	ь	
18th June.	6		;		:	æ	æ	ď	8	8	ф	45	d	d	1
4th June.	Ь	Ь	ī	:	:	d	đ	æ	d	4	Ь	B	ď	ď	
21st May.	æ	8	:	·i	:	ď	d	13	р	B	et	Ь	d	æ	•
7th May.	Д	æ	:	;	1	et	æ	ď	d	es	d	8	g.	8	
Shrd April.	a	ď	ı	:		d	р	р	Ь	et	Ь	d	Ь	ď	
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		i		hs.)	('sq	:	:	:		•	1	:	:	:	
	:	:		mon	mont	i	:	i	ioner	:	:	:	:	:	
Names of Commissioners				three	for 9				miss	ioner	ner	ioner	er	. 1	
missic				(for	ner (ioner	Con	nmiss	nissio	nmiss	ssion	sioner	
Count	nen	hair	ditto	ioner	issio	ission	ssion	missi	erjee,	Con	Comm	Con	mmi	omiss	
Jo of	hairn	ice-C	P	missi	Jomm'	ommi	mmi	Com	Ban	uitte,	iek,	Dutt	m, Co	Con	
ame	on, C	D, V	an,	Com	lay, C	er, C	w, Co	зупе,	mder	Roq	Mull	nder	ed Ja	Alli	
4	arrise)ldha	ochr	avis,	acan	Kimb	ather	Sw	Chu	math	njoy	Chu	hom	oyrat	
	H. L. Harrison, Chairman	W. B. Oldham, Vice-Chairman	A. W. Cochran,	W. P. Davis, Commissioner (for three months,)	C. P. Macaulay, Commissioner (for 9 months,)	James Kimber, Commissioner	R. G. Mathew, Commissioner	J. D.	Nobin	Romanath Roquitte, Commissioner	Jumenjoy Mullick, Commissioner	Okhil Chunder Dutt, Commissioner	bi Ms	e Kh	
	fr. H.	, W	, A.	W ,	, C.	, Ja	Dr. B.	LtCol. J. D. Swayne, Commissioner	Baboo Nobin Chunder Banerjee, Commissioner	•	a	•	Moonshi Mahomed Jan, Commissioner	Moulvie Khoyrat Alli, Commissioner	*

A, W. COCHRAN, Fice-Chairman.

APPENDIX B.

Statement showing the demands, collections, remissions, and balances of the House Rates, & of the Midnapore Municipality for the year 1873-74.

PARTICULARS.	Bala			Dema the y		f	Tot	aL		Collec	tion.		Remission	8.	Bala	nces		REMARKS
	Rs.	Α.	P.	Rs	. A.	P.	Rs	Å.	P.	Rs.	Α.	P.	Rs. A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
House rate	296	13	3	11.146	4	3	11,443	1	6	10,690	13	3	220 13	3	531	7	0	
. Land rate	53	4	0	683	9	0	736	13	0	672	6	9			64	6	3	
. Wheel tax	24	12	0	967	8	0	992	4	0	970	14	0	5 10	0	15	12	0	
. Warrant fees	45	8	0	90	4	0	135	12	0	106	8	0	13 12	0	15	8	0	
. Cart fees				687	0	0	687	0	0	687	0	0	******	1	***		723	
. Fines	47	8	0	199	3	0	246	11	0		6	6			66	4	6	
. License fees			- 1	112	0	0	112	0	0	112	0	0	******		***		743	
Pound collection.				873	14	9	873	14	9	873	14	9						
Miscellaneous				852	12	0	852	12	0	852	12	0			***	•••		
Total	467	13	3	15,612	7	0	16,080	4	3	15,146	11	3	240 3	8	693	5	9	

A. W. COCHBAN, Vice-Chairman.

APPENDIX C.

Record of attendance of Commissioners to try breaches of Conservancy Laws for the year 1873-74.

					NUMBER OF	ATTENDANCE			
Names of Commit	ssioners.	ind!	Wa I	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Total.	REMARKS
V V Visiter Con	omission								
fr. James Kimber, Con W. P. Davis,	ditto		****					*****	Y 1991
C. P. Macaulay,	ditto	***						*** ***	
	ditto		***	******					
or. R. G. Mathew, jeutCol. J. Swayne,	ditto	***	***					******	137534656
		***	***	0		0		**	
aboo Okhilchunder Dutt,	ditto	***	***	2		market and the street	0	-	
" Nobinchunder Banerji,		***	***	******		1		0	
Romanauth Roquitte,	ditto	***	***	******	110 111 (111)	1	1	2	A Continue of
Jumenjoy Mullick,	ditto	***	***	1	2	1	- 8	7	AUTHOR
Joonshee Mahomed Jan,	ditto	***		1		4	4	14	1 7 67 338
Moulvie Khoyrat Alli	ditto	***	***	1	3	1	1	6	1

A. W. COCHRAN, Vice-Chairman.

STATEMENT D.

Annual return of Local Funds of the Midnapore Municipality for the year 1873-74. DISTRICT MIDNAPORE.

	(Europeans	***	***	***			6
IEMBERS	Natives Officials			***			6
AEMBERS	···) Officials	***	•••		•••		6
	(Non-officials	•••	•••		•••		6
				Total			12
							_
N	umber of sittings hel	d during	the year 19).			
	(Hindoos			•••		23,6	175
Deper amon	Mahomedans	***	***		***		94
FOPULATION	" Christians						193
	Alindoos Mahomedans Christians Other races						155
				Total		31,2	217
					Re	Α.	P
В	alance at the close of	the prece	eding year		3,119		0
	(House tax				11,363	4	0
	Wheel tax				1,639		0
	Tax on animals			ALC: U	18	0	0
INCOME	Cattle pound				873	14	9
	Fees and proces				218	8	0
	Fines levied un				180	6	6
	Other sources				852	12	0
			Total		15,146		3

Incom	nce of municipal dation e of the past year ge income of three		•••	·	Rs. 0 15,717 14,342	7 11	6775593	
		The large with						
1	Police				6,004	0	0	
Web 15 185.75	Conservancy	***	****		2,548		10	
XPENDITURE	Establishments				1,491		8	
ALEMDITURE)	Roads				2,466	2	0	
	Building				785	0	1	A.
- 1	Works of public	utility		***	1,487	7	8	
		9	Cotal		14,782	8	3	箱
Balanc	e in hand at the c	lose of the	year		3,483	13	()	

A. W. COCHRAN, Vice-Chairman.

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE MUNICIPA-LITIES IN THE CHITTAGONG DIVISION DURING 1873-74.

No. 275, G.M., dated Chittagong, the 15th July 1874.

From-R. L. Mangles, Esq., Officiating Commissioner of the Chittagong Division, To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit copies of the annual administration reports of the municipalities of this division, constituted under Act III of 1864, (B. C.), for publication in the Gazette, as directed in the Government circular No. 27, of the 16th August 1873.

2. In this division there are two municipalities, constituted under the aforesaid Act, viz., the municipalities for the towns of Chittagong and Comilla. In the town of Noakholly and at the head-quarters of the sub-divisions of Brahmunberiah and Cox's Bazar, situated respectively in the Tipperah and Chittagong districts, town corporations have been constituted

under the provisions of Act VI of 1868 (B.C.).

Assessments .- Commillah .- As regards the system of taxation prescribed by Act III of 1864 (B. C.), it is quite clear that the assessments in the Comilla Municipality are not and never have been carried out in strict accordance with the requirements of that Act, inasmuch as it is stated that these assessments have been made, not as a rate on the value of houses, but according to the circumstances and property to be protected of the persons liable to assessment; or in other words, in accordance with the provisions of Act VI (B. C.) of 1868. This matter, I observe, has been already brought to the notice of Government by my predecessor, Mr. Fowle, in his report No. 596, dated the 22nd October 1873, wherein he pointed out the irregularity which existed of following the provisions of an Act which had not been introduced, and recommended that the illegality should be at once rectified, with a retrospective effect, to avoid complications which might otherwise arise. No Government orders appear to have been received on Mr. Fowle's recommendation.

4. I fully concur with the views expressed on this subject by Mr. Fowle and the present and former Magistrate of Tipperah, and strongly recommend that Act VI of 1868 be declared to be in force in Comillah, in supersession of Act III of 1864, which is clearly unsuited

to the existing circumstances of the town.

5. At present, owing to the exorbitant demands made by the Rajah of Hill Tipperah. the proprietor of the soil, but few persons are either willing or in a position to take long leas of building sites for the erection of masonry houses. The consequence is that the so-called town consists for the most part of a collection of mere mat and bamboo houses, and even these, owing to the fear of fire, are of a cheap and temporary character only. In short, as noted by the Magistrate, 19 houses in every 20 are mere huts. These in no way indicate the actual position and means of their occupants, for there is little to choose between the huts of comparatively well-to-do shop keepers or wealthy money lenders, and those of poor widows or needy sweepers. The rateable value of all would be much the same and, if even all were assessed at the maximum rate allowed under Act III of 1864, the income would be altogether insufficient to meet the necessary requirements.

The existing assessments apparently have not been revised for some years, and though from time to time some appeals have been lodged locally, pointing out that the system of assessment was opposed to the law, no references have ever been made to this office as against the repeated rejection of all such appeals. I think, therefore, that it may be held that the present system works well. There is, as noticed by the former Magistrate, a rough but undeniable justice in it, which even the common people can appreciate. Nothing now remains but to

legalize the existing system.

7. Chittagong.—In Chittagong the requirements of Act III of 1864 have been strictly carried out, and the rates have been assessed with reference to the value of the houses. But apparently this system is not popular with the community in general, and though the tax has been raised to the maximum, the receipts are insignificant; far less than they would be if assessments were made in accordance with the provisions of Act VI of 1868, and altogether insufficient to meet the very urgent requirements for proper and efficient conservancy.

8. Though the people for the most part live in mat and bamboo houses, owing to the force of habit and the fact that bamboos are very cheap, and that really very excellent houses can be made with them, there is much wealth and valuable property in the town, and the people generally are far better off, I think I may safely say, than in any other mofussil town in Bengal. But while money is plentiful, food cheap, and wages high, it is undeniable that Chittagong is at the same time, perhaps, the most unhealthy town of the Province.

9. For the above reasons, I would strongly urge, as proposed by the Magistrate, and as already recommended by my predecessor, Mr. Fowle, the expediency of extending Act VI of 1868 to the town, as being more applicable in every way to its present condition and require-

ments than Act III of 1864.

10. The subjoined statement shews the income of the two municipalities as derived from the taxation on houses alone and the incidence of such taxation per head of population, after excluding the tax levied on account of public buildings.

	1		2	8	4	6	6
Name of th	he Municip	alities.	Number of population.	Actual income on account of house tax levied during the year under report.	Incidence of taxation per head according to income as shewn in column 3,	Incidence of taxation per head after ex- cluding tax on pub- lic buildings.	REMARKS.
				Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Chittagong	***		20,604	10,461 10 10	0 8 1	0 6 5	
Comillah			12,948	9,568 0 0	0 11 94	0 10 34	

as exhibited in the above statement have been already explained. At first sight, looking to the general incidence of municipal taxation in all the towns throughout Bengal, which is somewhat under six annas per head, it would seem that the rate of taxation in the town of Comillah is inordinately high and must be oppressive. But it must be remembered that the average above quoted includes the figures for Behar and other parts of Bengal where the people are, for the most part, very poor; whereas there are many wealthy people living in the town of Comillah, and the wages of labor in these eastern districts are at least twice as high as they are in most other parts of the Province. Added to this, there is the fact that Mr. Park, the former Magistrate of Tipperah, and Mr. Fowle, the Judge, a long resident, have both confidently asserted that the existing tax has been fairly assessed and has not been found to be oppressive.

12. If this really is the case, and I see no good reason to question it, fair data are afforded by the above statement of the large increase of income which might be realized in Chittagong, which is a far wealthier and more populous town than Comillah, if assessments

were made under the provisions of Act VI of 1868.

13. The Municipalities under Act VI of 1868 .- I now proceed to notice the system of taxation followed in the Noakholly. Amount of house tax realized during the year. the Brahmunberiah, and the Population. Name of the Municipalities. Cox's Bazar Municipalities. All these corporations have been Rs. As. P. constituted under Act VI of 2,379 7 6 3,626 0 0 1,845 13 6 Noakholly 1868 (B.C.). The figures as per eriah margin shew the population and tax realized in each during

the year under review.

14. The following statement exhibits the incidence of taxation per head of population in the town corporations mentioned above, after excluding the tax levied on public buildings.

			1		2				3		
	Name	e of the M	unicipalitie	c.	Incidence of tax head on the actu- tax collecti	al house	er e	Incidence head aft tax on	e of tax cer exclu public b	ding	the
					Rs.	As. P.	T		Rs.	As.	P.
Noakholly	***	100			 0	8 0			0	6	0
Brahmunberish	4	17 m		Barrery.	 0	4 8			0	4	7
Cox's Bazar	***				 0	6 3	100		0	6	7

15. Noakholly .- In Noakholly a re-assessment was made during the year, and this appears to have been made impartially, as no appeals whatever have been preferred against the proceedings of the assessors. Noakholly is, no doubt, a poor town as compared with either Chittagong ings of the assessors. or Comillah, but for Eastern Bengal, where the circumstances of the people are exceptionally good, as already noticed, I think the amount of the total assessments is too small. Funds are much required at Noakholly for carrying out proper conservancy arrangements. this want but little has been hitherto done in the way of improvement, and I think therefore, that the assessments should be shortly revised, as well as extended, so as to include some at least of the very large proportion of the inhabitants who have been totally exempted. It appears to me that, however small the contributions may be, all should be called upon to pay their quota, and that only the really indigent, a very small class in these districts of cheap food and high wages, should be totally exempted.

16. The Magistrate of Noakholly reports that 818 assessments were made, the inci-

dence of which was as follows :-

On		houses			1 to 4 annas a month.
,,	57	, ,		***	4 to 8 ,, ,,
**	16 13	33	***	***	8 to 12 ,, ,,
99		*,		***	12 annas to 1 rupee.
59	18	**	***		1 rupee to Re. 1-8 ,,
**	4	99	***	***	1-8 to 2 rupees.
**	12	19	***	***	Above 2 rupees.

17. It appears, also, that of the total number of 1,126 houses, 283 were exempted from taxation owing to the poverty of the inmates, and 25 were exempted as mosques and temples. Of the total population of the municipality, viz., 4,752, only 818 were assessed. Sixty per cent, of the tax is said to fall on owners and occupiers of land, 23 per cent, on shopkeepers, 8 per cent. on amlahs of the courts and offices, 5 per cent. on mooktiars and pleaders, and 1 per cent. on public buildings.

Brahmunberiah .- The municipality of Brahmunberiah includes 17 hamlets, containing 2,889 houses, with a population of 12,364 souls. The assessment, which had been first made

in April 1870, was, under section 54, continued for the three succeeding years.

19. It appears that Rs. 3,626 were collected on account of house tax during the year under review, against Rs. 3,657-7-3 during the previous year, giving an average of Rs. 1-4 only for each holding per annum. The rates vary from Rs. 6 to one anna per mensem, according to the value of the property to be protected.

20. As regards the incidence of taxation. The average rate of Re. 1-4 a year, as above mentioned, or I anna 8 pie a month, is no doubt very light on the inhabitants, who, it is to be observed, are exempted from the operation of the Road Cess Act; and as a proof of this, it is reported that not a single case of attachment and sale occurred during the year for the

realization of the tax.

21. Cox's Bazar. - In the municipality of Cox's Bazar, it is stated that the assessments are made through the members of the committee, and that none of the members like the work. The Magistrate, Mr. Anderson, has moreover submitted a very curt report, which gives little or no information. As there is a large balance of money in hand, Mr. Anderson proposes to hold a fresh assessment during the ensuing year and to reduce the present assessments by several hundreds of rupees. But it appears to me that the incidence of the taxation is already very light, and more especially when it is remembered that the Government is the chief landlord and that the tenants have to pay no ground rent. The requirements, also, of the station, if properly looked after, must be far greater than can be met from the small income at present realized.

22. Other Sources of Income. - Irrespective of the tax on houses in Chittagong and the tax on the means and incomes of their proprietors in Comillah, these municipalities derive some income from ferries, pounds, and a few other miscellaneous sources. The chief income from these sources in both municipalities is derived from pounds, and in both municipalities it has been determined to increase the present number, as existing arrangements have been found to be insufficient. The municipalities of Noakholly, Brahmunberiah, and Cox's Bazar

have no receipts other than that derived from the assessments already noticed.

23. Total Income and Expenditure.-The total income of the Comillah Municipality for the past year, including the balance of the previous year, amounted to Rs. 11,458. The total income of the Chittagong Municipality, exclusive of the Government grant of Rs. 30,000, which has been given once for all, amounted to Rs. 18,260, and the expenditure to Rs. 20,738.

24. The income of the Noakholly Municipality amounted to Rs. 2,385, and the expenditure to Rs. 2,078. The income of the Brahmunberiah Municipality and that of Cox's Bazar amounted to Rs. 3,626 and Rs. 1,851 respectively, and the expenditure to Rs. 4,474 and

Rs. 1,338 repectively.

25. Expenditure.-The annexed statement exhibits the amounts spent by each municipality on police, conservancy, roads and establishment, and the percentage of such expenditure as compared with the total annual income, and I will now proceed to review these figures

separately in the case of each municipality.

26. Chittagong.—It appears to me that the sum of Rs. 6,113, which is annually spent by the Chittagong Municipality for the maintenance of the police, or 33 per cent of the income, is too large. It is represented that of the above amount a sum of Rs. 1,200 represents the pay of an European constable engaged to keep order amongst the sailors visiting the port; that as the municipality receives no contributions from the Port Fund, the appointment of the European constable is open to criticism, and that the municipality derives but little

benefit from the service of this constable and can'ill afford his pay

27. It appears to me, however, that the municipality is fairly debitable with the pay of this officer as the pay of a second European constable is already defrayed from the Port Fund. But even if the pay of the European constable is excluded, it is to be observed that the charges are considerably more than twice as large as they are for the town of Comillah, and I fail to see any sufficient reasons for so large a difference in the expenditure under this head The chairman of the municipality will be called upon to make ief the two municipalities. some reductions in the number of the existing force of Native policemen.

28. Notwithstanding the notorious unhealthiness of the town of Chittagong and the urgent necessity which exists for sanitary improvements, it is unsatisfactory to find that only Rs. 813, or 4 per cent. only of the income, was spent on conservancy. During the year under review matters apparently have been left in statu quo; nothing having been done beyond

opening out one additional latrine.

29. As regards proper conservancy and sanitary precautions, it appears to me that the backward condition. Some of the first and most obvious measures for town is still in a very improving the general health of the community have not been hitherto carried out, and it is not a matter of surprise, therefore, that cholera has become endemic and is nearly always present. To what extent sanitary matters have been neglected may be gathered from the following precis of a letter lately addressed to the commissioners of the municipality by my predecessor, Mr. Cockerell.

30. With reference to the fact that the town is at present full of small foul tanks from which a large portion of the poor inhabitants draw their supply of drinking water, Mr. Cockerell proposed that systematic arrangements should be made to set apart in each quarter of the town a good tank for drinking purposes and that as many of the small tanks as possible should be filled up. He further remarked, that as the flow of the tide in and out of the khals which run through the town must be unhealthy, the opinion of some experienced sanitary officer should be obtained on the subject, and if considered advisable,

sluice gates should be erected on the tidal khals.

He was also of opinion that the town would be materially improved by letting in air and light, and by the removal of a great deal of thick jungle growing throughout the lower portions of the town, and with the object of promoting the free circulation of fresh air, suggested that broad belts should be cut through from one end of the town to the other and trees within these limits removed. In addition to the proposals mentioned above, Mr. Cockerell also suggested that the existing practice of interment within the limits of the more densely populated portions of the town should be put a stop to.

31. Mr. Clay, the chairman, states that the principal objection to carrying out the numerous schemes that have been suggested for the sanitary improvement of the town, is the inadequacy of the funds at the disposal of the municipality, and observes that unless Government is prepared to sanction a large special grant, there will be no great improvement

in this respect.

32. But it is to be observed, that looking to the large grant of Rs. 30,000 lately accorded by the Government, the municipal commissioners have at present, and have had for some time back, ample funds at their disposal to enable them to make a commencement in carrying out all obvious improvements, such as cleaning drains, filling up foul cesspools, removing low and rank jungle, and securing a better supply of drinking water than at present exists, in the manner suggested by Mr. Cockerell. I have pointed this out to the chairman, and I have also informed him that I shall be chairman, and I have also informed him that I shall be prepared to receive any well considered and practical scheme which is likely to improve the health of the station and to submit it to Government, if necessary, with the recommenda-

submit it to Government, if necessary, with the recommendation that pecuniary aid be afforded to the municipality in carrying it out, should the undertaking be found to be beyond the means of the municipality.

33. But, as already observed, the local funds can be much improved by the introduction of Act VI of 1868, and it is obviously the duty of the municipality to increase their local funds as far as possible in the first instance and to expend usefully and intelligently the large sums they still have in hand, before applying for Government assistance.

34. The sum of Rs. 9.829, or 53 per cent, of the annual income, spent by the Chittagong Municipality on roads, is, I think, far too large, and I am of opinion that less should be spent under this head for the future, so as to provide for the far more important requirements of conservancy and sanitation,

35. It is true that the total length of the roads to be kept up is very great, and that owing to the hilly character of the ground and the nature of the soil, constant repairs are necessary, but it appears to me that many roads are unnecessarily metalled, and that with a little attention and repairs after very heavy rains, these roads can always be kept in a serviceable state without metalling. The attention of the municipality will be drawn to the

The cost of establishment is, also, I think too large, but I observe that it is noted by the Magistrate that during the current year there will be a saving of Rs. 960 under this qead, owing to the discharge of the road overseer.

37. Comillah.—The expenditure in the Comillah Municipality appears to have been very properly and intelligently laid out. Each department of police, conservancy, and roads appears to have been sufficiently provided for, while a disproportionate amount of the income has not been expended on any one of them. It is specially satisfactory to observe that in the town of Comillah, which may be said to be a perfect sanatarium as compared with Chittagong, and in which the income at the disposal of the Commissioners is far less than it is in Chittagong, no less than Rs. 3,033 were expended on conservancy, or nearly four times as much as was spent in the far larger town of Chittagong. The importance of such matters appears to be properly appreciated in this municipality.

38. Noakholly.—The percentage of expenditure on police in the Noakholly Municipality.

pality appears to be very high, but the total collections are small, and apparently the houses in the municipality are scattered and the area for watch and ward is large. But, I think, comparing the actual outlay with that incurred in Comillah, the present expenditure is higher than it need be. The Magistrate will be addressed on the subject.

39. A fair amount has been spent from the available funds on conservancy, but, as noticed by the Magistrate, the conservancy of the town is still in a very unsatisfactory state. The present condition of the town is thus described by the medical officer. "The drains near the houses of the inhabitants are bordered by privies, and are the repositories of all night soil, which is never removed. During the heavy showers of July and August there is a general washing and overflowing of the town, and this is the only conservancy that does any thing in the way of cleaning it."

40. The Magistrate strongly recommends the entertainment of a good number of mehters, partly paid from the Town Committee's fund and partly by private individuals, with a view to remedy the evils arising from the total neglect of sanitary rules by the residents. As already noticed in para 15, I am of opinion that the Magistrate should reassess the town in

order to provide the necessary funds to carry out all proper sanitary arrangements.

The Magistrate reports that much was done during the year for the repairs and improvement of the pucka roads of the station; but that this work was carried out from the District Road Fund, and that a good deal is still required to be done. The magistrate also mentions that it was proposed to spend most of the municipal balance of last year on the

purchase of a roller, which is badly wanted for the use of the metalled roads.

42. Cox's Bazar.—In Cox's Bazar, looking to the unsatisfactory report submitted, and the small amount expended, and the large amount of balances which have been allowed to accumulate from year to year, viz., nearly Rs. 3,000, it is very evident that but little interest is taken in municipal matters. For conservancy purposes Rs. 80, or only 4 per cent. of the income, was expended. The conservancy arrangements are thus noticed by the sub-

"The conservancy was looked after by a sweeper on six rupees a month, who cleans the bazar, and some petty expense was incurred in clearing jungle. This sweeper is used for cleaning the sub-divisional office, as there is no sweeper for this purpose." The Magistrate district will be called upon to report how the large balance of nearly Rs. 3,000 noticed, can be best expended for the sanitary and general improvement of the town and to submit a full report on the present condition of the town as regards roads and conservancy.

43. Brahmunberia. - In the Brahmunberiah sub-division, I am of opinion that the cost of the police is excessive and should be reduced, as well as that of the establishment. Reductions, I am of opinion, are feasible and the magistrate will be addressed on the subject.

What the present apparently inadequate conservancy arrangements are, does not appear from the report. A special report on this subject will be called for.

Next to the cost of the police, the chief expenditure appears to have been incurred in digging four tanks at a cost of Rs. 825. On the subject of the expenditure, the Deputy Magistrate has written as follows-"Roads and tanks form the bulk of municipal improvement. Any extensive or costly works have never been undertaken and utility is preferred to show and ornament. Small roads through villages, the clearance of jungle, the cutting of drains, &c., have proved very useful and convenient to the people, and as the want of good drinking water tanks was a crying evil in this town, the provision of a goodly number of tanks has been a great boon to them, so that the town, which was 10 years ago no better than a dirty hole, is now become one of the most healthy towns in Bengal."

45. Vital Statistics — Chittagong.—I fear that even now, the figures furnished by the municipalities as regards vital statistics are far from being correct. For 1872-73, the figures farnished for Chittagong showed a death rate of 22.42 per thousand, which was manifestly incorrect. For the past year the death rate is shewn at 33.14. This is a nearer approximation to the real facts, but, I believe, that the rate is really far heavier than this and that accuracy has not yet been attained. As noticed by the Magistrate, cholera prevailed more or less throughout the year in the town and several European sailors succumbed to the disease. During the current year there has been again a severe outbreak of cholera, many deaths have occurred, and two persons among the very limited number of European residents in the station, have been attacked.

46. Comillah.—In the town of Comillah the public health is said to have been good and the recorded deaths shew an average of 25.2 per thousand. The returns of births are

reported to be manifestly incorrect for both the above mentioned municipalities,

47. Noakholly.—The magistrate of Noakholly reports that the year was comparatively a healthy one, as there were fewer severe fever cases and less ordinary sickness than usual. The mortality reported by the police was 27.5 per thousand. The magistrate adds that about half the deaths resulted from fever, or the diseases, such as spleen and dropsy, which follow in its train. Thirty cholera cases were reported, all but two occurred in the cold weather and of these 12 cases proved fatal.

48. Cox's Bazar and Brahmunberia.—In the reports submitted for the municipalities of Cox's Bazar and Brahmunberia, the subject of vital statistics has not been noticed. Attention

will be drawn to the omission.

49. Miscellaneous Expenditure.—As regards expenditure other than that noticed above, it is to be observed that the Chittagong Municipality has contributed Rs. 16 a month in aid of the Dispensary at the Sudder Station from the 1st of January 1874, and that this contribution will be made up to December 1874. The Comillah Municipality has made a grant of Rs. 30 per annum for the purpose of establishing a patshala within the municipal limits, but nothing was contributed towards dispensaries. Rs. 50 were allotted from the town fund of Brahmunberiah to the charitable dispensary at that station. In Noakholly, since the commencement of the current year, the town committee have contributed Rs. 15 per mensem towards the dispensary. In Cox's bazar it appears that no contributions have been made either towards the dispensary or for education.

50. Municipal Meetings, &c.—Chittagong.—There were 18 municipal commissioners in the Chittagong Municipality at the close of the year. Of this number three were ex-officio. Of the remaining members more than half were Government servants. The total number of commissioners were made up of Europeans and Natives, the latter being all Hindoos. I agree with the Magistrate and chairman in thinking that as the town of Chittagong is chiefly

inhabited by Mahomedans, some commissioners should be selected from their body.

51. It is stated that the majority of the commissioners cannot be said to take active and intelligent interest in the affairs of the town. It is also stated, that unless work is actually made over to them they are quite content to leave every thing in the Magistrate's hands. I am of opinion with reference to the above remarks, that it would be advisable to make over different portions of the town to the special care and supervision of the several members, and that in this way some responsibility and special interest may be made to attach to the position of the commissioners.

52. Comillah.—At the commencement of the year 1873-74, there were 16 members of the Comillah Municipality, out of whom, six were Government servants and the rest zemindars or pleaders. During the year, five members left on their being transferred elsewhere, two of the 16 commissioners never attended the meetings at all, and one attended only once.

Here, also, it appears that the majority of the commissioners took but little interest in the matter. The chief cause of apathy among the non-official members in the municipality of Comillah has, I think, been correctly stated by the chairman. He states that when a really working member does any work so as to promote the welfare of the town, his fellow-townsmen consider it an unwarrantable interference on his part with their private property. The orders which are issued from him are generally regarded by them as a pure bit of spite, and he is treated by them thence forward as a private and personal enemy, and that the ordinary run of the municipal commissioners are deterred from doing any active work through dread of this hostility.

53. Brahmunberiah.—The Deputy Magistrate in charge of the sub-division of Brahmunberiah complains of the inaction of the members of the town committee over which he presides, and thinks, that without an official head, the first act of the committee, if left to itself,

would be to abolish the tax altogether.

54. Noakholly and Cox's Bazar.—The chairman of the town committees of Noakholly and Cox's bazar have not made any remarks regarding the manner in which the members have

discharged the duties of their office.

55. Since the above report was written, I have received your Circular No. 29, dated 24th June. Under the instructions now communicated, it will be necessary for me to call for revised figures under the head of establishment, for entry in the new statements prescribed. The statements will, therefore, be submitted as soon as these figures are obtained. I have already recorded my opinion on the subject of sanitation and will, after inquiry, which I am now about to hold, submit a further report if necessary.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE.

Names of Municipalities Chittagong Municipality, Comiliah			An	1011	nt :	spent i	in 1	873	3-74 un	der	th	e head	of		Perc	ente				pend						ml	inco	me
Chittagong Municipality Comillah Cox's Bazar	15.	Pol	ice.		Cons			Road brid			Estal: me:			Total a income exclu	aft	er	P	olie	06.		ons		B	toad	8.	Esta	blislent.	
		600			I											*			611E		1			1	S B			
Chittagong Mun	icipality	T	6,112	14	9	812	11	3	9,829	9	3	2,946	1	11	18,259	3	7	38	7	2	4	7	2	53	13	4	16	2
Comillah		***	1,942	3	3	3,033	18	6	4,451	11	6	1,462	5	8	10,570	12	10	18	5	11	28	11	2	42	1	9	13	3
Cox's Bazar	44		642	4	4	80	0	0	426	2	6	189	4	9	1,850	11	0	34	11	8	4	5	1	23	0	5	10	3 7
Noakholly			1,280	10	10	492	3	В				305	0	0	2,385	8	9	53	11	0	20	10	2	350			12	12 6
Brahmunberiah		***	1,842	3	8	212	0	0	740	0	0	794	10	8	3,626	0	0	50	19	10	5	13	6	20	6	6	21	14 1

No. 39, dated Chittagong, the 20th May 1874.

From J. C. Veasey, Eso., Vice-Chairman of the Chittagong Municipality, To-A. L. Clay, Eso., Offg. Magistrate of Chittagong.

I have the honor to submit the Administration Report of the Chittagong Municipality

for the year ending 31st March 1874.

2. Constitution of the Committee .- At the close of the year the committee consisted of 18 members, of whom three were ex officio, of the remaining 15, eight, or more than half, were in Government employ. The members were equally divided into Europeans and Natives, the latter being in every case Hindoo. Five members will have to retire shortly under the operation of Act II of 1873 (B. C.), and there will then be an opportunity of redressing some of the inequalities shown by the above results. Any increase of the present number would seem to be unadvisable.

3. Attendance &c. of Members .- Ten meetings were called during the year and on three of these occasions no quorum was forthcoming. Several of the members never attended at all, and others again only came once or twice. It follows that the majority cannot be said to take any active or intelligent interest in the affairs of the town. Some few of the members have rendered considerable assistance by inquiring into applications for the remission of tax, but unless work is actually made over to them they are quite content to leave every thing in the

Magistrate's hands.

4. The Act authorising the election of commissioners by the rate-payers and of the vice-chairman by the commissioners, was circulated without eliciting any expression of opinion, and it is perhaps as well that the experiment should not have been tried. Education in Chittagong, has as yet made but little progress, and a large mass of the electors would have

but the faintest idea of what was expected of them.

5. Vital Statistics.—The Civil Surgeon reports a tolerably healthy year, with a death rate of 83:14 per mille as against 22:42 in the year before. This, of course, means an improvement in registration not an increase in mortality, and I think we may consider that nearly every, if not every, death is now reported. There is still room for improvement in the nomenclature of diseases. For instance, out of a total of 683, no fewer than 413 deaths are atributed to fever, but, as Doctor Meadows points out, in the absence of any medical certificate, this cannot very well be remedied. Cholera prevailed more or less throughout the year, and there were several deaths from it amongst the European sailors.

6. The returns of births are so manifestly incorrect that I consider it useless to refer to a. The prejudice against reporting them can be understood, and until the lower classes them. are widely removed from their present condition I do not see how it is to be got rid of. I do

not recommend any recourse to the penal provisions of the law.

7. Conservancy .- One additional latrine, intended more especially for persons attending the Magistrates' cutchery, was opened during the year, but beyond this there was no other change. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 812-11-3, being chiefly pay of mehters and expense of keeping up two carts for the removal of rubbish. It includes too, head money for a large number of dogs, to kill which domes were imported from Dacca. It was hoped that these men might settle down and that the pariah dog nuisance might thus be put a stop to. Unfortunately one of their number died, and the others taking fright refused to remain. An attempt is now being made to get men from Calcutta.

Sanitation .- There are several schemes for diminishing the unhealthiness of Chittagong, but, unfortnuately, they all require a large sum of money. A system of flood gates for the numerous tidal khals running through the place is now under consideration, and the closing of some of the numerous Musalman burying grounds is also attracting attention. Meanwhile such unobtrusive works as cleaning tanks and clearing jungle continue to be carried on as usual.

Education.—There are no payments under this head.
 Medical.—The committee has voted a monthly subscription to the dispensary of

Rs, 16 for one year from January 1st.

11. Police.-The expenditure under this head was Rs. 6,112-14-9, of which Rs. 1,200 represents the pay of a European constable engaged to keep order amongst the sailors visiting the port. As the shipping season begins and ends with the north-east monsoon and the municipality receives no contribution whatever from the Port Funds, this appointment is open to criticism. The municipality certainly derives but little benefit from the money which it can ill afford. The composition of the native force is the same as last year, and calls for no particular remark.

12. Public Works .- These absorbed Rs. 11,363-6, or more than half the total expenditure for the year. Notwithstanding this the roads remain, and will remain, a fruitful source of grumbling. The total length of road to be kept up is very great and the heavy rains cutting up the hilly ground render constant repairs necessary. There is, therefore, at first sight but little to show for the amount spent. The only new work completed during the year was a bridge on the Strand Road, but a considerable length of roadway was remetalled. There will be a saving this year of Rs. 960 under this head owing to the discharge of the overseer.

18. Establishment.—This is on as economical a footing as is consistent with efficiency,

and calls for no special remarks.

14. Receipts .- House-tax. - The total demand for 1873-74, at six per cent upon the estimated annual value, was Rs. 9,561, and of this Rs. 7,185 had been collected up to the end of March, leaving a balance outstanding of Rs. 2,376, a considerable proportion of which has since been realized. There are 4,140 distinct holdings upon the towjih; the same number as in 1872-73, when, however, the demand was 172 less. The average demand is therefore a little under Rs. 2-5 per annum, and it will be gathered from this that the number of large and valuable buildings bears a very small proportion to the total. The trade of the port is on the increase, but the town itself is at a standstill.

15. Incidence per head.—Taking the population as returned by the 1872 census at 26,604, and omitting miscellaneous receipts, such as pound fees, bazar rents, &c., which are not taxation, we find that the incidence per head is a little over seven annas and five pie. The general incidence of municipal taxation in Bengal on all municipal towns, both large and small, is given (pages 367 of the Administration Report for 1872-73) at five annas and ten pie. Chittagong, therefore, is rather over the average, but considering the high rate of wages enjoyed by the labouring classes, I do not think they can have much ground for complaint. mention here, that for the current year the assessment has been raised by one fourth, to 71 per cent., the maximum amount leviable under the Act; and that sanction has also been accorded to a tax upon horses and carriages. These measures were rendered necessary by the acceptance of the Government grant of Rs. 30,000, which was made conditional upon the municipality

doing its utmost in the way of taxation.

16. House Rate versus Income Tax .- There is a decided tendency, not only among the rate payers but amongst the members of the committee, both European and Native, to assume that This tendency, however, only regard should be had to the circumstances of the occupant. acts one way. The well-to-do man living in a thatched shed, is quite as ready to cry out if he thinks it has been assessed beyond its strict value, as the poor man who is living in a house beyond his means. The member to whom the petitions may be sent for inquiry never dreams of being inconsistent when he recommends both cases for reduction upon opposite grounds. Undoubtedly a tax on incomes would bring us in much more than a tax on houses, but the ratepayer cannot complain because he is not allowed the advantages of both systems. He has only to remove to a smaller house or to live outside the town, but if he is told this he thinks that he has been harshly treated. That the house rate in Chittagong causes hardship in but few cases is shown by the fact, that in the year under review arrears for Rs. 69-5-6 only were made over to the police for collection. In some, at least, of these cases recusancy and absenteeism may fairly be taken to have been the cause.

17. Other sources of income. - These comprise the amount paid by ferry lessees, pound collections, rents, fines realized in conservancy cases, fees on distraints under Section 47, and some minor items. I have arranged them in order of importance, the only one calling for any separate notice being pound collections, which brought in Rs. 1,421-1-6. When the herds of stray cattle that throng the roads and impede traffic are taken into account it is obvious that this sum might easily be doubled if organized raids were made by the police, If the result attained were that the owners kept their beasts at home or got rid of them elsewhere, it would well compensate for the loss of income. I have proposed the opening of an additional pound in the North West quarter of the town, and if the police were made to understand that animals found on the roads must be seized, we might hope for some abatement

18. As directed by Government, the accounts of the grant of Rs. 30,000 have been kept separately, and I will submit a supplementary report upon its management.

No. 860, dated Comillah, June 1874.

From-N. S. ALEXANDER, Esq., Magte. and Chairman of the Comillah Municipality, To-The Commissioner of Chittagong.

I HAVE the honor to submit the report on municipalities called for in circular No. 2655

and 27, dated the 25th April 1872 and 16th August 1873 respectively.

2. State of Committee.—My first potice will be of the Comillah municipality, which is governed by Act III, 1864; there were at the commencement of the year 1873-74, 16 commissioners; six were Government officials and the remaining ten, zemindars or pleaders (vakils). The five members, who left during the year, were Messrs. Park and Birch, Baboos Neelmoney Das, Eshan Chunder Gupto, and Uma Charan Das; Baboo Neelmoney Das had acted as vice-chairman till 14th August 1873, when he left the district, and on 6th September following, Mr. Rochfort, who had succeeded Mr. Birch as District Superintendent of Police, was appointed vice-chairman and continued in that office till the end of the year.

3. There were eight ordinary meetings held during the year; no special meeting was called; two of the 16 commissioners never attended a single meeting and one only attended at one; there were only four non-official members at all constant in their attendance, Messrs W. F. Campbell and J. P. DeLauney, Baboos Chundee Charan Banerjea and Ram Doolal Roy; the committee has no really non-official working member except Mr. Campbell.

4. Reasons for non-intervention of non-official commissioners.—I have stated in my annual administration report what I consider to be one of the chief reasons why in Eastern Bengal districts it is so difficult to get native non-official members to stir themselves and give really effective assistance in improving the towns, looking after the roads and conservancy. working member would have in such a town as Comillah to be frequently obliged to be doing acts which would be regarded by his fellow townsmen as unwarrantable interference on his part with their private property. They would look on an order from him to clean a drain, or clear jungle, or any such like order, as a pure bit of spite, and would treat him thence forward as a private and personal enemy, and the ordinary run of our municipal commissioners are, I am sure, quite deterred from doing any active work through dread of this hostility. In his own heart of hearts I do not think any native of these parts sees any real use in conservancy. To incur enmity and take a lot of trouble about such an apparently trivial matter seems to him a game not worth the candles. This is my experience, now a tolerably long one, in out of the way Eastern districts, of the real cause of apathy among our Native commissioners.

5. The vice-chairman recommends that the names of commissioners not doing any work be reported for their being struck off, and that we should endeavour to get good working men in their places, but I confess, I should like to see and know who those same working men are, as the vice-chairman does not himself suggest even who they are to be. The number of persons from among whom municipal commissioners can be selected is very limited and all

such as were at all eligible have already been nominated.

6. Town of Comillah.—Comillah is an exceedingly small town, in fact not much more than a largish village, with, in round numbers, some 13,000 inhabitants. There is one long main street in which there are situated the chief shops and places of business. The number of masonry houses is very small; the cause of this is that the land all belongs to one large proprietor, the Rajah of Hill Tipperah, who has made difficulties about granting building leases such as will induce persons to build. The consequence is that the town of Comillah is one of thatched huts, which gives it a poor appearance and renders risk of fires constantly immignent.

thatched huts, which gives it a poor appearance and renders risk of fires constantly imminent.

7. Act III, 1864, Act VI, 1868.—The introduction of Act III, 1864, into the town of Comillah was in my opinion a mistake, and indeed the principles of that law have never been acted up to. Assessments have not been made on houses as laid down by the Act, for if that had been done, the income derived would have been insufficient to carry on the necessary work. Assessments made some years ago were based more on the incomes or supposed incomes of the occupiers of the premises assessed; in fact; more according to Act VI, 1868, than Act III, 1864, and in my opinion the former Act would be a deal more applicable to Comillah. I have delayed making fresh assessments under Act III, 1864, with the inention of seeing if Act VI, 1868, could not be extended to the town. The town itself is somewhat similar (only smaller) to * Nassirabad, in zillah Mymensingh, to which Act VI, 1868, was extended shortly after its nassing.

after its passing.

8. Here in Comillah under Act III, 1864, we ought only to be able to assess houses and lands within the municipality at a rate not exceeding 7½ per cent. on the maximum annual rental of such, but in a town in which nineteenth-twentieths of the houses are mere huts the income so derived would be very small indeed, and to make up the sum to a sufficient amount assessments were made not on houses but on the incomes of the occupiers. The total income derived is annually Rs. 11,898-9-9, the expenditure is, however nearly on a par with the income, being this year Rs. 11,457-12, so that if we merely got the income which would accrue from a strict observance of Act III, 1864, we should have to give up metalled roads and other expensive works. Act III, 1864, is meant only to be worked in towns really such and not in exaggerated villages like Comillah. I would before this have recommended the introduction of Act VI, 1868, but that Act III, 1864, had been so long in force here, and I did not like to introduce a change until I had had more personal experience of the district and the town, but I am quite prepared to do so now, if it should be considered that a special proposition on the point is necessary.

9. Revision of Assessment.—The existing assessment must be revised at any rate as it was made some years ago, but I would not do so now as a new year has commenced, and I am in hopes that the more workable and more applicable law, VI of 1868, may be deemed to be best for the town. I may observe that appeals have been lodged pointing out that the present mode of assessment in vogue here is not according to the law, but they have been

year after year rejected.

10. Conservancy.—A good deal more has been accomplished in conservancy matters during the year under report than in years preceding, Rs. 857-13 having been spent in addition under this head. During the year, among other works, a latrine was erected near the Judge's Court for the use of the parties attending the Civil Courts; a mehter to attend to it has also been paid from the committee. Besides this, drains have been cleaned, jungles cut, and new drains opened.

11. Constabulary.—An increase of Rs. 40 under the heading of Police has been incurred for repairing and erecting proper section houses for the accommodation of the constables on the various beats. There are now two head constables and 24 constables in the town police force. In addition to their ordinary duties the police are employed in collecting vital statistics.

 Roads.—The length of metalled roads made in the municipality during the year was 5,035 feet; 300 feet also were repaired; the length of unmetalled roads made was 1,550

feet, and five miles of such were repaired during the year.

The above includes one new road (a short cross one) about 400 yards in length which was completed during the year; the total expenditure on roads amounted to Rs. 4,451-11-6. This included the manufacture of 4½ lakhs of bricks for fature requirements. I would not myself have sanctioned the manufacture of such a large quantity of bricks, as I think it can never be used, and that the greater part will have to be sold; and it is not a work of the municipality to turn brickmakers. However, I found the bricks nearly made when I arrived here.

13. Expenditure.—Our chief items of expenditure have been on roads, police, and conservancy, and our chief sources of income from the house income tax before commented on.

In my opinion, the income at present derived is as large as it can possibly be made in such a small and comparatively poorly circumstanced town as Comillah; at the same time the only item of expenditure which it would be possible to retrench in would be in the matter of

roads, on which in time we may perhaps be enabled to reduce our expenditure.

14. Income and Expenditure.—As regards income and expenditure a sum of Rs. 2,669-4 collected this year, being the outstanding balance for last year (1872-73); the demand for the current year was Rs. 8,772-14-6; a sum of Rs. 186-8-3 was remitted or struck off during the year, and an unrealized balance of Rs. 1,687-10-3 was left due on 31st March, 1874, the greater portion of which was, however, realized in the following April and May.

15. Education—The committee have made an annual allowance of Rs. 30 per annum

from their funds for educational purposes, and this amount has been supplemented by an equal sum from Government, and with the money a patshala is kept up in Chuckbazar; if we can manage to reduce our expenditure under any other head, we shall perhaps be able in future to do something more for education, but it must be borne in mind that the popula-

tion of Comillah, all counted, is only 12,948.

16. The incidence of the taxation chiefly falls on the Government, which pays Rs. 1,200 per annum to the municipality, on the Rajah of Hill Tipperah, and other reputed wealthy persons, but I have explained before why this is. The tax not being really a house tax, but one on the presumed wealth of the party taxed, if Act VI of 1868 were introduced, there would not, I think, be much alteration in the amount of the tax assessed to what it is now and

it would fall pretty much as it does now on the same parties.

17. Vital Statistics .- Mortuary Returns .- The health of the town has been good, the number of recorded deaths was 366 out of a population of 12,948, which would give a death rate of about 28.2 per 1,000; from July, 1873, a collection of statistics of births was commenced, the result, however, was hardly such this year as to warrant much reliance on it, the returns for the nine months showing 13.05 per mille. The statistical information will probaably be more accurately collected this year, 1874-75, when we have had the benefit of more experience.

18. Pounds .--There are two pounds within the municipality, the realizations from which amounted to Rs. 563-14-0. We might, I think, with advantage open another pound within the municipality during the present year. In some parts of the town the numbers of stray cattle, goats, and ponies are still very great, and cause much mischief and annoyance, to say nothing

of obstruction on the roads.

19. Difficulty of getting co-operation of the people.—As an instance of how difficult it is to get the townspeople to co-operate with us even in matters which are patently done for their good, I will mention that in November last a very extensive and disastrous fire occurred in Telikona, or the quarter where the oilmen reside, the second large fire within two years in the same quarter. After this last fire it seemed to the committee that the spreading of the fires which occurred was much facilitated by the narrowness of the streets. being thatched and built close together, caught fire one after the other, and no stop could be put to the conflagration. To prevent this, in the future if possible, the committee resolved to widen the streets to the width of 32 feet, and to effect the purpose, those whose houses had been burnt down, were requested each to put the new houses back a small space from the thoroughfares. Instead of agreeing to the plan which was explained to them by the vicechairman and Mr. Campbell, the inhabitants of the quarter, far from doing it willingly, threw every obstacle in the way of the project being carried out, and it was only carried out for the general public good in the teeth of their opposition, the moving back of the houses being enforced both by the Magistrate and the manager of the estate of the landlord, Mr. W. F. Campbell, the latter giving his most cordial co-operation.

20. Rajah of Hill Tipperah.-The landlord, the Rajah of Hill Tipperah, through his manager, Mr. Campbell, I may remark, deserves our thanks for the good condition in which he keeps the embankment which extends all along the river side to the north of the municipality and effectually shields the town from inundation. I have always found Mr. Campbell very ready

in giving his assistance in all matters connected with the municipality.

21. Conduct of Officers.—The vice-chairman, Mr. Rochfort, deserves credit for the zeal and energy with which he has fulfilled the duties of his office; the overseer, Baboo Tarak Chunder Gupta, and the head writer, Digamber Rakhit, are well spoken of and deserve credit for the efficient manner in which they have discharged their duties

22. I now come to the Brahmunberiah municipality, which is governed by Act VI, 1868. This report has been somewhat delayed owing to the non-receipt of the Brahmunberiah

committee's report.

23. Conduct of Committee. - The committee consists of a chairman and 13 members, five of of whom are officials and eight non-officials. There were five ordinary meetings during the year. The members seem not to have acted very energetically, as the Deputy Magistrate, the chairman, complains of this action or rather want of action; without an official head the chairman

thinks the first act of the committee, if left to itself, would be to abolish the tax altogether.

24. Town of Brahmunberiah.—The town is composed of 17 mohullahs, or hamlets, and contains 2,889 houses, with a population of 12,364; that is nearly, the same as that of Comillah. Though there are such divisions, the ward system under Section 23 of the Act has not been

introduced. There is in fact only a town committee.

25. The amount of tax levied was Rs. 3,626 this year, as against Rs. 3657-7-3 last year, giving an average all round of Rs. 1-4 per house per annum. The rates, however, vary from

Rs. 6 to one anna per mensem, according to the value of the property to be protected. The incidence of taxation appears very light altogether; an average of 1 anna 8 pie per mensem is not very heavy, especially as the inhabitants will be exempted from the operation of the Road The chairman reports that the assessments are made with great care and it is Cess Act. certain that widows, orphans, and the destitute are exempted from any taxation, at the same time the assessment is so adjusted as to fall on those who are really able to bear it. In support of his statement that the assessments are not too heavy and have been carefully made, the chairman writes that there was not a single case of attachment and sale during the year under report.

26. Constability. - The town police consists of one head constable and 22 constables. A section house has been built for them during the year. In addition to their ordinary duties they are not, like the Comillab Police, employed in collecting vital statistics; a separate establishment being allowed for that work in this town.

27. The sum of Rs. 1,887 was spent on improvements in the town as per items given

				Rs.
Four Tanks, costing				825
Two Roads	***		 	175
Seven Bridges	***			240
Two Pucka drains	***	***		150
Repair of Roads	***	***	***	175
Conservancy		***		212

28. The Committee do not appear to have been able to make any provision for education,

but R. 50 were allotted to the Charitable Dispensary:

29. The cost of police seems to be one of the heaviest items of expenditure in the No extensive or costly works have ever been attempted. Indeed with the very small township. sum assessed it could hardly be expected. The chief works undertaken have been small roads between the different mobullahs or quarters, the clearing of jungle, making of drains, &c. As there was much want of good drinking water the digging of tanks has, the chairman says, been one of the most popular works undertaken, and much of the present healthiness of the town is attributed to them.

30. As I have had no personal experience of the town of Brahmunberiah I submit the chairman's report in original with this. I think Act VI, 1868, seems to have worked very well indeed in the town, and with a very light tax they seem to have got all they can want in the way of police conservancy and communication. The town seems healthy. The death rate is not stated by the chairman, but I have noticed it in the annual administration report under the heading of statistical inquiries. The death rate here and in Comillah are pretty much on a par.

LIBERALITY OF SOME ZEMINDARS IN NORTH BAGULPORE.

No. 4847S.R., dated Calcutta, the 3rd August 1874.

From-J. F. K. Hewitt, Esq., Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

To-The Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your memorandum No. 6315S.R. of the 25th ultimo, bringing to the favourable notice of Government the names of certain zemindars in North Bhagulpore who have Hurbullub Narain Singh of Sonebursa, Norendro Narain Singh of Barooari, Rooder Narain Singh of Pachgachea. Ugur Narain Singh and Chundermon Singh of Burrail. Tecorrono Singh of Sooknore. rendered assistance to their ryots during the present scarcity and have otherwise afforded help to Government in connection

Taccormon Singh of Sookpore,
Hemun Singh of Sookpore. with relief operations.

2. In reply I am to request that you will be good enough to convey to the gentlemen referred to the Lieutenant-Governor's warm thanks for all the good that they have done; and that you will express to Baboo Hurbullub Narain Singh of Sonebursa His Honor's special acknowledgments for the liberality evinced by him in initiating relief measures.

3. The question of further recognition of the services rendered by these gentlemen will be considered hereafter. Meanwhile the statement furnished by you will be published in

the Gazette.

Report on the conduct of Zemindars in North Bhagulpore.

			O.B. Man			DITURE PROM	Exprediture prom private sources.	RCES.	ADTA	TORS TAKEN P	Артансвя такви рвом ботпвимяят.	MBNT.	
Name of sub- division.	Name of zemindar.	Amount of rent-roll.	Collection Donation to made during relief fund.	Donation to relief fund.	1 500	Money given Money given in charity. in advances.	Money given for improve- ment work.	Grain given in advances.	Money for purchase of grain.	Money for advances to ryots.	Money for Money for advances to improvement ryots.	Grain for advances.	RRMARKS.
Muddehpoora and Soopool,	Hurbullub Narnin Singh of Sone- bursa,	Rs. 98,412	Rs. 23,452		Bs. 10,000 Fide remarks		Re. 9,500 Fide remarks 4,000 mds, mostyrice, and paddy.	4,060 mds,	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 10,000	-1		This gentleman is a resident, and a very enlightened zemindar. He has surgend- ed the collection of the arrears of rent due to him amoutsching to Res 55,500, and has a ctulibly remitted Res 9,900. He started scored table scode and land
													and has employed a large number of persons ship throughout this time of searcity. He also opened a reliations of his own. He gave up some 3,000 beeglus of indigo larids to repet for cultivation of food-crops, and he instanted
		A market	-4				*						the action of Government by appointing a relief officer, superintendents, overseers, and goladors. He has promised for make a free gift of all lands sixed in his estates for relief roads. In addition to the first of the first
													golas at Sonebura and Kamp for golas at Sonebura and Kamp for storing Government grain. In fact, he has throughout acted in a very energetic and liberal manner.
Soopool	Norendro Narain Single of Ba- rocari.	Rs. 63,000		Rs. 1,000	Rs. 2,750 at his own door.	Re. 2,750 Re. 29,740 Re. 6,824 door. ingrain and on about 22 door. rath to tanks and ryots.	Rs. 6,824 on about 22 tanks and bunds.			1	:	1	This gentleman is one of the largest and wealthiest remindars in the district. He has taken no advances from Government; but that he has assisted his yold, in fact, is proved by the decision of his advances sentation of his advances.
				- E									Scopool, and he has allowed his papers and accounts to be secutionized. He has searcely realized any of his rents for the past year, and is not pressing.
Soopool and Muddehpoora.	Soopool and Mud. Rooder Narain dehpoora. Singh of Pach- gachea.		Rs. 27,000 Rs. 16,000	Rs. 2,600	Rs. 6,000	Rs. 21,550 R in cash and in grain to bu ryots.	Rs. 7,800 in tanks, bunds, and roads.	1	Rs. 4,000	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 4,000	1	This gentleman is one of the leading zemindars in the district. Both Mr. Smith and Mr. Kirkwood have satisfied themselves that he has done well. The
					a v							4	been freely registered. He has acted with great liberality, and is willing to do more. He has postponed collections for the present.

The state of the s			
This gentleman is not a wealthy men : he of the few examples where sood here of the few examples where sood here the sake of duing good. Mr. Kitelwood ways, "instead of magnifying its deals he has rather concade them." In a soon of the concamentation of the second of the concamentation of the second of the concamentation of the second o	This gentherm has setted very well and willing the and has never shoult to carac- gential the set. To has only collected a perition of his last year's wait, and is not been also as the set of the set of the balance. In the resistons cases remission will ultimately be given.	This gentleman does all that is required of him. He has fed and is feding many of the poor thiny. The Government has still continuing advances, i.e., is giring more to those to whom he has aiready given. His arranses of reats are Re 25,000 result where necessary. GENERAL REM. MC.	Mr. Kityeved make it dibusing remarks in which from present littude last only for which from present littude last only for what they have done, but for how only for what they have done, but for the resident of the willingness with which they have the willingness with which they have done it, and for their residentiess to assist in every way, as by leading their severants, and yellow they are depointed, their pure saids giving the need of their elephants, land, and buddings; if there elephants, land, and buddings; here with the work of their elephants, that is and have the mostly here is when the said between little or nething to be desired.
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Rs.1,000			
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Re. 1,600, Rs. 17,000 Rs. 2,450 spides feed- in cash and in six tanks in un m ber 770ts. and 270dds. daily.	Rs. 11,000 in cash and grain to ryots.	Rs. 7,000	4
Re. 1,600, begides feed- ing a large num ber daily.	Rs. 1,700		
Re. 195	Rs. 300	Rs. 400	
1	Rs. 5,000		
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		The state of the s	

G. N. Barlow, Officiating Commissioner.

BHAGULPORE, The 28th July 1874.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

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Return for the next preceding week received after publication of the last Gazette.

Return not received.

In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 14 seers, barley 21-4 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 11-18 seers, common rice
12-3 to 13 seers, and gram from 13-12 to 17-8 seers, per rupes.

In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 19-8 to 13-8 seers, barley from 16 to 22 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 12-12

Can the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 9 to 14 seers, barley 15 seers, best rice from 10 to 13-12 seers, common rice
11-3 to 14 seers, and gram from 13 to 15 seers, per rupes.

In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12-8 to 13-4 seers, best rice from 8 to 10 seers, common rice from 12-8 to 14 seers, and gram from 12 to 16 seers, per rupes.

undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 1st August 1874.

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In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 13 seers, best rice from 9 to 10-8 seers, common rice from 11-8 to 13-8 seers, and gram from 14-8 to 17 seers, her rupes.

In the interior prices france as follow:—Wheat 13-5 seers, best rice 9 seers, common rice 11 seers, and gram 13-5 seers, per rupes.

K Prices much easier in the libovamigunge sub-division.

L In the interior price's range as follow:—Wheat from 8 to 10 seers, best rice from 6 to 9 seers, common rice from 8 to 15 seers, and gram from 8 to 10 seers, per rupes.

In the interior price of best rice 13 seers, common rice from 14 to 15 seers, and gram from 15 to 10 seers, per rupes.

In the interior price of best rice 8-8 seers, common rice from 13 to 10 seers, and gram from 15 to 10 seers, per rupes.

In the interior price of best rice from 12 to 15 seers, common rice from 13-2 to 17 seers, peakly from 27-8 to 30 seers, and gram from 10 to 11 seers, per rupe.

In the interior price of lest rice from 12 to 15 seers, common rice from 10 to 11-6 seers, common rice from 11-13 to 13-8 seers, and gram from gram from 11-10 to 1 seers, per rupe.

seers, per rupee.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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3	Pooree Balasore.†	•••			•••	11	13	11	13	13	12							19	11	18	6	19	11	26	4	26	4	34	2			
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CALCUTTA,
The 4th August 1874.

Return for the next preceding week received after publication of the last Gazette.
 Return not received.
 In the interior price of best rice from 15 to 16 seers, and common rice from 16 to 17 seers, per rupee.
 In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 14 seers, barley from 16 to 20 seers, best rice 12 seers, common rice from 11 to 14 seers, and gram from 14-7 to 17-4 seers, per rupee.
 In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 13-8 to 15-8 seers, barley from 17 to 20 seers, best rice from 7-8 to 9 seers, common rice from 10 to 13 seers, maize 15 seers, and gram from 16 to 19 seers, per rupee.
 In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 10 seers, barley from 13 to 24 seers, best rice from 8 to 16 seers, common rice from 9-8 to 19 seers, maize from 12-12 to 22 seers, and gram from 12 to 20 seers, per rupee.

Districts of Bengal on the 1st August 1874.—(Continued.)

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Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return,		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	Present return.		Next preceding return.	Common dina motum			Present return.	Nont managing advant	riext preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	* DISTRICTS
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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

W In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11-6 to 17 seers, burley from 16 to 20 seers, best rice from 9-8 to 12 seers, common rice from 11 to 16 seers, make from 13-4 to 17 seers, and gram from 16 to 18 seers, per rupee.

X In the interior pass range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 16 seers, burley are not to 14 seers, common rice from 9 to 14 seers, bullrush milled from 17 seers, and gram from 12 to 18 seers, per rupee.

In the interior base from 12 to 15 seers, common rice from 12 to 18 seers, per rupee.

Z In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 11-8 seers, best rice from 11 to 14 seers, common rice from 13 to 16 seers, and gram from 10 to 14 seers, per rupee.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 1st August 1874.

2	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
			1	
BE	NGA	L.		
		Western Districts.		
[1	Bordwan, 3rd* Aug. 1874	1.93	Over two inches of rain in Bood-bood and Culna, and nearly two in Raneegunge; at Cutwa only half an inch, and at Jehanabad none. Bad accounts received of the crops. Fever increasing.
	2	Bankoora, 1st ", ",	1.47	Partial showers throughout the district, generally of a slight nature. High wind, with light rain, on 29th and 30th July. The growing crops are doing well in most places, including the aons or early rice crop; but the cultivation of the unun or late rice is practically at a standstil, except in very low ground. Heavy rain is urgently needed. Telegraphed on the 4th. Rain fell in some parts, none in north and west. Prices rising.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 1st " "	2.63	Wet during the former, dry during the latter half of the week. State and prospects of the crops generally good, except in some parts of the east by the Moorshedabad district, where the crops are reported to be suffering from drought. Export of week ending 25th July, 1,640 maunds, chiefly to Bhagulpore division. Prices stationary.
BURDWA	•	Midnapore, 1st ",,	3-67	Over 7 inches of rain fell along the sea coast; and the course of the wind and the barometer caused much apprehension of a cyclone there on the 28th July. In all the district south of Midnapore the prospects are generally very good, and the rainfall has been seasonable and abundant. In the north, however, it has been seanty (at Gurbotta only 115), and while it has done much good, more rain is wanted in that quarter. Prices are very slow to come down after their recent rise, and a scarcity of rice is reported from many quarters.
	ā	Hooghly, 1st " "	2.97	Cloudy nearly throughout the week and stormy. Wind chiefly from east and north- cast. Heavy shower on 31st July. In Serampore the rainfall has been 3.30. The crops are all good, except the late rice, which has only partially been planted out owing to scanty rain. It is hoped that the rainwall now be sufficient, but heavy rain is required. Telegraphed on the 3rd. Rainfall 83 at 2.15 a.M.
Į		Howrah, 1st " "	4.59	There has been some rain during the week throughout the district. Weather some- times cloudy and sometimes clear. Wind from south and cast, and once going round to north-east and east. The rain during the week has changed the state of the crops. If such rain continues there will be no fear of a bad harvest. Ryots are preparing land for transplanting amun or late rice seedlings, and some have already commenced transplanting. Jute, sugarcane, and aous or early rice, are good.
		Central Districts.		
RESIDENCY DIVISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 3rd† Aug. 1874.	5.25	Sultry and showery. There was a heavy fall of rain on Friday, 31st July, in the Sudder, Diamond Harbour, Baraset, and Barrackpore sub-divisions. It has greatly improved the prospects of both the aous or early and amun or late rice crops. Transplantation has commenced everywhere except in Satkhira. More rain, however, is still needed. Fever prevalis in the Sudder, Bussecrata, Satkhira, Barripore, and Diamond Harbour sub-divisions. Cholera has abated in thanas Sultanpore and Muticorapore.
PRESIDENC	7	Nudden, 1st Aug. 1874	4:16	There has been generally less rain than at the Sudder Station. The rain which has fallen during the week, though almost everywhere insufficient for the late rice, has done much good to the early rice. More rain is much required. At Kooshtes the acus or early rice harvest has commenced. The outturn of indigo is unusually good. The drought has sent up prices again a little.
ι	8	Jessore, Ist """,	114	Cloudy, with occasional slight showers. The prospects of the crops throughout the district are generally favorable. In the Lohngara and Alfadanga stations, in the Narrall sub-division, the loss of the early rice caused by the immutation is said to be irretrievable, but the later ice plants are reviving since the immutation has gone down a little. The rain has done good, but anxiety is still felt as to the unseasonable character of the weather and the short amount of the fall, add generally more rain is wanted. Prices have been falling a little, owing partly to the abatement of anxiety consequent on the late rain, and partly to the early rice already finding its way in some places into the market.

^{*} Telegram of the 3rd August, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 3rd August, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudde Station is inches.	Character of the weather state and promosts of the
BENGA	AL.—(Contd.) Central Districts.—	167	
8	(Contd.)	-74	There has been a very inadequate rainfall for the season of the year; a godd shower came down on the 31st July, but it was far from sufficient after the proceeding drought. The rain appeared to be general, but reports have not yet been received from the interior. Rainfall at sub-divisions Jungspore 206, Rampore Hat 1·06, Lallbaugh, 2·32. More abundant rain is required in the Bhurtpore, Gokurn, and Kallyangunge thamas, where the amun or late rice seedlings just transplanted and the broadcast sowings, are suffering much from its absence. Unless there is a good downpour within two or three days, the prospects of this crop will be very seriously affected. The arons or early rice also in the cast of the district is suffering from the drought. Altogether the prospects are not nearly so favorable as in the first three weeks of the past month, and damage has already been caused to the crops, which can hardly be repaired. Prices remain about stationary. Small-pox begins in places.
10 z	Dinagepore, 31st July 1874.	2.68	Showers alternated by bright sunshine. The weather has been most favorable for the crops. Jute is being cut, and new jute is in the market; early bhadoi too has been gathered. The main crop is fast ripening; transplanting for the winter crop is well forward.
DIA	Maldah, 1st Aug. 1874	1.96	Cloudy and stormy, with occasional rain and brisk sun. The prospects of the bhadoi or early crop continue good. The reaping of bhadoi and Indian-corn has begun in Gorgoribah. Hymunte or late rice cultivation is going on briskly.
Калените	Rajshabye, 1st ", "	0.18	Very high winds in the first part of the week, which have done a little damage. There has been some rain in all parts of the district, which has improved all the crops, but more rain is wanted. The aous or early rice crop is ripening fast; that a few places it is being cut. It is less forward in the middle of the district than elsewhere. The amuno r later rice promises well. Mulberry, sugarcane, and jute, are all good crops. In Tannore, however, the latter has been a good deal injured by insects. In the north jute is being cut, and a good outturn is expected. Prices have risen slightly in places owing to a decrease in the quantities imported. The rise will probably not be of long duration.
13	Kungpore, 31st July ,,	0.54	Generally cloudy, with slight showers. State of crops generally favorable. In places caterpillars have attacked the late rice plants owing to excess of moisture, rendering fresh transplanting necessary.
14	Bogra, 1st Aug. "	1.80	Seasonable weather. The state and prospects of the crops still continue very favorable. The season has been particularly favorable for the transplanting of the amount or late rice, the young plants of which present a most vigorous appearance. The agus or early rice is being cut, and it is being sold in many places at 20 seers the rupee.
į 15	Pubna, 1st ,, ,,	0.67	Slight rain on the 26th July. An average loss of six annas in the aous or early and about two annas in the amun or late paddy has been done by the unusual rise of the water. The water has for the present subsided to a great extent. Harvesting of the early rice, blurn and kowni (millets), going on. A case of cholera reported from Pubna station, and some fever prevails.
16	Darjeeling, 31st July "	2.37	There has been a good deal of bright and pleasant weather in the hills. All the crops, both in the hills and the plains, are progressing very favorably, but more rain is wanted in the Terai.
16 ANGULARIAN 17	Julpigoree, 31st " "	*40	There has been very little rain this week; the weather close and hot. No anxiety is yet experienced regarding the late rice, but a heavy rain is now needed for this crop. The early rice is now being cut in places, and is a good full crop.
	Cooch Behar, 30th ,, *,, Eastern Districts.		Fine and on some days very hot. Favorable prospects; fine harvest of the agus or early rice is being reaped, and amun or late rice is being planted out.
	Dacca, 3rd* August 1874		easonable weather. Crops good.
19	Fureedpore, 1st """	Т	Veather clear and sunny the first two days of the week. Tuesday and Wednesday, strong wind accompanied by rain. Rain also on Thursday and Friday, a veryheavy shower having fallen on the morning of the latter day. The rivers continue subsiding in the north of the district, but they are steadily rising in the south. This is not likely to do harm, as the flood in the south rises, slowly and the growth of the rice keeps-pace with it. The remaining aous or early, and amun or late rice, after the loss reported in the last report consequent on the sudden rise of the waters, are in a promising condition, but should the rivers in the north go down still lower, it will injure the amun considerably, as the plant is weak from excessive growth to keep pace with the flood, and it will fall when the water fails to support it. The ripe aous is fast being reaped. The price of coarse rice is stationary at Fureedpore, Goalundo, and Madarcepore, and has fallen at Gopalgunge, but has risus at Bhanga, owing probably to decrease in importations. The officers have been specially deputed into the interior, one in each sub-division of the district, to report on the crops and condition of the people. Some of the agriculturists in the northern thansa have lost nearly their all in the destruction of the aous which has taken place, and the Deputy Collector of Goalundo is advancing rice which has a require assistance.

^{*} Telegram of the 3rd August, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and
ENGA	I—(Concld.) Eastern Districts.—		
	(Contd.)		
20	Backergunge, 30th July 1874.	6.44	Rainy weather. Prospects of crops good.
21	Mymensingh, 31st July 1874.	1.55	Generally fine and very hot, with occasional showers. The sunshine has done harm to the crops already planted out, but the want of rain is becoming seri for the high lands in the north and centre, where the ryots have been unable transplant at present.
22	Sylhet, 28th July 1874	3-02	Extremely hot; such weather has never been known in July. The thermometer. Sunday stood at 90° in one of the coolest rooms in the Collector's house 5-30 r.m. Prospects good. The hot and dry weather has pushed forward aous or early rice crop, half of which has been cut and the rest promises we The ploughing of the sail or late rice land is progressing. There has been a gedeal of sickness—fever generally, sometimes cholera—owing to the unusual st of the weather.
23	Chittagong, 80th ,, ,,	3.96	Rain every day at head-quarters; the fall being heaviest on the 30th July up noon. From Cox's Bazar 2:40 inches reported up to 28th July. The acus or en paddy promises well, and reaping has commenced. More rain is wanted for tamun or late rice, especially in the southern thams. Cholera reported for Potia in the Sudder and Chuckeria in the Cox's Bazar sub-division.
24	Noakholly	.,	Return not received.
25	Tipperah, 31st " "	4.58	Some days of rainy weather, with one or two hot still days. Prospects of t early rice crop are excellent; just a little more rain is wanted for the late r crop.
26	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 28th July 1874.		Heavy fall of rain throughout the whole week. The cotton and paddy crops so in the beginning of May are ripening. Plough cultivators have begun to traplant their seedlings. More rain would be beneficial.
	Hill Trepperab, 29th July 1874.	8-12	Almost daily rain, but showers not heavy. Quite cool. Ploughing going on; labeling prepared for transplanting the late rice crop. Prospects of late rice creverywhere good. The aous or early rice being cut; the outturn will probably below the average.
BAR.	Patns, 3rd* August 1874	2-99	Weather most seasonable, and all that could be desired for the young crops, which
		200	are reported well off everywhere. The number of cholera cases reported is the increase, and there is a good deal of fever about.
28	iya, 1st " "	2.65	Seasonable weather. The bhadoi or early crops are magnificent, and the reexcellent.
29 8	Shahabad, 1st Aug. 1874	1*30 8	Stormy, with high east wind at the beginning of the week, clear and hot the le three days; occasional showers. There has been more rain in the south than the north of the district; steady and heavy rafn's much required for the pade crop in all parts. The present dry weather, if it continues much longer, will of great harm. The Soane rose in flood on the 1st August. Health on the who good.
80	firhoot, 1st ", "		Weather cloudy and hot, with east wind prevailing. In Mudhoobunnee sub-division 105 inches of rain fell during the week. In many places "murwa" (millet) with he harvested in the next fortnight. The other bhadoi or early crops are aldoing well. Transplanting is still going on in several parts of the sub-division but more rain is wanted soon to save the paddy crops on the high land. Report has not been received from Hajeepore, Durbhunga, Tajpore, and Seets markee sub-divisions.
	Company of the compan]	In a rainful during the week has benefited the paddy crops on high lands in the Sudder sub-division. Bladdo or early crops are doing very well. Weeding open tions are being pushed on with vigor, and though some damage has been done in parts by the overflowing of the rivers and by the heavy rain, prospects are stiff favourable. Prices of grain stationary. Public health good.
81	Saron, 1st Aug. 1874	27.6%	Generally hot and sunny. East wind prevailing. Slight showers general throughout the district. Weeding operations are almost completed. The blade of early crops are all coming up very well, and promise an abundant harvest. Mor and plentiful rain is now much wanted for the late rice crop, which is reported to be injured by the drought in places. In parts of the district the rainfall is been very deficient. Manufacture of indigo is going on, but the outturn is small Price of common rice and gram has slightly risen, owing to a falling of in the importation.
32	Chumparun, 31st July 1874.	0.30 S	sunny, with strong east winds and occasional partial light showers and thunder storms. The prospects of the crops not injured by inundation are still now fayorable. Rain is now wanted. Threatening weather at the time of report.

^{*} Telegram of the 3rd August, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	state of health at date.
BEHAR	.—(Contd.)		
(83	400	2.08	Hot and cloudy. The prospects continue favorable; more rain is, however, wanted, particularly in the Begoo Serai sub-division.
BHAGULPORB DIVN.	Bhagulpore, 3rd* ,, ,,	*87	Weather most favorable. Murwa (millet) and bhadoi or early rice are splendid crops. Beaping of some of both has commenced. It remains yet to be seen whether all aghani or late rice lands will be cultivated; some of the lands are still under water, and some which were sown have been damaged. Rain is wanted now in the south of the district, but more fine weather is looked for in the north. Cholera is abating, fever is prevalent here and there.
Внавит	Purneah, 1st ,, ,,	1.26	Sunny, very hot but seasonable; slight showers of rain towards the end of the week. Prospects of crops everywhere very good. Bhadoi or early rice being harvested in Kissengunge and Bulrampore. Yield good. Koosi floods almost entirely subsided, having done but little injury.
. [36	Sonthal Pergunnabs, 1st Aug. 1874.	2.71	Rainfall, at Deoghur 2:34, at Godda 1:54, at Rajmebal 4 inches. Rain said to be badly wanted at Jamtara. Indian-corn promises to be a great crop everywhere. Paddy is looking well. Planting is backward about Doomka on the high lands. Since the last rains field work is going on most vigorously. Good rain on the morning of the 1st August, and heavy rain to be seen all round.
ORISS!		1	99
	Cuttack, 3rd* Aug. 1874	. 7.48	Nearly the same quantity of rain fell all over the district. Steady and continuou rain all the week. Several rivers flooded; no harm done. Crops flourishing Cholera on pilgrim routes.
ORISSA DIVISION.	Pooree, 30th ,, ,,	7.24	There has been general and ample rain. The weather at the time of report wa fair and hot. Sowing completed; transplantation and cultivation of the late ric crop, and weeding of the early rice crop, are going on. The plants are growing well Sugarcane is doing well. Cotton is being gathered. Mandea is being weeded Ahur (pulse), castor-seed, and til-seed (oil-seed) plants, are coming out. Price stationary in the mofussil. The pligrims have nearly gone away. Cholera an fever are prevalent both in the city and in the interior.
35	Balasore, 31st ,, ,,	9-68	Heavy and continuous rain during the first six days of the week. During te consecutive days ending with 29th July nearly 13 inches of rain fell. The Bala sore rivers rose and submerged a large tract, the flood reaching the level of, bu not topping, the Trunk Road. The inundation is now subsiding. This timel rain has rendered the general prospects of the crop excellent. A splendid yiel is expected from the inundated tract.
CHOTA	NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
41	Hazareebagh, 31st July 1874-	4:41	The crops are flourishing. There has been abundant rain and also sunshine. The few days of fine weather which delayed the transplanting of the rice did immens good to the maize. Alternate rain and sunshine suits every description of crop including tea. Nothing could be better than present prospects.
4	1 Loharduggs, 1st Aug. 1874.	7:27	Rain every day; there was a fall of 4½ inches on Wednesday, and the fall seems thave been general. The rain was much wanted, as the high land crops were bein burnt and transplantation was at a standatill. The crops have now revived, an transplanting is going on briskly. The goondli (millet) crop will be reape immediately. In Palamow the weather has been fair, with alternate showers an sunshine, but the makai or Indian-corn has suffered from the previous heavy rain. The prospects of the rice crops there are now excellent, and the area of cultivatio is very large. Prices casy. General health good.
4	Singbhoom, 31st July 1874.	8-30	Cool. Heavy clouds about, Abundant rain all over the district since date of last report, and not an hour too soon. Transplanting, &c., in full swing. Pul lie health generally good. Condition of the people satisfactory.
•	3 Manbhoom, 1st Aug 1874.	2.42	Favorable. Since the date of last report a change for the better has taken plain the state and prospect of the crops. Rain fell on the 25th ultimo, and continued till the 29th, but has again ceased. The crops on high lands, which we withering away, have greatly benefited, and if rain continue to fall occasional all will yield a full crop, except the Indian-cora and gora or early rice, in which a loss of two annas has occurred in some, but not all places. More rain, howeve is wanted for transplanting, but sufficient has fallen to admit the lowest lan being planted out, at which the people are busily engaged.

^{*} Telegrams of the 3rd August, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

Calcutta, Statistical Dept., The 4th August 1874.

R. KNIGHT,

Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

	100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100				from 19th		RAT	N FROM 18T SUARY 1874.	Remares.
DIVISION.	DISTRICT		STATI	ON.	Rain fro		Inches	Up to date.	RHMARES.
BEN	GAL.		- 1 25			100		1874.	
	WESTERN DIST	PICTS			Inc	hes. Inch	98.	a de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya dell	4
		MACAU.	Donalman		0	30 0-9	35.03	25th July	
		-	Burdwan		1	35 0.19	27'03	ditto.	
	Burdwan	<	Culna Bood-bood		0	89 1:75	26.92	ditto.	
		j	Raneegunge	***	1	96 1.0	20.56	ditto ditto	V-t 5th to 120 Y-
			Jehanabad	***	-		,	4.	Not rec. 5th to 11th July.
	Bankoora	***	Bankoora		3	54 1.8	1	ditto.	
	Beerbhoom	***	Sooree	***	1	58 0.9	27.89	ditto.	
BURDWAN.	1		Midnapore		0		13.40	ditto.	
4		1	Tumlook		1			ditto.	
Be	Midnapore		Gurbeta (Dv. C	ollr.'s Office			24.30	ditto.	
		i	Contai Exe.	ollr.'s Office Engr.'s Office	e 1	25 3.14		ditto.	
	Hooghly	{	Hooghly	***	1			ditto.	
	Hoogaly	5	Serampore	***					1
i	Howrah		Howrah	***	0:	29* 1.75	14.32	ditto.	and the second second
	CENTRAL DIST	RICTS.	11 2 2 3				1.		
			Saugor Island		1	80 2:40	29.65	ditto.	
				***	0.	58 1.98	21'54	ditto.	110
			Alipore Disper	sary	0.	37 1·37 36 1·4	17.63	ditto.	
			Busseerhat		1	58 1.6	17.93	ditto.	
ſ	24-Pergunnahs		Baraset Diamond Harbour		0		21.40	ditto.	
1		-	Barripore		2	23 1.39	19.96	ditto.	10.161.400
			Satkhira	***	2			ditto.	
			Barrackpore Dum-Dum	***	0			ditto,	LOS MAN
5		,	Kishnaghur		01	53 1.76	27.85	ditto.	1
PRESIDENCE.		1	Bongong	***	1:	38 2'19	24.10	ditto.	
到	Nuddea	2	Meherpore	***	0.		28.68	ditto.	-
PRI		1	Chooadangah Kooshtea	***	13	19 1.89	29 92	ditto.	
		(Ranaghat	***	0.	75 1.07		ditto.	
		ŗ	Jessore	***	01		26.16	ditto.	
	Section .	1	Narail Khoolna		1 0%		25.13	ditto.	•
	Jessore	-1	Jhenidah	***	0.2			ditto.	
		- 1	Bagirhat Magoorah		0.5		00.00	ditto.	
			Berhampore		2.	5 0.78	24.69	ditto.	
			Rampore Haut	-	11	0.38	25.73	ditto.	1
	Moorshedabad		City Moorshedabad Jungipore	ris.	2:			ditto.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
			Azimgunge		34	8 0.41	29.30	ditto.	
		L	Lalgolla		01	1 1 46		ditto.	
	Dinagepore		Dinagepore	***	8-	3 1.77	40.60	ditto.	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
	Maldah		Maldah		3.8	8 0.91	27:89	ditto.	
RAJSHAHYE			Bauleah		19	7 1:37	24.81	ditto.	and the second second second
1	Rajshabye	{	Nattore		2.0			ditto.	
31			Rungpore		19	1.80	57:82	ditto.	
-1	Rungpore	}	Bhowanigunj	***	0:	32 0.58	35·70 65·30	ditto. 18th July.	
		· ·	Titalya	**	1:		22 00 4 200		
33 I	Bogra	•••	Bogra		04	ditte	47.24	ditto.	
	Deles	5	Pubna	***	0:		31.06	25th July.	
L	Pubna	5	Serajgunj	***	29			ditto.	
ſ	Darjeeling		Darjeeling $\{$ Tele	graph Office pital	Not :			30th June. 25th July	
18.					3:1	7 4.81	63:67	ditto	2300
BRHAR.		(Julpigoree Bodah		12	9 2.99	65.00	ditto.	
=1	Julpigoree		Buxa Commis	sioner's Offic rgeon's "	e 81	7 12:44	122.97	ditto	From 12th April.
COOCH		•	COVII Su	rgeon's "	6.5	9.01	101.07	ditto.	
0	Cooch Behar Trib	outary	Cooch Behar		9-3	5 3 87	97-20	ditto.	
SEC013	Citate	CONT.	Accer Dentil	DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE	100	The second	73 H1557 100		

			m 12th b July	n 19th		FROM 18T	
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from to 18th 1874.	Rain from to 25th 1874.	Inches,	Up to date.	REMARKS
	AL-(Continued.)						
BENG	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches		1874.	•
	(Daeca { Telegraph Office Hospital	1:46	0.30	31·14 32·13	25th July.	
[Dacca {	Moonsheegunge	8.80 0.22	0·20 2·81	36.04 29.68	ditto.	
	(Furedpore	0.34	1.50	36:00	ditto.	
	Fureedpore {	Goalundo Madaripore	0.75 2.30	2°50 5°35	28°20 40°70	ditto.	
	r	Burrisal	4.26	4:38	34.81	ditto.	
DACCA.	Backergunge	Perozepore Patooakhally	2·65 5·96	1.27 3.06	21.74 42.32	ditto. ditto.	
9	(Dowlatkhan	4.13	2.08	39.70	ditto.	
	Mymensingh {	Mymensingh Jamalpore	2.80	0.80	47.86 35.27	ditto.	
1	Trymensing }	Atia Kishoregunge	2.11	0.70 Nil	26.23 40.43	ditto.	
1	Sylhet	Sylhet	2.77	2.48	90.20	ditto.	
r	Chittagong {	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	1:30 1:36	6.40 6.17	45.69 48.72	ditto.	
-		Cox's Bazar	2.27	4.27	52.29	ditto,	
Ситтабоже.	Noakholly	Noakholly	1.74	1.53	44.12	ditto,	
E	Tipperah {	Comillah	1.27	2:30 1:64	31.87	ditto.	
Ca	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	2.00	3.24	42.75	ditto.	
1	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	1.22	Not rec.	35.21	18th July.	
REHA	P						
вапа	[Patna	1.59	2·10 0·49	24·90 22·53	25th July, ditto.	A STATE
1	Patna	Barb	Nil 2:30	0.32	16.90	ditto.	
	l	Dinapore {Jail Cantonment	2.60	1.80 1.35	25.57	ditto.	93
- 1	(Gya Nowadah	1.04	1.57 0.24	20:33 25:90	ditto.	
1	Gya	Arungabad	2.70	2:18 Nil	21.60 21.59	ditto.	
	,		0.35	0.60	26:14	ditto.	
	Shahabad}	Sasseram	1.22	0.16	18.32	ditto	Not rec. 28th June to 4th July.
1	(Bhubooah	1.02	0.15	23.26	ditto.	out.
PATEA.	,	Mozufferpore	1.73	1.28	21.03	18th July.	
		Durbhunga	0.16	2.82	28.32	ditto.	
- 1	Tirhoot	Hajeepore Mudhoobunnee	0°45 0°68	0.05 1.43	20·80 24·29	ditto.	
		Sectamurhee Tajpore	Nil 0.54	5.11	16.62	ditto. 25th July.	
	Sarun	Chuprah	0.63	0.07	2019	ditto.	
	Sarun	Sewan	0.56	0.30	22 63	ditto.	
- [Chumparun {	Motiharee Bettiah	0.10	1·31 2·51	22·73 30·91	ditto.	
			1.30	0*29	29.57	ditto.	
1	Monghyr {	Monghyr Jamooee	0.24	Nil 0:12	14.62 22.86	ditto.	
	ſ	Bhagulpore	1'62	0.20	28.00	ditto.	
	Bhagulpore	Soopoel	1.77	1.13	33.65 21.88	ditto.	
ORE.	Bhaguipore	Banka	0.14	0.41	27:18	ditto.	
GULFORE	L	Sanborsa	0.83	0.31	27.44	ditto.	
Виля	Purneah	Purneah Kissengunge	6.87 2.84	1.15	35.67 52.37	ditto.	
i		Arrareah	3.08	0.12	49.25	ditto.	
	Southal Pergunnahs	Deoghur	0.98	0.52	22:37 17:80 20:79	ditto.	
5,455-19	a ar gunnans	Nya Doomka Godda	3.39	0.68	20.79	ditto.	

				m 12th th July	ım Sth th July	RAIN JANU	PROM 1ST ARY 1874.	
DIVISION	District.	STATION.		Rain from to 18th 1874.	Rain from to 11th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date,	REMARKS.
ORIS	SA.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
[Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office		0.70 1.02 0.50 Nil Not rec, 0.45	3:10 6:96 Not rec. ditto ditto 5:65	30.86 35.38 23.05 11.00 14.25 20.11	25th July. ditto. 18th July. ditto. 4th July. 25th July.	
Ontsea.	Pooree {	Pooree Khoordah		1.00 2.70	6.04 7.66	21·00 32·51	ditto.	
	Balasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		0:40 0:50 1:81 1:01 Nil	4·40 4·18 3·83 2·73 3·27	16·67 22·36 24·80 22·13 18·20	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	4
1	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore		3.07	2.75	27.45	ditto.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazareebagh {	Hazāreebagh { Jail Dispensar	у	0.42 0.69 0.70	0.88 1.02 0.30	23·42 28·35 24·68	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow		C*82 1'40	1°20 2°48	18-99 34-92	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chybassa		1.36	0.97	19.66	ditto.	
	Manbhoom {	Purulia Govindpore		1·14 3·09	0.72 1.45	17:23 29:85	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.							
	Cacbar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah		Not rec., 3:39 2:31	Not rec. ditto 4.84	68-70 60-88 66-51	11th July. 18th July. 25th July.	
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree	***	Not rec.	Not rec.	69.38	11th July. 4th July.	
	Каштоор {	Gowhatty Burpettah		ditto ditto	ditto ditto	48.83 49.17	ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye	***	ditto ditto	ditto ditto	37·44 36·46	20th June. ditto.	
	Nowgong	Nowgong	***	ditto	ditto	39.60	11th July.	
	Seebsauger {	Seebaangor Golaghat Jorehaut Nazeerah		4:23 3:23 4:68 8:54	ditto ditto ditto ditto	90.20 50.41 72.54 79.95	18th July. ditto ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 5th to 11th July.
	Luckimpore {	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya	-	Not rec. ditto ditto	ditto ditto ditto	44.95 51.32 47.61	23rd May. 18th June. 23rd May	Not rec. 5th to 11th April.
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		1.98	ditto	25.04	18th July.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapoonjee		Not rec. ditto ditto	ditto ditto ditto	11.10 21.50 133.03	16th May. ditto. 23rd May	
	Garo Hills	Tura		ditto	ditto	59*85 17'40	11th July.	
		Akyab		ditto	9.00 gifto	55 80	25th July.	

CALCUTTA,
The 1st August 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 26th to 1st August 1874.

			Barometer	Barometer	Тивимо	METER;	Humi-	Wini				Weather
STATION.	Daté.	Hour.	reduced to 32°.	reduced to sea level.	, Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain	· Clouds.	initials
1	July 26th	10	29.599	29-617	85'5	82-2	86	ESE	6.9	0.35	KK	
1	27th	16	29·511 29·582	29.529 29.600	82·2 87·2	80°5 82°0	92 79	ESE E by S	10.5	0.13	S K	
1		16	29.470	29.488	84.6	81.2	87	E by N N E	6.8	0.61		0.
4	28th	10	29°446 29°344	29.362	80.2 81.2	79.5 80.5	95	E by N	11:4 21:7	0.13	******	o, scuds.
CALCUTTA	29th	10	29.434	29.459	82.6	79.5	95 87	S by E	16.7	0.48		0
34	30th	16	29·408 29·575	29·426 29·593	85.2 85.2	. 80·5 83·3	79	S by E	14.0	***	8.	scuds.
3	30th	10	29.468	29.486	86.5	81.2	79	Q	7·3 7·5	0.03	K	scutis.
1	31st	10	29.505	29.523	84'2	80.7	85	S by E	5·1 5·8	3:33	*** ***	0
1	1st	16	29·437 29·469	29·455 29·487	79°0 83°0	77-5 80-0	93	S by E S W N E	4.3	0.04	8	o, d scuds.
i		16	29:381	29:399	86.2	81.3	79	E by S	14:5	***	K, N	1
1	26th	10 16	29.588 29.514	29.594 29.520	80 82	79 81	95 95	ESE	2·9 8·7	1.70 0.80	N N	0, 7
1	27th	10	29.585	29.591	84	81	87	NE	6.0	0.30	N	0, 16
ė l	28th	16	29·454 29·324	29:460 29:330	83 82	81 81	91	NNE	10 2 20 9	0.20	N N N N	o, p u
STAND	28111	16	29.222	29 228	81	80	95	S	42.6	0.50	N	o, r q seu
	29th	10	29.450	29*456	85	80	79	s w	31.6	1.50	N	o, v scuds
SAUGOR	30th	16	29.415 29.572	29*421 29:578	87 86	81 83	76 87	SSW	12.8	0.40	N	m, o
18		16	29'481	29.487	87	83	83	S	11.3		N	m, o
00	31st	10	29:517 29:451	29.523	81	79 78	91	wsw sw	10.6	1.20 0.40	N N	0, 7
1	1st	16	29'463	29·457 29·469	81 82	79	87	N W	6.6	0.40	N	0, 6
1		16	29'866	29:372	84	80	83	S	13.8	0.10		b, v, u
1	26th	10	29·552 29·469	29·644 29·561	85 83	78 80	71	s w	5·3 5·6	0.20	C N	b, e
1	27th	16 10	29 548	29.640	86	79	72	E	3.1	0.10	C, K	d, g b, v
- 1	0011	16	29.444	29.535	89	83	76	S	9.4	0.10	Ks	6, 0
D.M.G	28th	10 16	29.576 29.504	29.669 29.596	82 83	79 78	87 78	ESE	8.8	0.10	K, KS	p, v
BY	29th	10	29.588	29.681	79	77	90	ESE	9*8	0.10	KS	p,g
CHITTAGONG	30th	16 10	29·509 29·597	29.690	82	78	82	SE	6.8 7.9	2.20 2.20	KS KS	P P,g
CH		16	29.469	29.562	78 82	76 79	87	S	7.2	***	C, KK	0, 0
1	31st	10	29°497 29°382	29·589 29·474	85	79 79	75 75	ESE	5·7 11·3	0.20	K, CK	b, v
1	1st	16	29.546	29.546	85 85	79	75	E	6.8	8.00	C	b, v
i	25th	16	29:349	29°441 29°740	85	81 75	88	w s w	9.1		C, K	6,0
	26th	16	29.584	29.614	93	77	45	W S W	10	0.02	******	8
1	26th	10 16	29.696 29.590	29 726 29 620	88	76 77	55 45	S W by W S W by W	13	0.02	*****	6
1	27th	10	29.732	29.762	89	76	- 52	W by S	14			0
	28th	16	29-641 29-813	29-671 29:843	95 85	78 76	64	W by N W S W	8	1.04	******	cloudy.
MADRAS.		10 16	29 703	29.783	90	78	56	S W by W	6			c
Y	29th	10	29.799	29.829	86	76 78	61 53	W by S	15	***		cloudy.
	30th	16 10	29°682 29°792	29-712	91 87	74	51	WSW	12	***		b
		16	29.649	29'679	94	78	46	WSW	10	***	******	c c
	31st	10	29.746 29.622	29:776 29:652	87 94	74 76	51 40	W by S W S W	15 12			c
1	26th	10	29.510	29.592	84	80	83	NE	1.0	***	KS, N KS, N, C	7
	27th	16	29'420	29.598	85 81	80 79	79	NNE	2.5	0.70	KS, N, C	d
		10 16	29.438	29.521	80	78	91	W	2:5	0.40		r
4	28th	10	29.453	29·536 29·443	79	77	90	SW	4.8	0.90	N N N	r
ACT	29th	16 10	29:360 29:410	29.493	79 81	72 74 78	70	WSW	5.8	0.40	N	7
CULLICE	30th	16	29:360	29:442	85	78	71	S W	11:8		CK, N, C C, CK C, N C, KS	Б
5	autn	10	29.475	29'557	88 84	79 79	65 79	S W S W	5.5 5.7	0.10	C, N	d
	31st	10	29.453	29.535	84	78	76	WSW	2.1	0.20	C, KS K, N	
	1st	16	29.870	29 452	87	81 77	76 . 95	NNE	0.2	0.20	N N	7
		10 16	29'460 29'368	29.543 29.461	78	78	86	w	3.7		N	r
1	26th	10	29-623	29°644 29°506	86 82	81 79	79 87	S E	4.6 6.8			8
	27th	16 10	29.544 29.668	29'688	78 78	65	46	SSE	4:4			r, q
-	2007	16	29-608	29.630	78	77 80	95	8	7.1	0.20		P
	28th	10	29:682	29 703 29 644	84 84	80	83	8	12.0	444	*****	
7	29th	10	29.689	29.710	87	83	83	S	6.2	0.40		6
AR	30th	16	29.595 29.680	29.617 29.702	82 81	80 80	91 95	SSW SW	7·8 3·6	3 20		p r
25		10	29.603	29.625	77	77	100	S	4.0	270	*****	2
	Slut	10	29:618 29:491	29.640 29.513	77 81	76 79	95 91	SKE	61	3.00		9
	lst	16	29.537	29.559	78	77	95	SE	3.0	1.50		9
S-5052		16	29.411	29.433	81	78	86	SSW	5.8	0.50		10

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st July 1874:

		iş.	, THE	BMOMI	STEE.			dew.	dity.	Wii	ND.				
Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean point.	Mean degree of humidity	Prevailing direction,	Mar. pressure.	Daily relocity.	Rein.	Moon's phases.	GHNERAL REMARKS.
		Inches.	0	0	0	0	0	0	100		th	Miles	In.		
luly	22nd	29.537	91.2	82.2	144-2	85.8	81.2	78.5	0.80	ESE&SE		89.1			Stratoni, cumuli, an
	23rd	*508	88-8	80:8	134.0	83.6	80.2	78.3	.85	SE, ENE	2.0	183-1	0.15		Clear, cirri and cumulon Thunder at 1½ and 3P.3 Light rain at 1, 2, 3½, and 9 P.M.
	24th	-489	87.5	798	137-5	82-6	80.3	78-7	*88	E&SE	1-2	240-1	0-27		Chiefly overcast. Thunds and lightning at 11½ P.3 Slight rain at 3, 6½, 7, 9 A.M.,1½, 2, and 7½ P.3
	25th	*541	87:4	79:5	128-4	81.2	79.8	78-8	.93	ESE&SE	1.0	180.3	1.02		Overcast and cirrocumu Thunder from 11 A. to 1‡ P.M. Rain aft intervals.
	26th	'564	87-5	79:4	127.0	82.0	80-4	79.3	*92	ESE, E&E by S	1.2	137-7	0.19		Overcast, cumuli as stratoni, Thunder at 15 P.M. Sheet lightning o N. at 8 P.M. Slight foggy at 10 P.M. Slight rain at 1, 3, 4 A.M. at from 1 to 5 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ P.M.
	27th	*583	88.0	79-4	139-5	82-6	80-3	78-7	*88	E by S, E & E by N	10	98.6	0.61		Stratoni, cirrocumuli at overcast. Thunder fro 12½ a.m. to 1½ p.: Lightning at 12½ a. Rain from 11 a.m. 1 p.m.
	28th	*405	83-2	79-2		80.2	79:3	78.5	. 94	E by N, N E & E S E	3.6	269-3	0.45		Scuds and overcas Brisk wind from 7 a.z to 4 P.M. Slight ra from 7 a.m. to 10 P.z
	29th	419	86.5	79.0	121*5	82-9	79'1	76.9	*85	S E, S by E	3.0	382-4	0.27	•	Overcast and clouds different kinds. Briwind from Sh a.M. Sh P.M. Slight rain fro 1 to 9 a.M. and at 1 P.M.
	30th	-519	87-6	70-6	117-5	83.4	81:0	79.3	*88	S&S by E		219-3	0.08		Cirrostrati, stratoni at overcast. Light rain 3½ and 6 P.M.
	31st	*481	84/5	78-2	124:3	80.7	79-2	78-1	-92	S by E, S W & S by W	0.2	127-7	3:37		Cirrocumuli and overcas Thunder at 12 A.M. at 2½ P.M. Slightly fogs at 10 and 11 P.M. Ra from 11½ A.M. to 5 P.J.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past ten days The maximum temperature during the past ten days The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year The mean humidity during the past ten days The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	 13·0 91·2 92·0 0·89 0·87 Inches.
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 31st by lower rain gauge	 6·33 5·60
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 31st July	 4·84 24·79 37·17

GOPEENAUTR SEN, In charge of the Observatory.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 25th of July, 1874, on 274 miles open.

	. Co	DACHING	TI	LAFE	Prc.			MERCHAN	FDIS	SE AND B	In	ERAI	L TRAF	FIC		Total f		
	Number of passengers.	· Co	achi	ing 1	receipts.			Weight carrie		1	Receip	pts.		all teacher	Total traffic receipts.			
		Rs.	Δ.	Р.	æ	8	. d.	Mds. Sr	8.	Rs.	Λ.	P.	Æ	R.	d.	£	8.	d
rotal traffic for the week	1,214	999	6	0	99	18	0	10,238	0	807	0	0	80	14	0	180	12	
or per mile of railway	45	37	0	0	8	14	0	376	0	29	0	0	2	18	0	6	12	
For previous S weeks of half-year	2,981	2,308	0	0	230	16	0	25,424	0	1,791	0	0	179	2	9	409	18	
Total for 4 weeks	4,195	3,307	0	0	830	14	0	35,662	0	2,598	0	0	259	16	0	590	10	
d for corresponding week of evious year. mile of railway corresponding	1,513	1,028	7	2	102	16	10	2,218 2	0	237	3	9	23	14	5	126	11	
eek of previous year.	56	37	11 1	10	3	15	6	81 1	7	8	11	4	0	17	5	4	12	
vious year.	5,443	3,864	10	2	386	9	3	12,071	0	1.028	4	6	102	16	7	489		

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th of July 1874, on 28 miles open.

d.	£ s. d.
0 [139 16 0 5 0 0 335 14 0
0	472 10 0
11	210 5 11
11	7 10 3
0	562 0 5
1000	d. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for Week ended 25th July 1874, on 158; miles open.

The state of the s						_	-		-			-			-		-	
		Rs.	Λ.	P.	£	8.	d.	Mds. Sr	rs.	Rs.	Α.	P.	£	8.	d-	£	8. 6	g.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 3 weeks of half-year	41,486½ 262 70,696½	18,655 117 41,632	14	3 2 3	1,700 16 3,816		10	76,452 2 483 3,24,747 2	0	29,962 189 54,829	11 5 8	7 5 7	2,746 17 4,980	11 7 8	8 2 6	4,446 28 8,796	2	0
Total for 4 weeks Comparison.	1,12,183	60,287	8	6	5,516	7	2	4,01,200 1	10	84,291	15	2	7,726	15	2	13,248	9	4
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding	29,987	22,120	0	7	2,027	13	5	1,16,716 1	14	28,669	9	5	2,628	0	11	4,655	14	4
week of previous year	192	141	5	6.	12	19	2	743	0	183	8	1	16	15	10	29	15	0
Total to corresponding date of previous year	83,7591	55,200	14	0	5,000	1	7	8,11,852 1	15	62,417	2	8	5,721	11	6	10,781	18	1

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for Week ended 25th July 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

lal traffic for the week	106,438 268,955	Rs. 1,15,970 90 3,18,979		8	£ s, d. 10,680 13 6 8 6 1 29,239 15 5	Mds. Srs. 10,60,893 10 22,68,279 30	Rs. A. P. * 4,21,012 8 3	£ s. d 38,592 16 3 30 3 0 92,124 18 4	£. s. d. 49,223 9 9 38 9 1 1,21,364 13 9
Total for 4 weeks	875,393	4,34,950	4	0	39,870 8 11	83,29,173 0	14,28,011 9 6	1,30,717 14 7	1,70,588 3 6
Total for corresponding weeks of previous year per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	1,02,878	128,331 100	0	6.	11,768 18 7	4,86,849 10	2,32,725 1 6 181 13 1	21,333 8 2 16 13 4	38,097 1 9 25 17 2
previous year	3,93,997	4,78,031	7	9	43,819 11 1	20,09,388 10	9,19,801 7 0	84,315 2 8	1,28,134 13 9

Rs. 50,552-11 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th July 1874, on 223; miles open.

	. Co	ACRING TRAFFI	c.	MERCHANDI	SE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.	Total tra
	Number of passengers.	Coaching r	eccipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	receipt
	100	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. & s. d	£ 6.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 8 weeks of half-year	8,678 9,514	9,866 1 6 44 2 4 24,658 3 7	904 7 10 4 0 11 2,259 17 7	63,418 20 1,76,509 20	*18,636 11 0 1,708 7 8 83 6 2 7 12 11 55,126 15 3 5,053 6 1	2,612 15
Total for 4 weeks	18,192	34,519 5 1	3,164 5 5	2,89,928 0	73,768 10 3 6,761 13 4	9,925 18
COMPARISON. Potal for corresponding week of previous year For mile of railway, corresponding	3,406	7,898 9 0	723 19 11	30,519 20	10,222 13 6 987 1 16	1,661 1
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	1	85 5 5 29,842 10 0	3 4 10 2,735 11 6	1,26,676 30	45 11 16 4 8 16 59,618 6 2 3,631 13 8	THE REAL PROPERTY.
the second section of	the state of	The state of the s				A PARTY OF

^{*} Rs. 6,980 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week

No. 32 of 1874.





The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

BENGAL FAMINE.

TWENTY-THIRD SPECIAL NARRATIVE OF THE DROUGHT IN BENGAL FROM THE 24th JULY TO THE 6th AUGUST 1874.

The Lieutenant-Governor (Sir Richard Temple) writes from Dacca on the 3rd August the following remarks to be included in this narrative:—

"I have not yet received sufficiently recent information to enable me to test effectually the estimate of the dimensions of the distress and the total consumption of Government grain by the end of August, as put forward in my narrative of the 7th July; but there is reason to believe that the expenditure to the third week in August will equal the amount estimated in that narrative, namely 235,000 tons. It will be seen on reference to that estimate that the actual expenditure to the third week in June amounted to 115,000 tons, and that the estimated expenditure from the third week of June to third week of August amounted to 120,000 tons, or at the rate of 60,000 tons a month for the two months. Now, the actual expenditure to the third week in July is found to amount to 176,839 tons, thus—

				Tons.
Patna Division			***	87,921
Bhagulpore Division		•••		35,455
Rajshahye Division	***	***		43,879
Northern Bengal Railway	***			788
Chota Nagpore Division			***	6,538
Burdwan Division	***			1,896
Cooch Behar Division	***	•••		362
		Total		176 839

The difference, then, between 115,000 and 187,000 tons, namely 72,000 tons, shows the expenditure for the first of the two monthly periods, or more than

the anticipated rate of 60,000 tons. If this rate of expenditure should continue during August, the estimate of the 7th July may be somewhat exceeded. Some circumstances have occurred since July to improve the general case as made out on the 7th July, namely the early cessation of distress in parts of Rungpore, Bogra, and Maldah, and the disappearance of distress in most parts of Shahabad and Gya. On the other hand, things have happened to make the case slightly worse. Recent reports received by telegraph from North Tirhoot speak of the frontier store-houses being much depleted by reason of the recourse of large numbers of Nepalese to the Government grain stores. In some districts there are more persons (not able-bodied men, but women and children,) on relief works than were expected. The numbers on gratuitous or charitable relief have risen. In two important districts-Sarun and Manbhoom, and in some districts less important as regards distress-Burdwan, Bankoora, Rajshahye, and parts of Moorshedabad, affairs have had an unfavorable tendency. The rainy season, though almost perilously delayed in South Bengal, capricious in Central Bengal, and in North Behar threatening at one time from excess of water, has turned out well throughout Northern and Eastern Bengal; and in those parts where rain was most wanted, it has recently fallen. Thus on the whole the early (aous) rice crop is nearly secure, and the Indian-corn is already being cut."

"Thus there is still reason to hope that we shall have at the end of August a balance of something near 165,000 tons, as set forth on the 7th July. This quantity would be gross without allowing for wastage, and would be of course exclusive of the reserve with the Government of India at Calcutta. Of late, however, we have been obliged to draw on the Calcutta reserve for supplies to the southern districts, the Burdwan division, and other places. On the whole, the balance of grain in hand by the beginning of September in Calcutta and in the districts, though we hope quite enough, may not be more than enough for safety. Instructions to all relief officers have been reiterated to persevere in carefulness in administering relief in grain,—on the one hand distributing the grain fully to the distressed classes according to the rules and giving the people the benefit of the intentions of Government, yet on the other hand husbanding their supplies and striving to maintain some considerable surplus stocks against unforeseen necessity."

"Apprehensions similar to those adverted to in the narrative of the 14th May seem again to have arisen in respect to the policy of Government respecting the sale of its grain to the public, and especially doubts as to whether the principles set forth in that narrative have been adhered to. Certainly it is our intention that they should be so adhered to, and I trust that they will not be found to have been departed from in any district."

"It is true that the natives have often asked for some cheapening of the price of Government grain in places where it is now being sold; that native merchants have repeatedly suggested the sale of such grain in places where it is not being sold; that this course has occasionally been advocated by nonofficial European gentlemen of much local weight; that in some instances district officers have advocated the stimulating of sales by the lowering of prices below the rates fixed by Government; that some well-informed Europeans, and many natives of proved loyalty and humanity, still think it a flaw in the administration of relief that the Government granaries were not opened freely enough to the public: but these requests have not been acceded to, nor have these views prevailed with the Government. It was felt on consideration that be the merits of any such proposal what they might, certain rules and interpretations of rules had been declared on the 14th May, and that no reasonable effort should be spared to secure adherence thereto.'

"On the 14th May certain places were specified as those in which these sales were going on. Since that date they have been authorized in Manbhoom, the Sonthal country, parts of Maldah and of Moorshedabad, and parts of Bankoora, these places being in addition to the places then mentioned; and the extension of the measure to any fresh place has generally been notified in a succeeding narrative. The extension was ordered in every instance by reason of the apprehension of a serious deficiency of grain which the trade was unable to supply, and was not therefore any departure from the rule as announced."

"Again, on the 14th May the cheapest (retail) price of the grain was announced at 12 seers for the rupee. The basis of the decision was declared to be (in the words of the rule) the price at the nearest large mart accessible by rail or river, plus such addition as might be thought proper. In May the price was fixed by this standard, and continued so till the end of June. By the beginning of July, however, the prices of grain at the nearest large marts accessible by rail or river fell by about 15 per cent. towards the west, and about 20 per cent. towards the east. According to the rule, then, the people of the distressed districts, where sales of Government grain were going on, became entitled to some reduction in the price: therefore the retail price was fixed on the 4th July at 13 seers for the rupee in Behar, and 14 seers in the Rajshahye division. This was announced in the narrative of the 7th July, that is on the first opportunity. This, it is to be observed, was the retail price. For the wholesale price the local officers were authorized to make such allowance as might be fair in favor of the wholesale dealer within certain limits: that is to say, where the retail price was 13 seers, the wholesale price might be 14 to 15 seers; where the retail price was 14 seers, the wholesale price might be 15 to 16 seers. This wholesale price is adjusted by the local officer according to the distance which the grain has to be carried and the difficulty of the transit. In some parts of Rungpore, as adverted to in the narrative of the 14th May, it was arranged that the traders should carry the grain for considerable distances, thereby saving the cost of Government carriage. In such cases a larger allowance than that above stated had to be made. Since the commencement of the rains the same principle has been to some extent followed in North Behar. The result is that the traders in some cases bear the cost of distribution from a large depôt to village granaries, an allowance being made to them in the wholesale price."

"In all cases of wholesale transactions the trader is practically compelled to sell at the same retail price as that observed in the Government sales, by the fact that at all Government granaries retail sales to the public are allowed; and if the wholesale dealer tried to sell dearer, he would lose his

"The prices above stated are for husked rice (that is, rice from which the husks have been cleared away). If rice is sold partly husked, the remainder being still in husk, which is often called 'cargo' rice, then an allowance in the price is made for that: for example, if 13 seers be the price for husked rice, the price for the same rice if sold as 'cargo' rice would be 15 seers, and

"I particularize these points briefly because partial or incomplete information regarding the wholesale prices or the cargo prices might convey an erroneous idea that the prices of Government rice have been altered more than they really have been. The fundamental rate in this case is the retail price. By that standard the 'wholesale' and the 'cargo' prices are strictly and precisely regulated, and by no other. And it may be repeated that the sales are governed by the rules as sanctioned by the Government of India as already notified, and by no other."

"The Collectors of Rungpore and Bogra did recommend further modifications of the prices, but their proposals were negatived. The Collector of Bogra in particular advised that in his district the Government price should be lowered, because the market prices were fast becoming cheaper. He apparently considered that his people were entitled to this benefit, and that just regard to their welfare should prompt him to stimulate as much as possible the sale of Government grain until all his stocks were exhausted. But it was immediately pointed out to him that the cheapening of the market could only have arisen from private importations; that the people could well subsist on the grain thus imported; that it was not the duty of Government to find additional supplies for them, or to promote sales for any purpose save the relief of necessity that the fixed price of Government grain would not be lowered; that if this caused the sales to cease, the result would be well; that if surplus stocks remained, the result also would be well, for the grain might be wanted elsewhere; but that surplus or no surplus, the rules and the price as notified must not be departed from."

"The case of Rungpore and Bogra is an example of the fact that traders are not deterred by Government sales from importing grain. These two districts are well situated for water carriage early in the rains. Immediately on the rising of rivers and setting in of the southerly wind, supplies were thrown in by trade to every mart accessible by water. In such places scarcity ceased quite suddenly, while it continued in places which, though comparatively near, could not be approached by water. In North Behar the access by water is not so speedy; but there also trade will, it is hoped, send supplies, and it is partly for this reason that we look for much diminution of sales from the end of August. In Behar, however, the large supplies brought in by trade (as stated in former narratives) have hardly, as yet, reached the most distressed parts, being virtually intercepted by the semi-distressed parts which are nearer at hand, and which are better able to buy. We trust, however, that the gradual percolation of supply may touch ultimately the most distressed localities."

"Regarding advances to cultivators, there is not at present anything to be added to what has been stated in former narratives save this, that inquiry on the spot has satisfied us that in the Sarun district these advances (which are larger there than anywhere else) are the means of preventing not only emaciation, but considerable mortality among the lower section of the cultivating class. It is apparent in many districts that these people have exhausted, or nearly exhausted, their slender stock of food, and have difficulty in tiding over even the short interval that must be passed before the new harvest begins to come in."

"Notwithstanding that in the most distressed districts all able-bodied laborers have been transferred from the relief works to the fields, it is a matter for disappointment that the total number on these works in all the districts has continued so large. In the northern and most distressed districts the women and children have in large numbers remained on the works, and their condition is such that the relief officers fear to send them away. The wages, however, have been lowered to the lowest rate for bare existence; so that there shall be no inducement to resort to the works if other employment could be got. In West Tirhoot, indeed, the case of these women and children seemed to the Collector to be such that he recommended some increase to the pittance; but on consideration this was not sanctioned. We apprehend that possibly some women may be on the works whose male relatives are earning adequate wages elsewhere, though the relief officers seem confident that such is not the case as a rule. Still a special warning has been addressed to the relief circles to guard against any abuse of this sort. In the southern and less distressed districts our officers still consider it necessary to admit many able-bodied men to the works who would work in the fields if they could get wages. But though the cultivation is as large as ever, the cultivators cannot afford to employ field labor, and therefore do all the work with their own hands, and so get on somehow. The advances to them of grain alleviate this difficulty and afford them the means of giving wages in kind, and so drawing away people from the relief works."

"Again, the very high number on gratuitous and charitable relief—in the aggregate exceeding our expectation—is a matter for disappointment. One cause is the admission of so many persons who from caste or other reasons (as explained in former narratives) cannot work and are yet brought to sore straits. The continuance of high prices, despite the rains and the approach of the first harvest, has aggravated this difficulty. When the number rises rapidly in any relief circle, there is of course fear of imposture or of over-liberality. But wherever this occurs, the Collector or other superior relief officer checks it. There have been repeated instances of the exercise of such check; still by way of precaution a general warning has been addressed to relief officers to guard against imposture. There is probably less ground for this apprehension in Behar, where the people had no previous experience of general relief, than in districts like Burdwan, where relief from causes other than scarcity has previously been established, and where imposture, if not guarded against, would be largely practised."

"I am not yet able to state the average number of persons receiving assistance during July and August, as compared with the number given in the

narrative of 7th July, for the worst period in June. But though the number may perhaps prove higher than the anticipation, yet on the whole the distress probably will be kept within bounds until the middle of September, when the falling or the failing of the autumnal rains will decide the fate of the winter rice crop (amun), the cessation or the continuance of the scarcity, and the relaxation or the maintenance of the relief operations."

Weather and Rainfall.—The weather throughout North-East and South-East Bengal and the whole of Behar has been everything that could be desired; but in Burdwan, Hooghly, a small part of Midnapore, Manbhoom, Bankoora, parts of Beerbhoom, Moorshedabad, Rajshahye, Nuddea, Jessore, and Mymensing, rain is said to be urgently required.

Prospects of Crops.—The crops throughout Behar, North-East and South-East Bengal, Orissa, and the greater part of Chota Nagpore, are said to promise exceedingly well. Throughout the rest of the country it appears that in parts the yield of the autumn crops will be small, but there is no reason to apprehend much less than an average yield on the whole, even in the worst districts; while there can be little doubt that the yield throughout the greater part of the country will be unusually large.

Prices.—Prices have to a great extent followed the weather. Where the weather has been favourable, they have fallen; where it has been unfavourable, they have risen. There are some exceptions to this rule, but generally it holds good, as it might be expected to do. Prices have fallen slightly in Burdwan and Moorshedabad; more considerably in Howah, 24-Pergunnahs, Dinagepore, Maldah, Julpigoree, Backergunge, Sylhet, Chittagong, and Tipperah; while in Bogra the fall has been especially great, rice having gone down during the fortnight from 13 seers 8 chittacks to 16 seers 8 chittacks for the rupee. Prices have risen in Bankoora, Beerbhoom, Midnapore, Hooghly, Nuddea, Jessore, Rajshahye, and Fureedpore, and have remained stationary in Rungpore, Pubna, and Moorshedabad. In Behar, prices have fallen in Patna, Chumparun, Purneah, and Monghyr. The fall in the last district has been especially great, rice having fallen from 12 seers 1 chittack to 13 seers 6 chittacks, while barley continues to become cheaper. The markets remain nearly stationary in Tirhoot and Sarun; in both these districts rice has fallen slightly, while barley has risen, though in Sarun the latter grain is very cheap. There has been a slight rise of prices in Shahabad and Bhagulpore, while they have remained stationary in Gya and the Sonthal Pergunnahs. In Chota Nagpore prices have risen in every district except Hazareebagh, but they still remain low everywhere except in Manbhoom, where rice is selling at 13 seers for the rupee. In Orissa prices are stationary and low in spite of the large quantities of grain which still continue to be exported.

Private Trade.—The usual note on the movements of food-grains is given in appendix A. The returns show an increase of 3,348 tons imported by private traders into Behar as compared with last fortnight. This increase was probably due to the anxiety of traders to take the utmost advantage they could of the half-rates of freight after the receipt of the notification that this concession would be withdrawn by the Government of India from the 1st August. The river traffic shows a considerable decrease; but the district narratives show that the internal trade shows signs of recovering, as the Collector of Rungpore reports that exports of the new rice from his district have begun, and the prospects of the autumn rice throughout North-Eastern Bengal are sufficiently good to warrant the expectation that several districts will have surplus stores to dispose of to those where distress still continues.

Tirhoot.—There is little calling for remark in this district. Supplies are still short in Mozufferpore, and sales of Government rice are still necessary in the town; but the prospects of the crop are everywhere excellent, except in certain limited tracts, chiefly in the Muddhoobunnee and Durbhunga sub-divisions, where considerable damage has been caused by floods.

Chumparun.—The remarks made with regard to Tirhoot apply equally well to this district. Distress is rapidly decreasing, as is shown by the reduction in the demand for labour on the canal works.

Sarun.—The giving of advances still forms the principal part of the work performed by relief officers.

South Behar.—Here all distress may be said to have ceased for the present, except in a few places, where it is by no means severe.

Bhagulpore Division.—The floods in Purneah, which were considered at one time likely to have caused much distress in that district, have subsided without doing much damage. From all parts of the division the reports as to future prospects are most cheering, except from Monghyr, where the Collector thinks the yield of the autumn crops will not be so good as was expected owing to the long continued rain, which hindered weeding.

Rajshahye Division.—Except in Moorshedabad and Rajshahye, where distress has somewhat increased, chiefly owing to a deficiency of rain, the prospects of the districts of this division continue to improve steadily. Distress is rapidly disappearing in Bogra, Rungpore, and Maldah; and in Dinagepore the Collector hopes that, from the time the autumn crops are reaped, distress will rapidly diminish, provided the prospects of the winter crop continue good: but he remarks that the Relief Commissioner does not take quite so sanguine a view of the case as he does.

Burdwan Division.—Distress continues to increase throughout this division, the chief cause probably being that in none of the distressed districts can the prospects of the coming crop be considered to be good, and hence the mahajuns refuse the usual aid to the poorer ryots, who are thus driven to seek relief from Government. The low state of health to which a large proportion of the population have been reduced by the fever prevailing for the past few years in most districts probably leads numbers of people to seek relief from charity rather than try to help themselves; and the result of these converging causes has been that the demands for Government assistance have been much greater than was anticipated, and have increased to such an extent that the local authorities have found it very difficult to exercise the supervision necessary to detect imposture and eliminate applicants not deserving of relief. The staff has been strengthened in Bankoora and Burdwan, the two worst districts; and it is hoped that from henceforth, if all goes well, the numbers in receipt of charitable relief will diminish.

Chota Nagpore.—Considerable apprehensions were at one time entertained as to the crops in Lohardugga, Singbhoom, and Manbhoom, but these have been quite set at rest in the two former districts by the recent rain. In Manbhoom the rainfall has not been so copious; and though there was no immediate fear on account of the autumn crops, yet there was still much rain wanted for the later rice crops.

Relief Works.—The following statement shows the numbers on relief works during the fortnight under report as compared with that preceding it:—

			Last fortnight.	This fortnight.
Patna Division			376,560	265,552
Gunduk Embankment		- //	11,052	2,869
Soane Canal			28,530	28,455
Bhagulpore Division			58,647	48,349
Rajshahye Division			103,356	66,364
Northern Bengal Railway	***		8,578	5,795
Burdwan and Chota Nagpore			49,561	33,732
Cooch Behar			2,478	2,370
T	otal		638,762	453,486

The following table shows the numbers employed in each district, with details, as far as they are available, of those employed on piece or task-work and daily wages respectively:—

DIVISIONS.	Names of Districts.	Labovers under Public Works Department.	Laborers under eirele officers.	Total laborers.	Task or piece- work	Daily wages.
	Tirhoot, North Tirhoot, South Chumparun Sarun Patus	20,020 none. 993 121,507 Nil	24,557 84,229 5,825 3,205 Nil	44,577 84,229 { 6,818 124,712 Nil	26,887 10,855 Details ind No de Dit	tails. to
PATNA	Shahabad	Nil 3,603	1,066 547	1,066 4,150	351 4,044	715 106
	Total	146,123	119,429	265,552		
	Gunduk Embankment Soane Canal	2,869 28,455	Nil Nil	2,869 28.455	2,869 28,455	
	Total	31,324		31,324		vi
	Total for Patna Division	177,447	119,429	295,876		
EHAGULPORE {	Monghyr Bhagulpore Purneah Southal Pergunnahs	2.607 Nil. 2.765 2.975	6,491 24,679 8,832	2,607 6,491 27,444 11,807	I	details. Ditto.
	Total	8,347	40,002	48,349		¥
R. 13 8ПАНТВ {	Maidah Dinagepore Rungpore Bogra Moorshedabad Rajshahye Pubna	1,089 653 239 3,800 9,348 615	1,954 6,144 6,753 9,309 Nil 26,460 Nil	3,043 6,797 6,992 9,369 3,800 35,808 615	3.800	5,633 6,745 etails.
	Total	15,744	50,620	66,364	*****	
	Northern Bengal Railway	5,795	Nil	5,795	5,795	
CHOTA NAGPORE {	Maubhoom Palamow Hazareebagh (a) *	5,285 653 7,601	Nil Nil	8,512 653 7,601	5,699 No det Ditt	a ils. o.
	Total	13,539	3,227	16,766	34444	
BURDWAN	Hooghly Beerbhoom	2,851 5,322	Nil 1,440	2.851 6,762	2,851 5,322	Details imper
1	Burdwan	4,019 3,334	Nil Nil	4,019 3,334	3,384	letails.
	Total	15,526	1,440	16,966	+	
COOCH BEHAR	Julpigoree	2,370	Nil	2,370		No details.
	Grand Total	288,768	214,718	453,486		

(a.) Last fortnight's figures.

A comparison of the above figures with those given in the 22nd narrative shows that the decrease is universal except in Rajshahye, where there has been a considerable influx of labourers to relief works during the fortnight. In many districts the numbers employed are expected to increase somewhat after the weeding of the crops has been finished, and in the more important works an increase in the number of labourers will be most welcome.

Appendix C contains two minutes by Sir Richard Temple detailing the measures it is proposed to take for making the relief works permanently useful.

Gunduk Embankment and High Level Canal.—The work on the lower embankment has been almost entirely brought to an end during the fortnight, and there is nothing but dressing and turfing to be done. On the higher embankment 682,539 cubic feet of earthwork were completed, and 2,602,569 square feet of dressing and turfing. 1,549,964 cubic feet of earthwork were finished on the High Level Canal, six miles of the bed being in progress. 26 miles of the temporary road have been made.

Soane Canal.—About 42 lakhs of cubic feet of earthwork have been excavated during the formight, but more labour is wanted, and is expected as soon as the demand for field labour decreases.

Northern Bengal Railway.—The total amount of earthwork completed up to date is 69,614,000 feet, equal to 143 miles of 4 feet bank, with a top width of 15 feet. During the fortnight over $22\frac{1}{2}$ lakes of cubic feet were thrown up. 102 miles of feeder roads have been made.

Charitable Relief.—The following table shows the numbers in the receipt of charitable relief in each district as compared with those of the previous fortnight:—

Dr	rision		-		Na	mes of	Distr	icts.			Number of	NUMBER ON REL	CHARITABLE EF.
	IBION	34									centres.	This fortnight.	Last fortnight.
-		-								-	-91		20.
			- []	Tirhoot, Nor		***	***	144	***	***	681 {	204,938	197,536 27,592
				Chumparun		***		***	***	***	50	32,428	18,162
PATNA				Sarun		***		***	***		18	44,337	32,000
LAINA	***	***	1	Th		***	***		***		None.	None.	None.
			- 11			***	***	241		***	12	1,866	1,760
			1	Shahabad	0	***	***	***	++>	***	15	3,202	3,193
									Total		776	318,458	280,243
			,	Monghyr				***			16	2,656	2.242
			1	Bhagulpore			***	1000		***	15	46,172(b)	46,172
BHAGULPORR	***	***	5	Purneah		-4			***	***	55	25,293	15,092
			(Southal Per	gunn	hs	***		***	++.1		3,203	246
									Total		86	77,324	63,752
			-	Maldah							33	10.698	11,411
			1			***			***		447	95.139	80,096
			-					***			33	9,430	19,518
RAJSHARYB	***	***	<	Bogra	***			***	***	***	30	40,212(a)	22,373
			- 1	Moorshedab	ad	***	***	***	***	***	24	18,465	13,853
			4		***	***	***	***		***	19	26,408	18,181
			(Pubna	***	***	***	***	***	***	******	5,222	734
									Total		586	205,574	166,166
			(Manbhoom		-11						16.214	20,085
CHOTA NAGPO	B.B	***	{	Palamow	***	***			***	***		369	337
						,			Total	*		16,583	20,402
				** **							-		
8			(Hooghly Beerbhoom	***	***	***	***	***	***		8,194	5,061
BURDWAN	***		3	Bankoora	***	***	***	***	***	***	******	23,075	18,690
			1	Burdwan	***	***	***		141	***		38,716 61,332	56,748
			,	Darawan	•••	***		***				01,002	00,747
				*					Total	***		131,317	111,844
Сооси Венав	***	***		Julpigoree		***	***			*		717	1,117
				4.12				Grand	l Total	4	1,448	749,973	643,524
				100				Increa	se			100	,449

(a) Includes labourers turned off the works with a supply of grain.
(b) Last fortnight's figures. None received for this fortnight.

From the above statement it will be seen that the only districts where the numbers have decreased are Maldah, Rungpore, Julpigoree, and Manbhoom. Bogra will probably show a large decrease during next fortnight, as a considerable number of those entered as receiving charitable relief were labourers turned off relief works with a supply of grain for their subsistence till they can get work.

The total numbers, independently of the recipients of advances and of the buyers of Government grain, receiving aid on relief works and from charitable relief recorded above, amount to 1,203,459 persons, showing a diminution in the numbers of 972,176 persons as compared with the maximum number of 2,175,635 persons recorded as working on relief works and receiving charity in the 20th narrative.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. F. K. HEWITT,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPENDIX A TO THE 23RD SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Movement of Food-grains.

As the Collector of Customs has not been able to furnish the complete monthly return for July of exports and imports from the Bengal Presidency, the figures for that month given in the last narrative, cannot be completed until next fortnight.

2. The following figures show (in tons) the quantity of food grains "sent up from stations below Rajmehal and Jamooee, and down from stations above Mirzapore, which was delivered at stations between Rajmehal and Buxar (inclusive)" between the 12th and 25th July, compared with the figures for the previous fortnight :-

		Thi	is fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Increase.
Up Down	 	***	11,516 7,914	5,554 6,785	5,962 1,129
	Total		19,430	12,339	7,091

The increase in the down traffic is all in private grain. Of that in the up traffic, 2,614 tons were Government and 3,348 private grain. The totals to date (from the beginning of November) of the returns on which the above figures are based, and which are for Behar only, are given below. The ""up" figures are only approximately correct. Appendix B, however, shows in detail the destination of all the Government grain sent up from Howrah since the commencement of operations.

			G	grain.	Private grain.	Total.
Up Down	*** *	***	***	284,050	154,273	438,323
Down	***	***		39,330	199,426	238,756
		Total		323,380	353,699	677,079

3. The importations of food-grains by the eastern canals from the 18th to 31st July were 3,438 tons (against 3,810 tons during the previous fortnight), making in all 201,938 tons since 1st October 1873.

4. The private traffic registered on the Ganges is as shown below :-

Stations.			Date.		Direction.		Tons.	o date from 1st November 1873. Tons.
Sahebgunge		. 19t	h July to 1st August	t	Up the Ganges		1.720	41,666
Ditto	***		Ditto		Down the do.	***	3,382	21,274
Goalundo	***	. 12t	h to 25th July		Up the do.		103	28,222
Kooshtea			Ditto		Down the do.		102	12.941

Compared with the figures given in the last narrative, there is a falling off in the up and down traffic of 370 and 577 tons respectively. The grain sent upward was chiefly rice; the greater part of that sent down was wheat and gram for the Calcutta market. The decrease in the river traffic appears to be due to the fall and general equalisation of prices in the distressed districts accessible by water communication.

On Special Duty.

APPENDIX B TO THE 23RD SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Return of Grain despatched from Calcutta up to Monday, the 3rd August 1874 .- (Gross Railway weight.)

DIVISION IN WHICH TO BE USED.	Station to which sent.	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.	Remarks.
	Arrah (for Sarun)	Mds. 3,96,716	Mds.	Mds.	-
ar to be all	Barh (for Chumparun) Barh Bankipore Bihta	77,476 16,04,383 53,576		77,476 16,04,383 53,576 20,827	
ATNA	Bukhtiarpore Buxar Dinapore	23,235 8,026 3,336		23,235 8,096 3,336 9,022	
	Poomraon	(a)20,50,627 1,03,880 (b)6,98,173	68,733	20,50,627 1,03,880 7,66,906	(a) Of this 20,585 maunds was seed-grain. (b) Of this 9,436 maunds was
42.64.04	Patna Ghât Sultangunge Zumanea	(c)58,858		6,07,626 58,858 16,027	(c) Of this 39,031 maunds we seed-grain.
	Totals of Patna Division	67,31,789	96,157	58,27,945	

Return of Grain despatched from Calcutta up to Monday, the 3rd August 1874.—(Gross Railway weight).—Continued.

AND THE RESERVE TO SERVE TO SE	Station to which sent.	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.	REMARKS.
	1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	The whole and the
		38,863		38,863	
	***************************************	0.070		2.078	
ONE CIRCLE	Beheea	2,032		2,032	
ONE CARGON	Buxar	4,354		4,354	
	Mogul Serai	33,521		33,521	
	Totals of Sone Circle	80,848		80,848	
	Grand Totals, Patna Divis and Sone Circle	ion 58,12,636	96,157	59,08,793	and the same
	Bhagulpore	(d) 1,41,596	-	1,41,596	(d) Besides this 28,351 maur
1	Burriarpore	2,275	1	2,275	
	Burhea	3,744		3,744 8,00,331	and Colgong to Nepal.
	Caragolah	0.40,000		3,42,087	1 17 10 10
	Colgong Ghidhour	3,42,087		1,981	
	Jamooee	26,810		26,810	
	Knirch	3,506		3,506	
	Luckee Serai	79,941		79,941	The state of the s
	Monebyr	3,70,321		3,70,821	
	Peerpointee	64,210		64,210	
HAGULPORE	Sahebgunge	15,483		15,483 2,77,349	
	Sultangunge Bahawa			20:981	
The state of the s	Bahawa Teenpahar	20,981		20;981 11,052	The state of the s
4	Maharajpore	3,033		3,033	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	Moerrarooee	20,449		20,449	
	Rampore Hât	6,115		6,115	The second second
1.19 1 1/4 1	Jamtarra	16,239	1,134	17,373	
	Baidynath Synthea	1,102	1,012	2,114 6,126	
				2,705	
100	Rajmehal	2,705	3,574	5,599	
1	Mullarpore		1,154	1,154	The state of the s
	Totals of Bhagulpore Divis	ion 17,18,408	7,927	17,26,335	a la tri la Station
1	Goalundo	4,91,870		4,91,870	
1	Kaligunge	1,85,781	******	1,85,781	the property of the party of th
	Kooshtea	(e)11,73,836		11,73,886	(e) Includes 2,025 mannds s
	Rajmehal Sahebgunge	86,523		86,523 1,02,315	to Dinagepore jail.
and the same of	Shohajipara	75,646		75,646	to wandepore jair.
AJSEARTE	Azimennee	10,763	3	10,763	armend to some
	Synthea Moorrarooee	2,077		2,077	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
		3,565	5 567	4,132	
	Nawadi	2,068	1,134	8,202	
1	Nulhattee Rampore Håt	1,100		1,667 7,543	
	Shopore	5,913	1,590	567	1.7 TO 40 DESCRIPTION TO
121-17 19	Totals of Rajshahye Division	-		21,45,882	 Contractor
	Burrakar	2,14,369		2,41,480	1,82,08,00
			0.000	37,843	
HOTA NASPORE {	Girhidee	34,861	1 2,982	07,843	
hota Nagpore {		34,861		2,79,323	- Landeryka odl
HOTA NASPORE {	Totals of Chota Nagy Division Raneegunge	34,861	30,093	2,79,323	
HOTA NASPORE {	Totals of Chota Nagr Division Raneegunge	34,861 pore 2,49,230 20,006 23,728	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372	2,79,323 43,637 44,100	
HOTA NAGPORE {	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagr Division Raneegunge Burdwan Bhulpore	2,40,230 20,006 23,728	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 9 296	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679	nali (in iran - Michael Jin i n) - Till a minimal - Till a minimal - Till a minimal
HOTA NASPORE {	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Raneegunge Burdwan Bholyore Hooghly	34,861 pore 2,40,236 20,006 23,725 10,385 15,200	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 9 9,296 6 4,090	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296	THE STATE OF THE S
BOTA NACPORE {	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Banegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction	34,861 pore 2,49,230 20,006 23,726 10,388 15,200 5,211	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,090 5 3,008	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223	HARTINE WAS
BOTA NASPORE {	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagj Division Raneegunge Burdwan Bullpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah	34,861 pore 2,48,236 20,006 23,725 10,385 15,206 5,211	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,090 5 3,008	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 204	Andrew States of the Control of the
mota Nagroze {	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nag; Division Raneegunge Burlore Houghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah	34,861 20,000 20,000 23,725 10,381 15,200 5,211 20 73	0 30;093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,090 5 3,008	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 204 730	regal emitende Detarre Mai describbe Con describbe
nota Naspore {	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagy Division Banegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore	34,861 pore 2,440,236 20,000 23,728 10,381 15,200 5,211 20 73 4,506 5,66	0 30;093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 4,090 5 3,008 4 4 2,106 4 5,863	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 204 730 6,670	regal emitende Detarre Mai describbe Con describbe
mota Naspoee {	Girhides Totals of Chota Naga Division Ranegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Synthea Goshkara	34,861 2,49,236 20,006 23,725 10,388 15,206 5,211 20 73 4,566 5,66 4,02	0 30;093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,298 6 4,090 5 3,008 4 2,106 4 5,863 4 5,843	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 204 730 6,670 11,527 9,208	regal emitende Detarre Mai describbe Con describbe
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Raneegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandoaah Serampore Synthes Goshkhara Mancoor	34,861 2,49,236 20,006 23,728 10,388 115,206 5,211 20 73 4,56 6,68 4,02 18,66 18,66	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,090 5 3,008 4 4 2,106 4 5,184 5,184 8 20,483	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 904 730 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,361	Portugal Portugal Commission of the American Commission of the Com
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Raneguage Burdwan Bhulpore Burdwan Bhulpore Buggah Base Junction Magrah Pandosah Serampore Synthea Goshkhara Mancoor Ahmoodore	34,861 2,40,236 20,006 23,725 10,383 15,200 6,211 20 733 4,56 5,66 4,02 18,86 3,64	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 8 9,298 6 4,090 6 4,090 6 4,090 6 4,090 6 4,090 6 4,090 6 5,184 6 5,843 8 20,483 8 5,811	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 904 730 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,361	The second of the second
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagy Division Raneegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandoah Serampore Synthes Goshkhara Mancoor Ahmoodpore Cutwa	34,961 2,44,236 20,006 22,729 10,388 15,200 6,211 20 73 4,56 6,66 4,02 18,86 3,44 33,81	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,090 5 3,008 4 4 2,106 4 5,863 4 5,184 8 20,483 6 6,811 2 40,600	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 904 730 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,361	Portugal Portugal Commission of the American Commission of the Com
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Eaneguage Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Synthes Goeikhara Manesor Ahmoolpore Mullappore Mullappore Aumnole	34,961 20,006 22,729 23,729 20,006 23,729 20,006 6,921 20 73 466 4,02 18,86 3,44 33,81 3,64	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,990 5 3,008 4 2,106 4 5,843 4 6,843 4 6,843 8 20,483 8 20,483 8 4 0,503	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 204 780 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,351 9,467 74,312 6,962	Control of the contro
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Naga Division Raneguage Burdwan Bholpore Bogoli Bogoli	34,961 2,40,234 20,006 23,792 10,388 15,202 4,66 4,02 18,868 3,813 3,411 3,411 3,411 3,411	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 5 3,008 4 4,990 6 5 3,008 4 4 5,184 4 5,184 8 20,483 6 6,811 2 40,600 9 2,613 6 2,03 6 3,03 6 5,116	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,679 19,296 8,223 294 730 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,351 9,467 74,312 6,962 369 6,291	Despres
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Eaneguage Burdwan Bholpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Synthea Goeikhara Manesor Ahmoolpore Mullarpore Asensole Bledia Blurrakar	34,961 20,006 22,729 23,729 20,006 23,729 20,006 6,921 20,006 6,921 20 73,30 4,66 4,02 18,86 3,44 33,81 3,64 11,00 112	0 30,093 23,698 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,990 5 3,008 4 2,106 4 6,893 4 6,813 6 6,811 2 40,600 9 2,613 6 2,013 6 5,116 2 3,008	2,79,323* 44,363* 44,100 19,679 19,266 8,223 204 780 6,677 11,527 9,208 39,351 9,467 74,312 6,962 369 6,221	The second secon
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Raneguage Burdwan Bhulpore Burdwan Bhulpore Burdwan Bhulpore Bogor	34,961 9,40,230 9,006 27,708 15,200 73,15,200 16,66 4,02 18,86 3,44 33,81 3,64 116 110 120 7,08	30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,996 5 3,008 4 5,83 4 6,83 4 6,83 8 20,483 8 6 6,811 2 40,500 9 2,613 6 2,33 6 2,33 6 3,33 6 5,33 6 6 5,13 6 6 6,81	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 19,879 19,296 8,223 204 730 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,351 9,487 74,319 6,202 389 6,202 39,361 274 77,087	Despression of the control of the co
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Eanegunge Burdwan Bholpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Synthea Goeikhara Mancoor Ahmoodpore Cutwa Amoodpore Cutwa Bandooah Bledia Bledia Bledia Bledia Bledia Doorgapore	34,961 29,00,330 29,006 29,272 10,388 1,5,30 5,211 20,006 4,66 4,66 4,66 3,541 3,11 11 7,08	0 30,003 9 23,628 8 20,372 9 29,65 6 4,90 6 4,00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,79,323 44,637 44,100 19,679 19,266 8,223 204 780 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,351 9,457 74,312 6,962 39,96 6,291 2,247 7,087	The state of the s
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Naga Division Raneegunge Burdwan Bhothore Hoogshy Ranee Vanction Pardonah Serampore Serampore Serampore Mancoor Ahmoodpore Cutva Mullarpore Assensole Burrakar Culia Burrakar Culia Doorgapore Mynnree	34,961 2,40,234 20,006 23,728 15,300 15,300 20,728 15,300 15,300 15,300 15,300 16,300 18,860 3,813 3,414 16 1,10 17,12 27,08	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,372 3 9,296 6 4,996 5 3,008 4 5,193 4 5,193 4 6,813 8 6,631 2 2 40,500 9 2,613 162 2 152 2 152 2 152 2 3,088	2,79,323 44,130 19,579 19,296 8,223 204 780 6,670 11,527 9,208 39,361 9,467 74,312 6,922 369 6,231 747 74,312 6,22 369 6,231	Tata a distance of the second
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Eanegunge Burdwan Bholpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Synthea Goeikhara Mancoor Ahmoodpore Cutwa Amoodpore Cutwa Bandooah Bledia Bledia Bledia Bledia Bledia Doorgapore	34,961 29,00,330 29,006 29,272 10,388 1,5,30 5,211 20,006 4,66 4,66 4,66 3,541 3,11 11 7,08	0 30,093 9 23,628 8 20,572 9 29,66 5 4,908 4 5,166 4 5,184 5 5,811 6 5,811 6 5,115 6 5,115 7 1,125 8 20,43 8 5,115 8 2,156 9 3,685 9 3,685 9 3,685 9 3,685	2,78,923 44,637 44,100 10,579 19,596 8,233 204 70,00 6,670 11,557 9,487 74,319 6,291 2,706 6,291 2,706 6,291 2,706 6,291 2,706 6,291 2,706 6,292 4,706 6,292 4,706 6,292 4,706 6,292 4,706 6,292 4,706 6,292 6,293 6,293 6,294	
	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagi Division Eaneguage Burdwan Bholpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Seramporu Synthes Goeikhara Manesor Ahmoolpore Ahmoolpore Mullarpore Assensole Blaefia Burrakar Culia Doorgapore Mymaree Jeaneghur	34,961 2,40,230 29,006 29,272 10,382 15,500 5,211 20 73 4,56 4,60 3,64 3,51 3,10 1,10 7,88 1,98 1,98 1,98 1,98 3,64 3,64 3,78 1,10 1,10 1,98	0 30,003 9 23,628 8 20,372 9,296 6 4,908 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,184 8 20,483 8 20,483 8 20,483 8 20,583 8 3,508 9 2,133 8 2,135 8 2,135 8 3,156 8 4,156 8 3,568 9 3,568 9 3,568 152	2,79,323 43,637 44,109 19,579 8,232 294 294 294 11,522 9,98 30,851 9,457 74,312 6,222 2,223 6,221 6,22	
NOTEDWAY	Girhides Totals of Chota Nagi Division Banegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Goolkhara Mancoor Ahmoodpore Cutwa Mullarpore Ansensole Haedia Haedia Doorgapore Univaria	34,961 2,40,230 29,006 29,729 10,388 15,200 73 4,66 4,02 18,868 3,464 33,811 36 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60 11,60	0 30,003 9 23,628 8 20,372 9,296 6 4,908 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,184 8 20,483 8 20,483 8 20,483 8 20,583 8 3,508 9 2,133 8 2,135 8 2,135 8 3,156 8 4,156 8 3,568 9 3,568 9 3,568 152	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 10,679 10,228 8,224 2,244 2,244 11,827 11,827 9,487 74,313 6,222 2,226 1,247 7,347 1,447 1,	
BURDWAN	Girhidee Totals of Chota Nagr Division Ranegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Goolkhara Mancoor Ahmoodpore Cutwa Mullaynore Assensole Bhedia Burrskar Culia Gustarampore Totals of Burdwan Divisio	34,961 2,40,230 29,000 29,729 10,388 15,200 73 4,56 6,66 4,02 18,868 3,44 33,813 36 1,01 12 2,08 1,60 1,06	0 30,003 9 23,628 8 20,572 9 29,66 6 4,90 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 5,10 6 6,11 6 7,11 6 7,11	2,79,323 43,637 44,100 10,679 10,228 8,223 2,230 6,670 11,827 9,208 33,815 9,457 74,313 6,222 2,226 6,221 7,067 7,	
Dordwan	Girhidee Totals of Chota Naga Davision Ranegunge Burdwan Bhulpore Hooghly Kanoo Junction Mugrah Pandooah Serampore Serampore Goshkhara Mancoor Ahmoodpore Cutwa Mullarpore Ansensole Bledia Burrakar Culia Burrakar Culia Mymaree Tanegung Totals of Burdwan Divisio Ranaghat	34,961 2,40,230 29,000 29,729 10,381 15,200 73 4,56 6,66 4,02 18,86 3,41 16 1,12 7,08 16 1,61,10 1,51,10	0 30,003 9 23,628 8 20,372 9,296 6 4,908 6 4,908 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 4,008 6 5,633 6 6,633 6 6,633 7 1,008 8 20,433 8 4,011 1,008 1,0	2,79,333 43,637 44,100 10,679 10,298 8,223 294 7,707 6,670 11,622 9,200 9,305 7,42 11,623 10,200 10,	The state of the s

Minute by the Hon'ble Sir Richard Temple, K.c.s.i., dated Durbhunga, the 2nd July 1874.

Having had the advantage of discussing with Major Trevor (Additional Chief Engineer) and Mr. Pothecary (Superintending Engineer) the future management of relief works in the circle, which comprises the districts of Tirhoot, Chumparun, and Sarun, I have to record the following instructions.

2. Heretofore the pressure on our public works officers to afford relief to the people has been so great as to interfere with professional treatment of the works. Now that the pressure is, for the present at least, lightened or removed (inasmuch as the labourers have left the works and betaken themselves to husbandry after the coming of the rains), our officers have time and means of dealing with the works professionally and departmentally. I desire that this object should be carefully observed.

3. The relief works which during the past few months have been undertaken in these districts will be (1) works under the civil and the relief officers,

and (2) works under public works officers, consisting of—

1st .- Old works, ordinary repairs.

2nd.—Old works extensively repaired or altered.

3rd .- New works.

4. The works under the civil officers have not as yet been overlooked at all by public works officers, and probably cannot be so to any considerable extent; still I desire that our public works officers should look at these works whenever and wherever they can, and explain defects to the civil officers

5. The works under public works officers—the first category (old works ordinarily repaired)—should be made over to the civil officers and occasionally looked at by the public works officers in the manner laid down in the foregoing paragraph. They are not considerable in number and extent in Tirhoot, but they are so in Chumparun, and specially so in Sarun, where indeed they form the great bulk of the relief works. The works in the second and third category should remain solely under the public works officers, and I will now state briefly how these last-named works should be dealt with. They consist partly of tanks, but chiefly of roads.

6. The tanks will, it is presumed, have been well planned and laid out. Doubtless the tanks and edges will need to be trimmed up. The approaches whereby drainage water is to enter the tanks will probably require attention. In works of this sort the question of providing escapes does not arise.

In works of this sort the question of providing escapes does not arise.
7. For the roads the selection of the lines will be found, I believe, to be good on the whole, and to be suitable according to consideration of local trade. The alignment having been frequently undertaken unavoidably without complete surveying and levelling revision, rectification will sometimes be required. This reconsideration is a matter of primary importance. The earthwork has been for the most part done, but it has to settle down during the rains, and will consequently be wanting large repairs. Wherever sufficient water-way may not have been allowed, there will be breaches to be examined. In Mudhoobunnee (North-East Tirhoot) the new roads have been provided with temporary wooden bridges (of cheap construction), which may last two years or more; elsewhere there has been but little bridging, and in some places (e.g. Durbhunga) none at all. The provision of such bridges is everywhere desirable, and in some lines (e.g., that from Durbhunga to Buhera) is quite essential. The immediate preparation of plans and estimates for such bridges should be seen to. In the first instance, until the water-way has been tested by experience in a country so exposed to floods, it is better to have these wooden bridges, which can be repaired from time to time, than to undertake permanent masonry structures.

8. For none of the roads did time admit of regular plans and estimates being framed beforehand. These should be taken in hand, so as to be ready

before the next open season commences.

9. The next point relates to establishment. The Special Chief Engineer should direct the Superintending Engineer to decide whether officers of all

grades should be retained in the special department of relief works for the purposes above described. Heretofore all the pre-existing public works establishments in these districts have been amalgamated with the relief establishment; such establishment may now revert to their ordinary duties relating to civil buildings, and the like. They can also render assistance in respect to all works under the civil officers. The remaining officers will constitute the staff under the Additional Chief Engineer and the Superintending Engineer for relief works. If any of these officers shall, in the opinion of the Chief Engineer, have been found to be unsuited for this special work, they should return to the general line of the department.

10. As regards work-people, some establishment and some labour must be kept up on every one of the roads above described. On no road is the establishment to be wholly discharged without the orders of Government being previously obtained; but for the present such employment of labourers should be limited as much as possible, and should be confined to the class (beldars and others) who follow this sort of labour as a profession. If there be any gangs (as in parts of Mudhoobunnee) of invalids and the like on any road, the Public Works had better make them over to the civil officers to be brought upon charitable relief. It is an object that the attention of our public works officers should be devoted to purely professional or departmental objects.

11. But the public works officers must bear in mind that although there will be a lull during July and August, yet in September and October the demand for employment will revive in all probability, and they must be

prepared to re-admit such labourers to the roads if necessary.

12. The object of these instructions is to arrange for rendering the relief works (so largely undertaken during the last few months) permanently useful to the country, so far as this may be practicable within a reasonable cost, and to prevent their being left in a comparatively useless state by reason of incompleteness. To this the skill and consideration of our officers should now be exclusively directed.

R. TEMPLE.

Minute by the Hon'ble Sir Richard Temple, k.c.s.i., Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, dated "Rhotas," the 20th July 1874.

In continuation of my minute No.——of the 2nd July, regarding the management of relief works in the Tirhoot-Chumparun divisions of superintendence, I have to record the following observations and instructions regarding the management of these works in the remaining divisions into which the distressed districts are divided.

With this view I have had the advantage of a conference with the Additional Chief Engineer, Major Trever, and with the three Special Superin-

tending Engineers (Messrs Barnfather, Pothecary, and Roberts).

2. The relief works in all three divisions of superintendence consist partly of tanks, but mainly of roads. The tanks are about 150 in number, and are exclusive of the numerous village tanks under relief officers. The roads which have been under operations for relief purposes since the commencement of the distress are about 3,100 miles in length, exclusive of the roads in the Sarun district.

The general condition of the works in the first or "Tirhoot-Chumparun" circle under Mr. Pothecary has been described in my minute of the 2nd July. In the second or "Bhagulpore" circle under Mr. Barnfather, comprising works in the districts of Bhagulpore, Purneah, Monghyr, and Sonthalia, there are about 500 miles of road, aligned, planned, and executed, so far as earthwork is concerned, in a professional and business-like way, but no bridging has been attempted. As the lines have been selected either by or with the assent of the local authorities, these roads are doubtless calculated to be permanently useful. The surveys have been roughly made in all cases; but in many cases they require to be completed according to departmental rules; and in nearly all cases the plans and estimates for the completion of the works have to be made. In this second division the engineering staff of all grades joined their

posts at an earlier date, and consequently set out the work sooner than in the other divisions, and were thus able better to maintain professional order in their operations when the period of severe distress began. Mr. Barnfather and his officers made excellent use of the opportunities afforded them, and have preserved much of the ordinary departmental system throughout their extraordinary operations.

In the third or "Dinagepore-Rungpore" division, including the districts of Dinagepore, Rungpore, Bogra, Maldah, Rajshahye, Pubna, and Moorshedabad, the relief works in the districts of Rajshahye and Pubna have been small, but have been, so far as they have gone, under professional supervision. The relief roads in Bogra have been executed fairly well under a professional system. A similar system has to some limited extent prevailed in Rungpore, Dinagepore, and Maldah; but in these districts the relief works have been mostly executed by the circle relief officers, with the assistance of overseers placed at their disposal by the Department of Public Works, and with the general advice of the Executive Engineer or the Superintending Engineer. It is hoped that most of these relief roads have been planned with some degree of professional skill, but it is known that some of them have not. There are several "feeder roads" connected with the Northern Bengal State Railway which have been under the railway staff, but which will now be transferred to the Relief Engineer of the civil districts.

- 4. The object now is, that advantage be taken of the recess, when the pressure of multitudes on relief is diminished, to render all these works permanently useful; and at the close of the extraordinary operations to hand them over to the ordinary departmental system of the country in a condition which, so far as it is goes, will suffice for use, but which will also admit of further development from time to time as means many permit. But the handing over of works incomplete and useless from the want of a completion, which may or may not be afforded hereafter, is to be carefully avoided.
- 5. To this end the three divisions of special superintendence as above described will be maintained, and will be by certain modifications rendered equal, as nearly as possible, in respect to length of relief roads, of which, as already seen, the works mainly consist. Thus each division will have about 1,000 miles, the three making up the total of 3,100 miles as already seen. In each division there will be three executive charges, arranged in the following order. The divisions of superintendence and the executive charges will always be termed "special," in order to distinguish them from the ordinary district divisions of the Department Public Works. Their limits will not always be the same as those of the regular civil districts, because the arrangements must be made primarily with regard to the position and condition of the relief works.
- 6. The first special division of superintendence—"Tirhoot-Chumparun"—excluding Sarun heretofore included (the relief works in Sarun consisting of repairs to old roads with only one piece of new road), will have the following special executive charges under the superintendence of Mr. Pothecary, Special Superintending Engineer, namely—
 - I.—" Chumparun," consisting of the greater part of the district excepting the north-eastern corner, which will be incorporated with the West Tirhoot executive charge: Mr. Handcock to be the Special Executive Engineer.
 - II.—" West Tirhoot," including the north-eastern corner of Chumparun, with the civil sub-divisions of Seetamurhee, Mozufferpore, and Hajeepore in the Tirhoot district: Baboo Madhub Chunder Roy to be Special Executive Engineer.
 - III.—" East Tirhoot," including the civil sub-divisions of Mudhoobunnee and Tajpore, and the sub-divisions of Durbhunga, exclusive of the Hattee tract of country, which will be transferred to the North Bhagulpore executive charge: Mr. Joll to be Special Executive Engineer.

The second division of special superintendence-" Bhagulpore"-will consist of the following special executive charges under the superintendence of Mr. Barnfather, Special Superintending Engineer, namely-

I.—"North Bingulpore," consisting of those portions of Bhagulpore and Monghyr districts which lie north of the Ganges, together with the Hattee tract already mentioned: Mr. Atkinson to be Special Executive Engineer.

II.—"South Bhagulpore" to consist of the remainder of the Monghyr and
Bhagulpore districts and the Sonthal Pergunnahs: Mr. Johnson to be Special Executive Engineer.

III .- "Purneah" to consist of the Purneah district, of the western part of the Dinagepore district as far as the river Tungun, and the Khurba tract of the Maldah district: Mr. Cordner to be Special Executive Engineer.

8. The third division of special superintendence-" Dinagepore-Rung. pore"-will consist of the following special executive charges under the superintendence of Mr. Roberts, Special Superintending Engineer, namely-

I .- "Dinagepore," consisting of the greater part of the Dinagepore district. together with the north-west corner of the Rungpore district: Lieutenant Wright, R.E., to be Special Executive Engineer.

II .- "Rungpore," consisting of the remainder of the civil district of this name: Mr. Sheldon to be Special Executive Engineer.

III .- "Bogra" to consist of the relief works within the civil district of that name, together with the south-east corner of Dinagepore, and the north-east corner of Rajshabye: Mr. Foley to be Special Executive Engineer.

9. The relief works in the remainder of the Maldah and Rajshahye districts, and in the districts of Pubna and Moorshedabad, will now be made

over to the ordinary district engineers.

10. The several special divisions of superintendence, and the special executive charges above described, will continue under the control of Major Trevor, R.E., Additional Chief Engineer, who will be good enough to settle with the Public Works Department of the Government of Bengal by the earliest date possible regarding the assistant engineers and the subordinate establishment to be employed in each of the special executive charges.

11. Such being the general outline of the machinery and the framework of the system, it remains only to sketch the nature of the work. Every relief road is to be examined as soon as possible, and its present condition, from a professional point of view, is to be recorded. As soon as the season opens, say towards the end of the coming autumn, a survey with levels to be made for each road, and then plans and estimates are to be prepared. Meanwhile such work is to be done to each road as may be needed for relief employment, in accordance, as much as possible, with the plan which the work will ultimately follow on completion of the survey. As fast as each survey is completed, endeavours will be made to do as much to the road as may place it in fair working order, open for ordinary traffic, even if not completed and bridged. This will be done from such resources as may be at the moment available. Whether the bridging can be done throughout is doubtful, but this end will be borne in mind with the view to its being attained

so far as means may allow.

12. The subsidiary instructions to be based upon this minute will be prepared and issued by Major Trevor in communication with the Public Works Department of the Government of Bengal, as the matter is one demanding immediate attention.

No. A, dated Bankipore, the 26th July 1874.

From-A. C. Mangles, Esq., Collector of Patna, To-The Offg. Secy, to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department. I HAVE the honor to submit the following narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 25th instant :-

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY. 2. The several bazars in the district continue to be well supplied with food-grain of all descriptions, and no deficiency has been reported from anywhere.

1st.-To a large proportion of the 75,000 maunds ordered to be sent from Gya for Tirhoot and other districts where it may be required, having been drawn from our market, the Gya merchants giving it in exchange for Government grain given to them at Gya.

2nd .- On account of its having become known that the half-rates for railway freight

would cease at the close of the month.

3rd.—Because of rumours which gained ground at the commencement of the fortnight, owing to the almost daily falls of rain, that the bhadoi crops were rotting as they stood, which last belief, I am glad to say, was utterly unfounded. drain on our market, given as the first cause for the demand from the Punjab, has caused a slight increase in the price of grain here, but I am satisfied that this is only a temporary one, and that, with the continued favorable prospects of the bhadoi crops, they will soon go down again.

4. The new siding between the Patna city and ghat stations is still in an unfinished state; two sheds have certainly been erected and the work of drainage has been got on with, but the road still remains unrolled and the platform itself unlevelled. A new shed has been erected at the Patra city station, and one is in course of construction at the ghat, which, unless we have an extraordinary rush before the close of the month to obtain half-rates, should be sufficient to meet all requirements.

5. The following were the prices of food-grain obtaining in the municipal bazars of this district towards the close of the fortnight :-

	5-1			Rice,	best.	Rice, co	mmon.	W	neat.	Bar	rley.	Jen	ira.	Gr	am.
Patna		***		S. 12	C. 0	S. 14	C. 0	S. 16	C. 12	S. 19	C.	S. 17	C.	S. 19	C. 12
Barrh Behar		***	***	10	8	11	0	15	0	18	0	16	0	19	0
Dinapore		***		9	12	11	12	16	8	18		15	0	18	8

We had during the fortnight 3.69 inches of rain in the Sudder station, 1.29 in Behar, 35 at Barrh, and 4.65 in Dinapore; this, comparatively speaking, break in the rains has been most beneficial to the bhadoi crops, allowing the cultivators to get on to their lands to weed them, and has done no harm to the rice, the propitious day for commencing the planting out of which has not yet arrived; but in the course of the next week or so some heavy showers will be wanted to flood the fields for the young plants. Indian corn is already finding its way into the market, and I am glad to be able to report that the prospects of all the crops are as favourable as they well could be.

7. The condition of the people is favorably reported on from all parts of the district; they are busily engaged in their agricultural pursuits, so that the stoppage of our relief works, without in any way affecting them, has acted most beneficially on the prospects of our coming crops. No case of misery or starvation was reported during the fortnight.

There was no case of grain robbery during the fortnight; seven cases of theft were

reported, but none of them were of an important character.

9. 74 emigrants were registered during the fortnight for British Burmah, and 16 for the Mauritius; whereof 56 were from Patna, 16 from Gya, 2 from Sarun, 4 from Shahabad, 1 from Tirhoot, 1 from Chumparun, and 10 from other districts.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

10. None in this district.

C .- TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

11. The following are the figures showing the amount of food-grain received in this district during the fortnight ending the 18th instant, for which the latest returns have been received :-

	Rice.	Wheat, oats, and barley.	Jenira.	Other grain.
By mil	Mds. 36,502 7,175	Mds 57,010 15	Mds. 26,194 85	Mds. 37,788 5,079
Total	43,677	57,025	26,279	42,867

or a grand total of 1,63,849 maunds, the whole of which was private importation, the

Government operations at Barrh, Futwah, and Patna ghât having been closed.

It will thus be seen that, notwithstanding the 3 causes given above, as having operated to increase the amount of importation, there has been a considerable decrease in the receipts of previous fortnights, and I am satisfied that after the close of the month the imports will steadily fall off, not so much on account of the return to the old freightage rates, but because, as the prospects of the bhadoi crops become more and more developed, the demand for foreign grain will diminish.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

12. I have only 1,139 maunds of rice left in this district at Pallygunge, an out of the way place in the south-west of the head-quarters division, from whence it is difficult to remove it; but I am endeavouring to see if I cannot effect an exchange.

it; but I am endeavouring to see if I cannot effect an exchange.

13. The arrangements for the exchange of the Behar grain, reported on in paragraph 12 of my last narrative, were concluded during the fortnight. The grain merchant having consented to take 7,000 and odd maunds of rice stored in the several golas of that sub-division at Rs. 3 per maund, and to give me in exchange some 11,000 maunds of gram, and barley mixed with gram, at the current rate, i.e., 20 seers per rupee. This he delivers at the Arrah station, from whence it is transported to Sarun by Mr. Chance, the agent for that district. More than 5,000 maunds have already been delivered, and the rest will be so in the course of the next few days, provided the Arrah authorities are ready to receive it.

14. Upwards of 40,000 maunds of the Patna and Gya grain has gone to Tirhoot, so 14. Upwards of 40,000 mannes of the faths and dya grain has gone to airnoot, so that the demand in Sarun being apparently more urgent than in Tirhoot, I am despatching the remaining 35,000 maunds of the Gya grain to Arrah for the Collector of Sarun, as I get it from Mr. Palmer's contractors. Up to this time I have sent some 13,000 maunds, and hope

to despatch the remainder by the end of the present fortnight.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

15. None during the fortnight. Rupees 1,000 was refunded during the fortnight by one of the advance-holders for the purchase of grain.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

16. None in this district; hence the statements called for in the Government circular letter No. 4640-S.R. of the 22nd instant are blank.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS	S				. 3
	Rs.	A.	P. Rs.	A. P.	-
As per account already rendered			2,64,633	5 11	
During the Fortnight.					
Ditto ditto of the railway freight of tarpaulir	ns	. 8	0		
received from Calcutta .		2	0		
Ditto ditto of cost of service telegrams .		0	0 .		
Ditto abkaree mohurir on account of the transport of grain	in 17		0		
Office contingencies Paid to Govind Chunder Banerjee for conveying 2,800 maund	1 ls	2	6		
of coal	21	0	0		
coal, and price of mats Paid to Govind Chunder Banerjee for transporting 1,753 bags of	25	0	0 '		
grain to the Patna ghât station Advanced half month's salary to 26 saddle-makers sent to Captai	19	0 1	0		
Ross at Durbhunga	195	0	0		
Paid on account of price and cost of conveyance of 500 blanker sent to Captain Ross at Durbhunga	578	5	9	1.3	
	1,401	11	1		
Fodder Account.					
Paid to Puriag Singh, the boat contractor, on account of the freig of 8,432 maunds of bhoosa from Deegha to Chumpta ghât	ht 1,264	12			
		-	- 2,666	7 10	
Grand total .			2,67,299	13 9	
			35	0.1	7
		A. (. MANGL	18, COU	ECCOT

No. 1174F, dated Gya, the 27th July 1874.

From-A. V. PALMER, Esq., Collector of Gya,

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit my fortnightly report on scarcity and relief in the Gya district for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 25th instant.

A.—State of the Country.

2. The district is fully supplied with food. The prices of food at the different marts is shown in the subjoined table:—

	WHI	EAT.	BAR	LEY.	RICE, BE	ST SORT.	RICE, CO	DMMON.	MII	LET.	MAI	ZB.	GR	M.
BAZARS.	Week ending 25th July.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 25th July.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 25th July.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 25th July.	Week ending 11th	Week ending 25th July.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 25th July.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 25th July.	Week ending 11th
Gya Nowadah Jehanabad Aurungabad Daoodninggur Sherghotty	S. C. 11 8 12 0 13 4 13 4 12 0 12 0	8. C. 11 12 12 0 13 0 13 3 12 0 12 0	S. C. 16 0 18 8 15 8 16 0 18 6 14 0	8. C. 16 0 18 0 16 0 17 0 18 0 14 0	8. C. 8 8 8 12 12 0 10 0 10 0	8. C. 8 8 8 12 10 4 10 6 9 8	8. C. 10 0 12 0 10 0 14 0 10 8 14 0	S. C. 10 0 12 0 10 0 11 0 10 8 11 0	8. C. 15 0	8. C. 15 0	8. C. 13 0 15 0	8. C. 13 0 14 8	8. C. 13 4 15 0 15 0 14 8 15 0 13 0	8. C. 14 0 15 0 15 0 14 8 15 0 18 0

3. Prices are firm, with a tendency to decline

What small stocks of grain there were in the district have now been brought out, the bhadoi crop being assured.

5. I annex in the margin a statement of rainfall during the fortnight. With the exception of Aurungabad, the rain elsewhere has been less than was anticipated. The weather has, however, been everything

that could be desired for the growth of crops, and the bright, genial weather has brought on the bhadoi crops in a marvellous manner.

Famine was at no time anticipated by those best acquainted with the district, and

scarcity has now almost ceased to exist. There is every appearance of a bumper crop.

7. The district has been thoroughly scrutinized by the supervisors and deputy supervisors.

These officers have performed their duties well. Their work having been completed, I have applied to be relieved of them as well as of two overseers.

8. No cases of misery or starvation have been brought to notice. Individual cases of distress are occasionally discovered by the supervisors, and are at once promptly attended to.

9. All my sub-divisional officers concur in reporting the country to be well sown down with rice, and this is confirmed by independent inquiries I have made. This is fair evidence that no real scarcity of seed-grain existed, except to a very limited extent. I have from 1st August stopped any further seed-grain advances. Advances of grain to ryots on the security of their landlords will be continued where grain is available, but the applications will, I expect, be very few.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

10. The subjoined statement will show the works in hand and numbers employed on each :-

Fortnight ending 15th July 1874.

Warmer Warmer		On Pie	CE-WORK.		ON DAIL	T WAGE.		
NAME OF WORK.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total
Surbahda road Bela and Kazi Serai road Bela and Kazi Serai road Bela and Kazi Serai road Porrais road Sherchotty and Myapore road Ditto and Inamagunge road Gobindpore road Behar and Rujowlee road Behar and Rujowlee road Jehanabad and Hoolagunge road Jehanabad and Hoolagunge road Myabigha and Ruffigunge road Kootoomba road Dee road	1,064 494 237 246 137 30 238 100	Fini 730 360 137 198 104 24	shed. 114 8' 56 61 69 12 88	1,898 934 430 495 310 66 579 214	918 1,459 1,139 324 300 4,140	236 619 1,657 232 968 3,712	140 56 1,339 143 476	1,294 2,134 4,135 699 1,744

Total number employed during the fortnight Daily average 1,068

11. The total number employed during the fortnight was 14,932 against 13,845 of last fortnight. Throughout the district the number of laborers have decreased, with the exception of Aurungabad, where the numbers have increased from 5,885 to 10,006.

12. I have repeatedly desired daily wage labor to be stopped, and I do not understand why the Aurungabad sub-divisional officer persists in continuing it. An explanation has been called for.

13. The laborers are all paid by food-grain and not by cash.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD-GRAIN.

14. The quantity of private food brought into the bazars for sale during the past fortnight; is slightly in advance of the importation during the preceding fortnight:-

- Ba	ZARS			Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common,	Millet.	Maize.	Gram.	Total.
Gya Nowndah Jehanabad Aurungabad Daoodnuggur			7	230 13 362 220 60	21 400 40	64 110 245	627 25 110 490 50		22	214 28 250 285 30	1,219 56 875 1,610 170
		Total		875	545	419	1,302		22	807	8,960

15. In the sudder bazar of Gya the importations are 1,219 as against 1,138 maunds of preceding fortnight.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

16. The accompanying statement will show the disposition of Government grain in this district:-

						QUARTIT	Y ISSUED		- supr
	Gola.			Quantity origin- ally stored.	By sale.	By advance to ryots.	By transfer to Patna.	Total.	Balance.
Sudder	Sub-	livision.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Gya		***		29,851	11,140	144	18,328	24,607	5,244
Bela	***	***		3,012	169		253	422	2,590
Sherghotty	***	***		4,279	874		1,000	1,874	2,405
Ultrie	***	***		3,930		38	2,000	2,038	1,892
Bhelooachatti		***	***	991			941	941	500
l'iccaree				2:004	******		1,895	1.895	109*
Futtehpore		***	***	991	2	112	857	971	20*
Imamgunge	***	•••	***	1,435	26			26	1,409
		Total	***	46,493	12,911	294	20,269	82,774	13,719
Jehanaba	d Bul	-division	u. 1						
Jehanabad	***	***		14,907	1,038	452		1,490	- 13,417
Urwul	****	***		6,958	.,		6.517	6.517	4410
Gundhar	***	***		8,059					3,059
Kinjar				1,945					1,945
Hoolasgunge	***			2,000	******			******	2,000
Kazi Serai	***	***	***	993					993
		Total		29,862	1,038	452	6,517	8,007	21,855
Nowadah	Sub-	division							
Nowadah	***	***		21,460	926			926	20,534
Kadirgunge	***			2,814	34			34	2,780
Pukree Barwa	m	***	***	5,182	* 50			50	5,132
Rujowlee				3,992	89			39	3,958
Warishgunge	***	***	***	2,002	28			28	1,974
*		Total		35,450	1,077			1,077	34,373
Aurungabe	ad Su	h-divisio	113.	-					9
Aurungabad	***	***	-	20,904	5,283			5,283	15,621
Ruffigunge		***		2,997	881			881	2,116
Kootoomba	***	***		3,967	245			245	3,722
War		***	***	4,556	968	>**		968	3,588
Daoodnuggur	***	***	***	4,978	1,181			1,181	3,792
		Total	***	37,397	8,558			8,558	28,839

[•] Wastage, &c., including weight of bags.

17. Of the 75,000 maunds ordered to Patna for Tirhoot, I have already delivered 55,250. The balance will be delivered during the ensuing fortnight.

18. The golas at the places noted below have been emptied :-

. *		Golas			Stored.	Issued.	Weight of bags.	Actual wastage by rain, damp, ver- mins, &c.
- are the					Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds,
Urwul				***	 6,958	6,517	108	333 78
Ticcaree	***	***	***	***	 2,004	1,995	31	78
Bhelooa	***	***	***	***	 991	941	16	84
Futichpore	***	***	***		 991	971	. 16	4
								A. Santafa

19. The result is, in my opinion, highly satisfactory.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

20. The annexed table will show what has been done under this head :-

			Number of			FANTED		D	ROMARKO.
SUB-	DIVISIONS.		applications received.	Rejected.	Number.	Cash.	Grain.	Pending:	REMARKS.
Gya Nowadah Jehanabad Aurungabad	= =,	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	89 76 19 228	27 66 27	38 2 11	Rs. 4,145 35	2,455 20 1,400	29 8 8 201*	* In 150 cases zemindars having declined to stand security.
	Total	•••	412	120	51	4,180	3,875		fresh security has been called for. Rest under inquiry.

^{21.} Applications for seed-grain will cease to be received after 1st August, as the season has passed and the country is already well sown down. Applications for grain loans on the security of zemindars will still be granted where it appears necessary.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

22. I submit a statement showing the transactions of the past fortnight :-

- 100 milita	Su	B-DIVIS	HONS.				В.	C.	D.	Total.	Daily average
Gya				***			4,578	890	91	5,559	397
Bela centre				***	***			No	return recei	ved.	
Sherghotty							1,964	805		2,769	197
Nowadab							1,310	2,746	12	4,068	290
Jehanabad							1,251	1,104	*****	2,355	168
Aurungabad							8,028	3,356	. 14	11,398	814
						-			-		
					Total		17,131	8,901	117	26,149	1,866

23. Many of those who have been relieved by cooked food at the houses of charity have

now, having regained their strength, left for the more genial occupations in the fields.

24. Relief by spinning continues to increase at the Sudder Station. The jute spinning is being tried; but it is a novelty here, is unpopular, and is certainly unremunerative.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

25. The total expenditure shown in last narrative, that is-

				Rs.	Α.	P.	
Up to 11th July	***	***	***	 1,22,268	12	7	
Expenditure during curren	nt fort	night-					
(a)-Final payments made,			contingencies	 552	11	6	
Buildings and repairs				 20	12	6	
(b)—Advance repayable	***	1		 7,477	0	0	
			Total	 1,30,219	4	7	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Gya District for the Fortnight ending 23rd July 1874.

			ann	n. of	grain re of ed to	To	TAL QU	ANTITY O	F Gove	RNMBNT	GRAIN	CONSUM	ED.	re-	pen- uing
NAME O	P CIRCI	LB.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment Government grain	Total quantity of gra stored, exclusive grain transferred other districts.	By sale to the public.	By sale to labor- ers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	By transfer to Patna.	By as certained wastage.	Total.	Estimated grain ceipt for the euse fortnight.	Estimated grain expen- diture for the ensuing fortnight.
Gya			ا در	51,000	26,224	10,832	406	838	294	. 135	20,279	179	32,963		1,500
Jehanaba	d		23rd July	30,000	20,753	613	222	208	452		6,517	441	8,448		1,600
Nowadah			121	\$8,000	85,450	615	132	140		190			1,077		2,500
Aurungal	oad		10th	40,500	37,397	6,979	469	340		771			8,558		10,000
	Total			1,54,500	1,19,824	19,039	1,229	1,521	746	1,096	26,796	620	51,046		15,600

GYA COLLECTORATE, The 27th July 1874. A. V. PALMER. Collector.

No. 662F, dated Arrah, the 28th July 1874.

From—H. W. ALEXANDER, Esc., Collector of Shahabad, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department. I HAVE the honor to submit my 17th narrative for the fortnight ending the 25th

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or Scarcity of Supplies in the Bazars.

The bazars in the different parts of the district appear to be abundantly supplied. No scarcity is reported from any quarter.

Kinds and Prices of Grain selling at one or more specified Principal Marts.

For kinds and prices of grain selling at the principal marts in the district see Appendix A. In the markets of the sudder sub-division prices have remained on the whole very much

the same as when last reported.

In the Buxar sub-division a rise is noticeable in the prices of grain and barley, little change having occurred in regard to other articles.

In the Sasseram sub-division the fall in prices is marked, while in the Bhubhooa sub-

division they have on the whole remained steady.

Rainfall.

At Arrah during the fortnight 3.36 inches of rain have fallen.

In regard to the rainfall at Buxar, the Sub-Divisional Officer reports :- "I do not see how the rainfall could have been more favorable up to date than it has been.

In Sasseram a fall of 2.01 inches has been registered, and 2.49 in Bhubhooa.

State of the Crops.

Favorable reports have been received with regard to the condition of the crops in the Arrah

From Buxar Mr. Armstrong reports :- " During the fortnight there has been quite as much sun as was wanted for the bhadoi crops, and at the same time there have been occasional heavy showers, which have been good for all the crops; the prospects up to date are excellent."

In regard to the crops in the Sasseram and Bhubhooa sub-divisions, Mr. Eyre reports :-"The state of the crops continues promising. I have, since my last report, visited western Sasseram, Mohunia, Ramgurah, Bhubhooa, Bhagwanpore, Chynepore, Chand, Kudjura, and Durgawutti. The rainfall appeared to me to have been principally confined to the country lying between the hills and the Grand Trunk Road. In some places I noticed that the transplanted 'murwa' was being irrigated by hand; the transplanting of nursery rice had generally commenced. The rubbee high lands are everywhere being ploughed. In the Sasseram sub-division the crops are everywhere promising."

Condition of the People.

There is no particular change to notice under this head. All those who require it can find employment on the relief works, on field-work, and at the different indigo factories where manufacture has commenced. Those who from physical causes are unable to labor are relieved under the different modes of charitable relief.

No cases of actual starvation have been brought to light.

In the Arrah sub-division five grain-thefts have been reported during the fortnight; in one case 17 maunds of grain and in another 75 maunds of peas are said to have been stolen.

In the Buxar sub-division one theft of 11 maunds of wheat has been reported.

In the Sasseram sub-division six burglaries are reported as having occurred during the fortnight-two of 10 and 8 maunds of grain and four of other quantities, from 61 to 2 maunds. Two cases of theft have also been reported—one of 2 maunds, the other of a small quantity of grain.

In Bhubbooa two cases of theft, in all of 19 maunds, are reported to have occurred during

the same period.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

Full particulars in regard to all relief works in progress, and the number of laborers employed, are given in Appendix B.

The quantity of Government grain consumed by the laborers employed on these works is given in a separate statement, as well as the amount of grain advanced to ryots.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

Private imports and exports by rail are given in Appendix C.

By rail						Mds. 249
	***		444	***	***	
Interior	100	424		***	****	1,421
Exterior	***	 ***	***	***	***	396
				Total		2,066
ports into Bhu	ibbooa-					
ports into Bhu	ibhooa—					Mds.
ports into Bhu	ibbooa—					Mds. 24
By rail						24

These figures show a further decrease as compared with last fortnight.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

During the fortnight 21,000 maunds of grain have been despatched from the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions to the Collector of Sarun; thus making a total of 28,000 maunds despatched up to date. Mr. Armstrong hoped to despatch on Monday (the 27th) a further consignment of 9,000 maunds, which will make nearly the whole amount I stated I should

These consignments are irrespective of the Government grain which is coming here daily by rail, and which is being despatched by the Collector of Sarun's agent at Arrah.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

In the Arrah sub-division during the fortnight 68 maunds 22 seers of grain have been

advanced to ryots on the security of their zemindars.

In the Buxar sub-division 2.714 mannds of barley and wheat have been advanced to ryots in the Chousah pergunnah, either on the security of their zemindars or of landed property. Under this head Mr. Eyre reports from Sasseram:—"During the fortnight 475 maunds 27 seers of grain have been advanced to ryots on security, and on the conditions mentioned in my last narrative. These advances should, I think, be made debitable to charitable relief. It have, therfore, entered the number of persons so relieved under heading (d) of section F.

"Rs. 1,074 have been advanced on security from charitable relief funds for purchase

of bullocks and seed-grain.

"The sale of grain to wholesale dealers commenced during the fortnight under review.

In all 3,882 maunds 20 seers have been sold. I desire in future to confine the sale, at the liberal rates fixed, to zenindars as much as possible. These men will require credit. But the security will be good, and the grain paid to field-laborers in wage will do more good than if security will be good, and the grain paid to neid-laborers in wage will do more good than if sold to wholesale dealers. It is obvious that 33,000 maunds of grain cannot go far in a population of over 700,000, and the labor being what is required to keep the poorer classes above water, the greater facilities we give for a liberal employment of labor, the more effectively will the demand be met."

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

In the Arrah sub-division the charitable relief operations are as follows :-

			116.	ading 1	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Moulabag Gurhanee					276 80	297 59	884 14	1,457 153	97 10
			Total		356	356	902	1,610	107
					-		-		
			HE	ADING C	Rope·m	aking.			
Moulabag			***		Men. 22	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
an outmong				Spinn	ing Relief				
Moulabag					Men.	Women, 152	Children.	Total, 166	Daily average.
				Road	d-making.				
Moulabag					Men. 867	Women. 706	Children- 300	Total. 1,873	Daily average. 125
				In-do	or Relief.				
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Arrah	***				Men.	2,445 Women.	Children.	2,445 Total.	163 Daily average.
Grand total	inder head	ing C	***	***	889	3,303	514	4,506	300
			HEAT	ING D.	Uncooked	f Food.			
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Moulabag				***	195	855	240 66	1,290 204	86
Nonore	***	***	***	***	104	34 35		35	3
Gurhanee	***		***				******		
			Total		299	924	306	1,529	103
		Gran	d Total		1,544	4,583	1,518	1,645	510

In the Buxar sub-division the relief* operations are as follow :-

			HEA	DING B	-Cooked	Food.				
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.	
Chousah		****			128	168	42	328	24	
Buxar		444		***	279	450	146	875 158	621	
Saraya	•••		***	***	86	58	1.6	100		
•			Total		493	676	202	1,371	971	
			real contract				-	-		

buring the	fortnigh	t the supe	ervising of	ficers have	Arsited W	ene.			villages.
Arrah	circle		***	***	414	***		***	22
Behia		7 xxx	ate.			***	***	***	30
Peeroo		Teks	77E) 10 THE SE	ALCOHOLOGY.		100 MAR.		**	81 37
Nauoor		***	144	444	444	DOM:		885	-01
							Total	***	120

- 4	T.	NDER HEAD	ING C	Rope-makin	a.		
10.7.2018	STOLENS OF			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Chousah Buxar Saraya	 		h	56 65 14	:: '	 	56 65 14
		Total	***	135			135
			Spinning.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Chousah Buxar Saraya	 			 	13 3 8	<u>:</u>	13 3 3
		Total		-	19		19
		HEADING	DUnco	oked Food.			
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total	Average.
Chousah Buxar Saraya	 		380 80 410	760 180 360	60 220	1,200 260 990	851 181 701
	Total	***	870	1,300	280	2,450	1743

Mr. Armstrong further reports under this head: "My three poor-houses have been open during the fortnight. It must be borne in mind that the tendency of established poor-houses is to check ordinary charitable relief, for people who are in the habit of relieving beggars are apt to refer them now to these institutions; but taking this into consideration, the number of those receiving relief of all kinds does not seem to be excessive. The Chousah Relief Inspector reports having visited 102 villages, the Buxar Relief Inspector 82 villages, and the Doomraon Relief Inspector 106 villages during the fortnight, and all report favorably on the state of the people."

In the Sasseram and Bhubhooa sub-divisions the relief operations are as follows:—

			HEAT	DING BC	looked F	ood.			
Sasseram				eparters !	Men. 494		622	Children- 266	Daily average 98.5
Kochus Bhubhooa					61 439		30 589	30 336	97.4
			Total		994		1,241	632	204.4
tal number relieved	under	heading	B is 2,8	67.					
			HEAT	DING CR	ope-mak	ing.			
				Me	en. V	Vomen	. Children	. Total	Average.
Sasseram Bhubhooa					60 02			360 602	26·2 43·
		Total		9	62			962	69:2
				Spinning 1					
				Spinning 3	uessej.			P	ersons.
Sasseram									435
Kochus		***	***	***					37
Bhubhooa		***		***	100-1		***	***	365
Chynepore		***	***	***				***	155
Chand		***	***	***			***	*** 1	125
Mohunia		•••		***		***		***	84
							Total	i	,201
				Weaving 1	Relief.				
								P	ersons.
Sasseram		***		***					38
Bhubhooa		***	***	***		***	***	***	61
Chynepore		***	***	***			•••	***	40
Chand		***				***	***	***	11
							Total		150
otal number of	perso	ns relie	ved un	der headi	ing C,	2,31	3.		100
			HEADI	NG DU	ncooked	Food.			
						Men	. Wome	en. Child	ren. Total.
Sasseram	***	***	***			58	207	12	272
Kochus	***	***	444			22	16		00
Bubnoul	***	****	***	***	244	15	16	****	Land Property Land Barbara
Bhubhooa	***	***		***		10	16	2	
Chynepore	***					3	13	3	
Chand	***	***				90	106	34	
Mohunia	***					3	10	1	14
Ramgurh					***	8	2	****	10
	0.0000000	Draffakto ridos		AND STREET, SALES	CONFERENCE	KO SANDA	GEN KNUNESE	NO STREET	

Total

Advances for seed-grain, 33 persons. Total number relieved under heading D, 706. Grand total relieved under all headings, 5,886.

		ions as follo					Villages.	Persons.	
Sasseram	***	1885	***	***	JF		74	93	
Nokha	***	***	***	***		***	51	42	
Dungain	***	***	***			***	70	94	
Bhubhooa	***	***	***	***	***	***	64	30	
Durgauli	***	***	***	***	***	***	55	76	
Ramgurh	***	***	***	***	***		40	14	
inancial resul	ts of	the fortnig	ht are sh	own in th	ne annexe	ed form	1,		

	Pa	rticulars.				Amo	unt		Total		
					1	Rs.	Λ.	P.		Α. 1	p.
Total e	xpenditure from the c narrative, full details	district and sub- of which were	-treasuries, as therein given	shown in	the				35,342		
4.	Expenditure during t	the fortnight un	nder report :-	2							
	h Sub-division-										
Expension from Expension Pow	the Gurhanee to the ses incurred in the transition of the ses incurred in the transition of the ses incurred in the ses in	Arrah gola transport of 6	85 bags of g	rain from	the 2	12	3	0			
	h gola on pack bulloc	ks	***			41		0			
	s of the Arrah gola		***	***	***	9	3	0			
>9	" Peroo gola " Sundais gola	***	***	***	***	2	0 13	6			
In some	ling weights to Sahar		***		***	1	0	0			
	se of paper			***		î	8	0			
	ing of platforms at H						10	0			
	ding of platform at N		omenpore			2	4	0			
	se of sootri for sewing			***		0	4	0			
		0 0-			-			-	277	15	1
In the Bux	ar Sub-division-										
June Paid to June	o Sectul Pershad for e last o Bakhori Kalwar for last oe to Gokul Chand of	or the rent of	f Itari gola	from Apri		15 15 20	0 0	0 0	50	0	
In the Sage	eram and Bhubhooah	Sub-division									
				1 to 2 1	1	31	8	0			
To	nath Saha, goladar Sa ditto for re-si	toring bags					14	0			
To		irs of machan	***	•••			14	6			
	goladar Buhnowl	me or macoun		***		10		0			
	rchase of service stan			***		10		0			
	a cooly					0		0			
	stamps			***		10		0			
For pu	rchasing scales	***	***	***	***	6	6	9			
	Ditto ditto	***	***	~•		6		9			
	Ditto weight	***	***	***	***	1		0			
1			***	***	***	0		0			
Cart h						1	0	0			
Cart h	rchase of foolscap pap		***	***	***	-			100	0	
Cart h For pu		oer						_	195 523	2	-
Cart h For pu	rchase of foolscap pap	oer						_			
Cart h For pu	rchase of foolscap pap	e fortnight						_		1	

APPENDIX A.

Prices-current at the Principal Marts up to the Fortnight ending the 25th July 1874.

Sub-Divisions.	Marts.		Wheat.	Rice.	Gram.	Peas.	Maize.	Barley.
	Subsect of A		S. C.	8. C.	8. C.	S. C.	S. C.	8. C
(1	. Arrah			12 0	19 0	18 8	17 8	19
REAU) 9	- Bindowlis	****	14 8	11 4	19 8	18 0	16 12	***
) 8		***	. 15 0		18 0	17 0	***	18
	. Jugdispore	***	16 0	12 8	20 0	19 0	19 0	20
()	. Buxar	***		12 8	19 0	18 0	15 0	20
UXAR 3 2			. 16 0	11 12	18 12	18 0	***	19
) :	. Rughoonathpore	1946		11 12	19 0	18 0		19
	. Chousah	***		11 8	18 4	18 0	***	19
ASSERAM 5	. Sasseram	***		13 0	18 0	18 0	***	18
3 5	. Chennary	484 81		13 0	17 12	17 12	***	18
(:	3. Akberpore	***		13 0	16 0	16 0	***	20
	. Bhubhooa	***	. 13 8	11 0	16 4	16 8		17
HUBHOOA	. Mohunia	4.69		10 0	17 0	17 0	414	17
AOOHGOL	3. Durgawli	448 41		12 0	18 0	19 0	100 mg	19
52.000000000000000000000000000000000000	. Chynepore	***	. 14 0	10 8	16 0	16 0		
U	. Hatta	444 41	. 13 12	19 0	16 0	16 0	***	16

APPENDIX B.

List of Relief Works in the Shahabad District, and Laborers on them, during the Fortnight ending 25th July 1874.

	NAME O	or Wo	PES.					Men.	Women,	Children.	Total.
	4100-	*	Ether.								A User,
	ARBAH S	UB-DIV	FISION					1			
Baising Sahar and Arr	rah road	***			•••	***		2,954	615	47	3,616
" Peero and Arr " Jugdispore and	rah road	***			***		***	3,351	863	315	4,529
" Jugdispore and " Gudhani and Clearing of Gangey ta	Bihta road	***						1,058 189	928 89	75	1,386
learing or crange,	AR RIM	8 10-		***		Total	-	7,552	1,895	437	9,884
						I tom.	-			11294 LOUIS 111 1	6,00
	BUXAR ST		ISION.								
Raising Poorunda and Metalling Buxar Town	d Sarrya road					***		7,856 1,234	4,149 1,187	1,673 471	13,678
Metalling Duam	A PORG	***	•••	***	•••	Total	-	9,090	5,336	2,144	2,892
						Total	-	17,000	Dyours	2,159	16,570
	Вигвиоса :	SUB-D	141810.	M.					1		
Metalling Zamaneeah Raising Pursutkooah t	and Doorgapt	i road		***				26	29	17	72
Raising Pursuthooah t	te Khyree road Chynepore ro	d	***	***	***			2,503 1,106	2,433 1,061	369 191	5,305 2,358
" Hata and Dro	owli road		***	***	***		***	606	2,021	407	3,034
" Jehanabad to	Burroan road		***					3,270 571	4,586	1,360	9,216 1,516
Jehanabad and	oosnan road id Bhubhoos ro	ond						1,861	1,845	185	3,891
		٠				Total		9,943	12,748	2,701	25,392
	SASSERAM S	O-n-D	-wrate	-						1	3.45-
Raising Khyra and D		Numa	ivisio					1,063	772	1	1,835
" Bickram and	Mohaniah ros	ad						1,905	1,660	871	4,436
						Total		2,968	2,432	871	6,271
				GE	LAND '	TOTAL.		29,553	22,411	6,153	58,117
		. Stel						4 905	1 478	900	9345
	Buxar	ub-divis	ion	***	***			6,305 7,856	1,478 4,149	362 1,673	8,145 13,678
UNDER D. P. W	" Bhubhoon	. ,,		***	***	***		9,337	10,727	2,294	22,358
	(Sasseram	39		***	***			2,968	2,432	871	6,271
						Total		26,466	18,786	5,200	50,452
								1000			
in a	(Arrah st	ub-divi	sion	***				1,247	417	75	1,739
UNDER DISTRICT	Buxar	99		***				1,234	1,187	471	2,892 3,034
DUADE.	(Sasseram	"	***						2,021		44
						Total		3,087	3,625	953	7,665
				G	MAND	TOTAL		29,553	22,411	6,153	58,117
-Newser of I		In task	work					25,751	18,195	5,009	48,955
a.—Number of i							-	715	591	191	1,497
bDITTO UNDER D	IVISIONAL ()n task On dail	-work	es	::			3,087	3,625	953	7,665
cDitto under Co									Nil.		
						14 27					-0.115
1.34 1/2						Total		29,553	22,411	6,153	58,113
		Tot	tal on t	task-w	rork			28,838	21,820	5,962	66,62
							250751P	THE RESERVE OF	-	191	1,49
		Tot	tal on d	laily	wages	8	***	715	591	101	-

APPENDIX C.

Statement of Food-grain imported by Rail during the Fortnight ending the 25th July 1874. OUTWARD.

1		RICE.			BABL		Jow	AR.	DAL	AND G	RAM.	OTE	PULSES	NE AND	T	PTAL.	TOTAL.
STATIONS.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	GRAND TO
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds. Srs	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Sr
rrah			4	***	17	17	***	***					6,446 0	6,446 0		6,446 0	6,446
Behia									***	149	14)		4 0	4 0		35 20	35 2
Rugoonath-	209		209	***				***					172 0	172 0	209	172 0	381
pore.	3,100	412	3,512					***				7,754	1,199 0	8,953 0	10,854	1,611 0	12,465
Buxar	670		670										2,883 0	2,883 0	670	2,883 0	3,558
Total	3,979	412	4,391		17	17		.,,		141	141	7,754	10,704 0	18,458 6	11,733	11,147 20	22,880 2

INWARD.

- 1																				
38,572	5,158	48,780		13,237	13,237			***			15,707	15,446	0	31,153	0	54,279	33,841	0	88,120	
17	74	91		898	898	1,8642	1,364		670	670						17	3,006	30	3,023	-30
***										***		1,387	0	1,387	0		1,387	0	1,387	0
998		998		2,663	2,663			***	1,844	1,844		4,149	θ	4,149	0	998	8,656	0	9,654	
4,678	761	5,439	6,176		6,176			***				14,701	0	14,701	0	10,854	15,462	0	26,316	
44,265	5,993	50,258	6,176	16,798	22,974	1,3644	1,364#	***	2,514	2,514	15,707	35,683	0	51,390	0	66,148	62,352	30	128500	30
	998 4,678	17 74 998 4,678 761	17 74 91 998 998 4,678 761 5,439	17 74 91 998 4,678 761 5,439 6,176	17 74 91 898 998 2,663 4,678 761 5,439 6,176	17 76 91 898 898 998 2,663 2,663 4,678 761 5,459 6,176 6,176	17 76 91 808 898 1,3642 	17 74 91 808 898 1,3642 1,3642 908 908 2,663 2,663 4.678 761 5.439 6,176 6,176	17 74 91 898 898 1,5642 1,3642 	17 74 91 898 898 1,3642 1,3642 670	17 76 91 898 898 1,8642 1,9642 670 670	17 76 91 898 898 1,5642 1,5642 670 670 	17 74 91 896 898 1,3642 1,3642 670 670 1,397 998 998 2,663 2,063 1,1846 1,844 4,140 4,761 6,767 6,761 6,459 6,176 6,176 14,761	17 7s 91 896 888 1,3642 1,3642 670 670 1,387 0 908 598 2,663 1,544 1,844 4,140 0 4,678 791 5,489 6,176 6,176 1,4701 0	17 74 91 808 898 1,3642 1,3642 670 670 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 988 998 2,063 2,063 1,844 1,844 4,140 0 4,140 4,4701 4,70	17 76 91 898 898 1,3642 1,3642 1,3642 1,387 0 1,587 0 1,587 0 1,587 0 1,584 1,646 4,140 0 4,149 0 4,149 0 4,149 0 4,149 0 1,470 0 1,570	17 76 91 896 888 1,3642 1,3642 670 670	17 74 91 898 898 1,3642 1,3642 670 670 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,484 0 4,149 0 4,149 0 968 8,656 4,678 761 5,489 6,176 6,176 1,4701 0 14,701 0 10,864 15,463	17 76 91 898 898 1,3642 1,3642 1,3642 1,387 0 1,387 0 1,587 908 908 2,663 2,663 1,544 1,844 4,140 0 4,140 0 908 8,656 0 4,678 761 5,489 6,176 6,176 14,701 0 14,701 0 10,854 15,463 0	17 74 91 808 808 1,8642 1,3642 670 670 1,387 0 1,587 0 17 3,006 30 3,923 1,387 0 1,587

N.B.—Out of the above total 64,705 maunds are Government grain delivered at the Arrah Station for the Sarun district.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Shahabad for the Fortnight ending on the 25th July 1874.

		grain.	of grain ive of red to	TOTAL QUA		OVERNMENT GRAIN CO. TO DATE.	NSUMED UP	in re-	Estimated grain ex- penditure of the en- suing forbright.
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment Government grain	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratui- tous distri- bution in any shape.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain ceipts of the ensi	
	7	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds, 8. C.	Mds. S. C. Mds. S. C.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds.	Mds.
rrah	25th July 1874	22,300 0 0	14,741 0 0	893 29 0	732 4 0	124 10 0 1,211 16 0	2,961 19 0	Nil	2,000
uxar	Ditto	21,127 0 0	14,938 2 5	Nil	71 8 12	2,714 0 0 984 0 0	8,769 8 12	Nil	500
hubboos and Sasseram	Ditto	33,577 87 14	83,577 37 1	3,882 20 6	172 3 4	475 24 0 1,087 6 12	5,517 14 0	Nil	5,000
	Total	77,004 37 14	63,257 0	0 4,726 9 0	976 16 0	3,313 84 0 8,232 22 12	12,248 1 12	Nil	7,590

ARRAH. The 28th July 1874. H. W. ALEXANDER, Collector.

No. 2092F, dated Mozufferpore, the 30th July 1874.

From-C. F. WORSLEY, Esq., Officiating Collector of Tirhoot, To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative of scarcity and relief in the Hajeepore, Tajpore, and Sudder sub-divisions, for the fortnight ending 25th instant.

2. In Hajeepore sub-division prices have not varied materially. The most noteworthy change has been a fall of one seer per rupee in the price of rice at Lalgunge, which may be attributed to the influence of advances made in that grain by the manager of Singhiya factory. At Hajeepore itself rice has slightly risen in value.

- 3. In Tajpore sub-division prices have fallen, and it is reported that "fair supply of rice still comes in from private sources." Large stores of "murwa" appear to have been hearded by the local mahajuns, and this grain is now chiefly expended in payment of field
- 4. In the Sudder sub-division Government prices continue to prevail. The rates for common rice (15 and 14 seers per rupee), shown in the last two price-currents, were inaccurate. The rate for cleaned rice is still 13 seers per rupee.
- 5. The demand for Government grain is increasing day by day in the town, the average daily sales having exceeded 1,200 maunds during the fortnight. In the interior of the district sales have been comparatively small, owing partly to increased distribution of advances, partly to large payments in kind being still made to laborers on the relief works, and partly to the fact that several town bunneans own shops in villages which they supply from head-quarters. The total expenditure of Government grain between 27th ultimo and 25th instant has been 1,75,845 maunds, or 20,845 maunds in excess of my estimate.
- 6. The subjoined statement shows the kind and prices of grain selling at some of the principal marts on 25th instant :-

	NAME	OF MART.		Wheat,	Barley.	Common rice.	Indian- corn.	Gram.	Murwa.
age!				Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.
Hajeepore				131	19	93		181	
Lalgunge	***	***	***	15	191	11		19	
Muhowah	***	***		133	161	82	14	16	
Tajpore	***		***	14	17	91	***	17	18
Mozufferpo	re	•••	***	13	17	13	16	171	

7. The rainfall during the fortnight was as follows :-

Hajeepore Jajpore Mozufferpo	***	***	***	***			inches.
Jajpore	***	117	***	***		0.94	>>
Mozufferpo	re	***	***	***	***	3.10	23

- 8. The weather during the fortnight has been most favorable for the crops. "From all sides." writes the Hajeepore officer, "the reports are most favorable. Alternate sunshine and rain have brought the crops into an advanced state, and unless some unforeseen change takes place, we must have a splendid bhadoi crop here." Prospects are equally good in Tajpore sub-division, but "a little rain," it is said, "would now be desirable to enable the ryots to complete the transplanting of their dhan, and to freshen what has been transplanted." Cheena is giving a good outturn.
- 9. In the Sudder sub-division, except where the crops were lately submerged, prospects are very good. In parts of the western circles the makai is somewhat backward and It has been ascertained that the damage caused by the inundations is not so requires rain. great as was at first supposed, but more or less injury has been done to the crops in the Toorkee, Belsund, Rajkhund, Kuttra, Gaighatty, Sudder, Chajun, and Kantee circles. The Toorkee Superintendent states that "a great many cultivators who did not apply for advances before have now been forced to apply, as their crops have been completely damaged by the recent floods." In Belsund circle "comparatively little damage has been done. Where the makai was destroyed in most places rice has been put in its place." Some parts of the circle are still under water.

The Rajkhund Superintendent reports that 900 beeghas of crops have been entirely destroyed in his circle and that 2,500 beeghas have been damaged. "The water," he writes, has not yet seceded from the low land bordering on the river; and the rice sown at the bottom of the jheels, and which had not been transplanted, is of course destroyed; but it is still sufficiently early in the season for all the injury to future harvest prospects to be susceptible of remedy by the granting, and in some few cases the renewal, of advances to the ryots whose lands have been submerged. Grain to the value of Rs. 2,080 has already been advanced

to those who have suffered the greatest loss."

In Kuttra circle about three-eighths of the crops in 40 villages have been damaged. In Gaighatty circle the area injured is not large. In the Sudder circle one-fourth of the crops is stated to have been lost in six groups of villages (about 90 villages in all), but this estimate, I think, is excessive. In Chajun circle the makai has suffered severely in the lower lands, and a large tract of country is still under water between Chajun and Mozufferpore, and in Kantee circle it is feared that nearly 10,000 beeghas of crops have been ruined. the total area on which the crops have been destroyed or damaged does not exceed 80,000 beeghas.

10. In Hajeepore sub-division the condition of the people is good, and the subdivisional officer considers that "the advances we are giving will prevent any distress until the bhadoi crops are ripe." The same remarks apply to Tajpore. In the Sudder sub-division the condition of the people generally is much improved, but the numbers of persons on relief works (69,601), or in receipt of charitable relief (20,592), are still very high, and indicate the

continued existence of want and pressure among certain cla 11. There have been no cases of deaths from starvation.

12. The circles in which the people still resort largely to the relief works are the Sudder, Ather, Toorkee, Kantee, Moteepore, Dooriah, and Jaintpore circles, of which five are administered by planters who have always paid low rates.

B.-RRLIEF WORKS.

13. The number of laborers employed daily in the three sub-divisions is as follows :-

			Total		84,229
Mozufferpore	***	***	***	***	69,601
Tajpore	***	***	***	***	9,300
Hajeepore	***		***	***	5,328

In the Mozufferpore sub-division the majority of laborers still consist of women and children. The Superintendent of the Sudder circle "would like to see all the men turned off the works, but this," he fears, "cannot be effected without raising the rate of wages for the women." I have no doubt that the men would gladly quit the works if they could obtain employment in the field, where wages are twice as high as Government rates, but the fact is that the small employers of labor cannot afford this year to take on as many hands as they want. The grain advances given during the last month have enabled many ryots and small zemindars to employ laborers whom they could not otherwise have hired, and as advances increase, it is possible that there may be a still further diminution of numbers on relief works. If it be conceded (and I submit it must) that at any time during the past three months there was real necessity for relief works, that this sub-division is densely populated, that the supply of labor has been largely augmented by women and children who do not ordinarily work, that employers can ill afford to maintain the minimum number of laborers required for weeding their fields, and that hungry men cannot be fed on green crops, I think it can hardly appear strange that our relief works have not been altogether deserted since the commencement of the rains.

14. A large number of useful village roads have been and still are being made or repaired by circle officers.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

15. Private trade continues active in some parts of Tajpore and Hajeepore sub-divisions. In Mozufferpore sub-division it is doing nothing, so far as importations from beyond the district are concerned. It is quite certain, however, that the two southern sub-divisions can now take all the grain that private traders may be willing to import, and that it would therefore be mere waste of time and loss of profit to send up grain to Mozufferpore. The Superintendent of Singhiya circle informs me that he could sell any quantity of Government grain at Lalgunge, but as that town is easily accessible from Patna, and is altogether free from distress, I am unwilling to send him grain, which is so greatly required for this sub-division.

16. All transport of Government grain, except from the reserve gola in Mozufferpore

to circle golas in the interior, has now ceased.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

17. The amount of Government grain that has been stored is as follows :-

				Mds.
Hajeepore	***	***	***	41,531
Tajpore Mozufferpore	***	***	***	50,560
Mozufferpore	***	***	***	5,39,961

18. The expenditure of grain in the Ather, Kantee, Moteepore, and Jaintpore circles, has been so much larger than I expected, that I have been obliged, within the last few days, to arrange for replenishing them all from head-quarters. Supplies aggregating 50,000 maunds are now being despatched to them.

I have availed myself of the permission (conveyed in your demi-official letter) to take over 16,000 maunds of mixed grain from Monghyr, and the balance of the 60,000 maunds lying at Doollee. Colonel Macgregor is arranging for the transport of these supplies. "Jao-boota" is just now more in demand than any other kind of grain in this sub-division, being, from its cheapness, the most popular means of paying wages to field laborers.

19. I trust that, with this addition to my stores, there will be sufficient grain in the Sudder sub-division to last the people through next month, and to supplement the produce of the bhadoi crops in the three following months. After the experience of the last four weeks I cannot estimate my grain expenditure for August at less than two lakks of maunds. There will thus be left about 11 lakhs of maunds for the three remaining months. Up to the present time we have failed to weigh out grain at the town gola as fast as the bunneahs are prepared to receive it. Large as the opium godown premises are, the incessant arrivals of grain carts, the unloading and stacking of bags, and the large despatches of grain to the relief works, have seriously interfered with the weighments and deliveries of grain to the bunneahs. I understand, however, that latterly these sales have amounted to 2,500 maunds a day.

E .- ADVANCES.

20. All circle officers are now busily employed in making advances. In some circles cultivators are coming forward for second advances; and as they absolutely require more grain,

and the original advances were fixed at the safe and moderate rate of two rupees' worth of grain per beegha of holding, I have sanctioned further advances. The total quantity of grain advanced in the three sub-divisions is as follows:—

	100	The second second				Mds.
Hajeepore	***	***	14.55	•••		9,861
Tajpore	***			***	***	7,769
Mozufferpore	***				***	87,747
						-
				Total		1,05,377

21. From the care and discrimination used in making advances, I have every reason to think that they will be recovered in full, and I am quite satisfied that for the classes of cultivators and small zemindars they are the best form of relief that could have been devised. I have myself no fear whatever that advance-receivers will shirk or evade repayment.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

22. The number of recipients of charitable relief has increased during the fortnight.

The following are the daily figures and total for the three sub-divisions:—

Hajeepore	***		*	***	***	3,632
Tajpore	***	***	***	***		7,463
Mozufferpore		***	***	***	***	20,592
				Total	***	31,687

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

23. The subjoined table shows our expenditure for Hajeepore, Tajpore, and Mozufferpore sub-divisions during the fortnight under review:—

					Rs.	Α.	Ρ.
Transport of Go	vernment gr	rain		***	1,68,687	8	6
Salaries, establis	hment, and	contingen	cies	***	11,746	14	3
Charitable relief	(paid from	Tajpore 8	ub-treasury)	***	200	0	0
Storage	***		***	***	800	0	0
			Total *	***	1,61,434	6	9

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Appendix of Labor for the Fortnight ending the 25th July 1874.

	NA	MES OF	CIRC	LES.	,	Average daily number of laborers.	Number on last day.	REMARKS.	
Sudder						 11,829	8,676	Figures up to 23rd Ju	aly.
Bhikunpore	Facto	гу	***			 2,096	3,378	Ditto ditto.	
Thajun		***	***		***	 2,013	1,621	Ditto ditto.	
ther			***	***		 5,800	6,269	Ditto 24th.	
Cuttra				***	***	 61	36	Ditto 22nd.	
oorkee		***	***			 6,811	7,685	Ditto ditto.	
lelsund						 95	167	Ditto 23rd.	
lajkhund			***			 1,117	2,669	Ditto ditto.	
Cantee			***	***		 10,088	7,823	Ditto ditto.	
leghye out	work		***			 4,497	4,532	Ditto ditto.	
Motipore	***	***		***		 6,094	6,354	Ditto ditto.	
ahebgunge		***		***		 1,645	825	Ditto ditto.	
)ooria	***				***	 6,865	5,812	Ditte ditte.	
eraya		***	***	***	*	 2,005	8,080	Ditto ditto.	
aintpore	***	***	***	***		 6,589	7,434	Ditto ditto.	
yeghattee	***	***		•••	***	 833 *	465	There was no work du Figures from 17th to	uring first week
Works und	er Exe	cutive E	ngine	er	***	 2,163	1,872	Figures up to 24th.	
				Brand '	Total	69,601	68,198		

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX OF LABOR.

		Names of Works.	100	GE NUM PERSON: TASE-W	9	OF 1	AGE NO	ON	TOTAL.			
5				Men. Women.		Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.
Cajpore	5	Batch ghât road Miscellaneous works				21 14	i	27 7	21 14	i	27	
	5	Batch ghât to Kasturi Serai	103	,,,,,,					103			
	П	Suken read	248	120	232							
ahlempore	2	Bardiha road	35	100	202	******		******	248	120	23	
amenipose	ш	Simarwara and road	159	286	286			*****	35	10.00	*****	
	-11	Bahwara and Shapore road	129	208	275	52	48	16	159	286 256	28	
	U	Simarwara and Loma road	127	77	78	58	40	7	181	117	29	
			7	Man.	1		40	,	100	117	- 5	
	r	Balwa Bund	24				******		24			
	11	Balwa Dihbund	10						10			
	11	Basaul putti road		******		8	25	*****	8	25	*****	
dasoc	.3	Burowlee and Tajpore road			******	102	1.47	109	102	147	10	
	41	Hurpore road	77	79	60	5	17	30	82	96	96	
	11	Pokhrera road	7	******	******	******			7			
	-	Chilling Grass	123	148	50		*****	*****	123	148	5	
Ohober	. 1	Miscellaneous works				108	75	99	108	75	9	
larsingpore	.	Tank work	******			44			44	100	1	
hahpore nudi		Mahna and Shahpore nudi road	******	191.11		60 -		******	60	177777		
arhan		Nahar ghât road	287	******					287	771111		
otton Resul	5	Ganges embankment	1,295	795	209	2,270	255	57	3,565	1.050	26	
Pulsing Serai	. (Bazidpore road			******	71			71	1,000	20	
		Total	2,624	1,713	1,190	2,813	608	352	5,437	2,321	1,54	

HAJEEPORE SUB-DIVISION.—APPENDIX OF LABOR.

	Numbe	r on dail;	y wages.	Numbe	er on piec	e-work.	Total number of laborers.			
Names of Works.	ep.	omen.	nildren.	en.	omen.	illdren.	en.	omen.	ildren.	

SINGHIYA CIRCLE. * UNDER MR. POPE.

					Potal					395	80		395	80	-	454
Mahma	**	400	***	***	1.00	1.81	*****		******	81	4	1	81	- 4	1	*****
Arthouli	**	***	***	***	***		******	******	******	93		*****	93		*****	******
Mownah	**	***	***	***	***	***			******	168	47		168	47		
Nawaah			***	147	***		******		******	8	12	1	8	12	1	
Atawoolapore	road		*	***						45	17	3	45	17	3.	

KARHARI CIRCLE.

UNDER MR. CAMPBELL.

-	-		-	-		-	1	-	-	1		-	1		_	
Shahpore	road	450	***	444	***	***	******		******	100	47	48	100	47	48	
Rohnah	- 10	***		***	***	***	******	111.775	******	5	******	******	5			
Sadpoora	- 59			***	***	***	******	40000	******	37	*****	*****	37	*****	******	
Malmah	. 55	***		***	***	***		*****	******	207	1.1167	*****	207	114147	111.00	
				- 9	Cotal					349	47	48	349	47	48	478

SHAHPORE CIRCLE.

UNDER MR. J. SMITH.

Roscolpore road Gopinath Gopalpore road Making platform at Shahpore		1	*****	 	842 583 54	54	129	842 583 54	54	129	
	Total			 	1,479	54	129	1,479	54	129	979

BHATQWLIA CIRCLE.

UNDER MR. MACGREGOR.

Belwar road				45	17	12	45	17	/ 12	- Marin
	Total		 	45	17	12	45	17	12	426

HAJEEPORE CIRCLE.

UNDER	SUB-DIVISIONAL	OFFICER.	t
	and the second s	and the second s	interest for the

Weeding the cutcherry compound	 	4	13	1	4	13	1	
Total	 	 4	13	1	4	18	1	665

CHUPTAH CIRCLE.

UNDER MR. PARK.

Ditto Ditto	road	No. No.	III		***	 ******			31 33 28	35 36 44	6 7	31 33 28	36 44	10 6 7	
Kalianpore Ditto		No.	11	***			******	******	25 11	. 80 10	2 2	25 11	50 10	2 2	******
Saray	**	2.01			***	 *****			28	38	4	28	38	4	
				T	otal	 ,,,,,,			156	193	31	156	193	81	303

CHULWARAH CIRCLE. Under Mr. Blake.

			7	otal				******	2,270			2,270			327
and the same of th									-	-	-	merce i company			******
Mahnar	***	***	***	***	***	*****	111141	******	1,021			1,021	******	******	******
Bunkut "	0.00	***		***	***	******	*****	*****	832 1,021	******	200000	832	212.41	******	******
Shahpore "	4.67	***	***	***	-4.	*****		*****	13	******	*****	18		******	******
Laigunge ,,	200	***			***			*****	79		******	79		*****	******
Karhari road	***		***	***	111			******	325 79	******	*****	325		rener.	
4		(6)			- 1										

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX B OF GRAIN.

					-	figures	Gov-	grain e of ed to	TOTAL Q	UANTITY OF	GÓVERNMEN UP TO DATE.	T GRAIN CO	NSUMED
N	AMES O	e Cr	RCLES			Date for which fars given.	Total allotment of ernment grain.	Total quantity of grain st.red, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sale to the public or to laborers	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to lab orers.	Total.
							Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Tajpore		***	***			7 1	10,000 0 0	4,725 39 0	246 12 1	985 30 11		1,626 32 8	2,858 34 15
Poosah		***		***		1874.	17,575 24 6	17,148 24 0	206 7 0	497 25 6	6,890 2 8	3,621 4 0	11,214 38 14
Chandeho	WT			***			12,000 0 0		*****				
Arangar				***		Mny	8,000 0 0	3,785 25 13	67 2 8	173 38 4	. 17 0 0	26 6 8	284 7 4
Bahlempo	re		***	***		1st	24,000 0 0	*9,378 38 8	200 1 0	1,193 21 0	845 2 0	5,421 21 5	5,660 5 5
Shahpore	Undi	***) (10,000 0 0	200 0 0	*****	89 8 14			89 8 14
Tabhka si	ab-gola					******		200 0 0				I 24 12	1 24 12
Marwan	ditto	- 40	***	***				500 0 0	71 14 0	227 32 7	17 6 13	178 0 €	494 13 4
Ganges E	nbankn	nent	sub-go	las	4.		15,600 0 0	14,626 0 0		3 6 0		9,007 17 15	9,010 23 12
			т	otal					790 86 9	3,171 2 10	7,769 11 5	17,882 26 8	29,613 37 6

^{*} Of this 515 maunds were received from Tajpore gola.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Golas of the Hajeepore Sub-Division for the Fortnight ending the 25th July 1874.

•	1	Date for which	Total allot- ment of	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of	Service State of the service	QUANTITY OF	GOVERNM UP TO DAT	ENT GRAIN CO	NSUMED
Names of Circle		figures are given.	Government grain.	grain transfer-	By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.
	T		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Hajcepore .	. 1	. (50,000	8,832 21 12	327 37 12	487 31 8	1,847 20 0	101 16 4	2,764 25 8
Mahna .			min	2,855 9 0		198 9 0		3,688 31 84	3,887 0 8
Lalgunge .		1874		8,548 0 0	******	185 29 0	1,346 39 11	405 87 5	1,938 26 0
Shahpore		July	um	15,000 20 0		371 28 0	2,497 0 0	936 27 8	3,805 15 8
Sarsai"		f 4#5	*****	5,000 0 0	68 7 11	41 28 12	1,792 19 11	497 33 2	2,400 9 5
Bhatowlia		196		•		247 17. 0	1,262 34 15	355 6 12	1,865 18 8
Karhari			Acres .	6,300 0 0	622 15 0	196 20 12	1,114 8 (91 11 4	9,024 15 0
Total				41,581 10 12	1,018 20 7	1,729 4 0	9,861 2 3	6,077 3 113	18,585 30 5

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Name of Cincins. Date for which figures are given.	The second secon		0	9	7	00	6	10	п	51
NAME OF CIRCINA. Date for which figures are give				TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	GRAIN CONSUM	URD UP TO DATE	ei e			
	Total allotment of Government grain.	grain stored, ex- clusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	REMARKS.
Millian Production Principles of male 1884 Labor	Mds.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Cb.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	•
Mozamerpore nanganii gois astu auty	1	89,421 20 0	12,318 15 0	448 10 0		(e) 1,524 39 0	14,291 24 0			(e) By the Executive
Opium godown 23rd		1,55,577 20 0	25,660 20 0	******	:	(e) 111 0 0	25,771 29 0	38,000 9 0		Engineer.
Busulpore gola 23rd .,	2,94,978	3,400 0 0		(a) 38 34 0		(a) 518 7 0	0 1 199			(a) Shi oru m pore Factory.
Sudder circle 25rd ,,		***************************************	6,522 9 0	0 48 57 0	14,725 13 0	23,495 11 0	45,727 20 0			
Chajun 23rd			1,026 13 0	1,587 34 0	3,983 7 0	3,257 29 0	9,835 3 0			
Other " 22nd "	16,000	17,000 0 0	83,67.28 0	250 25 0	6,700 29 0	6,212 29 0	16,531 31 9			
Kuttra " 23rd "	57,514	24,211 17 0	9,520 24 0	2,559 2 9	7,870 26 0	2,849 28 0	22,800 0 0	36,000 0 0		
Toorkee ,, 22nd ,,	30,862	24,457 15 0	2,999 24 0	234 9 0	2,140 25 0	7,777 3 0	13,151 21 0			
Belsund ,, 23rd ,,	48,598	50,625 38 0	(6) 2,976 22 0	1,962 23 0	16,630 20 0	1,596 31 0	23,166 16 0		1,00,000 0 0	(b) Sub-gola figures
Rajkhund " gård "	40,000	21,768 0 0	7,534 37 0	1,683 12 0	3,656 15 0	5,379 1 0	16,263 25 0	10,000 0 0	*	not received.
Kantee " 23rd "	15,000	17,476 0 0	8,799 30 0	195 9 0	2,686 29 0	10,547 11 0	17,228 39 0			
Reghyi out-work 23rd "	10,000	10,000 0 0	1,196 17 0	134 8 0	2,828 4 0	3,145 19 0	7,304 3 0			
Motipore circle 23rd "	15,000	23,158 28 0	4,212 18 0	242 26 0	0 61 770,01	4,362 14 0	18,894 37 0			
Sabibgunge " 23rd "	44,462	23,522 0 0	8,423 27 0	707 16 9	2,175 32 0	5,612 39 9	11,919 25 0	15,000 0 0*	,	
Daoria ,, 23rd ,,	15,000	14,782 34 0	(c) 2,362 24 0	1,429 35 0	0 9 26 (0)	7,369 11 0	11,258 346 0		***************************************	(c) Figures up to end
Serfigs 23rd	15,000	30,663 26 0	7,202 35 0	2,020 1 0	7,343 14 0	3,759 37 0	20,326 7 0			of forthight not received.
Jaintpore 22nd "	10,000	18,459 0 6	1,926 34 0	557 9 0	2,782 21 0	5,044 2 0	10,310 28 9			
Gaighattee " 23rd "	25,600	15,437 20 0	4,689 20 0	1,609 0 0	4,649 13 0	256 4 0	(d) 10,595 G O	1c,000 0 0		(d) Return from 4 sub-golas not
Total	6,26,324	5,89,961 16 0	1,00,740 37 0	16,636 4 0	87,747 83 0	90,799.26 0	2,95,924 20 0	95,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	received.

* This has been ordered from the quantify now coming to the Opium Godown gola.

Statement of Charitable Relief for the Monuferpore Sub-division for the fortnight ending 25th July 1874.

Number are not	MR OF CIRCLES. Total 1	silubA	,	2	11	tra 13,692	11	11		1.1	Jaintpore	otal
oer charita not capabl	up to date return.	Obildren.		817,1	-	8 6,573 10,452		-	1	13 42,500	11	159,120
charitably relieved,		Adults.		812					200		618	1-
who	Daily average number for the fortught.	Children.		25	909	746	1,127	282	178	715	313	6,539
Number cannot caste, Comm Tith N	fotal	.etlubA		.8	833	11	338	10000		11	11	26,932
Number charitably relieved, who nemned work owing to their caste, &c., described in Central Committee's resolution dated fith March, as coming under heading D.	up to date return.	Children.		20		11	49			111		5,736
ly relieve owing to thed in C solution coming	Daily average namber for the fortnight.	Adults.		1	288	11	76	-	1		18	009
their Sentral dated under	or the T	Children.	7		*	11	800		1		-	128
Number spinning &c., as p resolutio heading	Total up to	Adults.	-	8.486	855	707				733		18,623
Number employed in cotton- spinning, rope-twisting, &c., &c., as per Central Committee's resolution dated 4th March, heading C.	to date 1	Children.	-	-		11						
d in ectwisting,	Daily average number for the fortnight.	Adults.	-	115			10 20				677	10
		Childron.		-			11				•	-
Total number of persons relieved under heads B. C. and D of the resolution.	Total up to	Adults.		35,003	51,157	13,780	53,685			73,346		389,774
ober of preside B,	up to date return.	Children.		1,715	14,909	10,452	31,535			42,590		155,856
ersons rel 2, and D tion.	Daily average number for the fortnight.	Adults,		812	89 2,141	1,569	2,182	1113	554	1,680	1,313	14,920
of of		Children.		18	610	748	1,120	888	179	715	813	5,672
Quantity of grain spent in charitable relief.		the fortnight.	Mds. Srs.	56 8 899 31	26 12 588 6	882 36	565 29	24 31	119 12	623 30	409 28	5,514 83
rain spent le relief.	Up to the	end of the fortnight.	Mds. Srs.	010	22	3 21 0	S 23	00 50	92	-10	1,600 9	16,636 4 1
Price of greatable Governia	During	the fortnight.	Bs. A. P.	168 9 0	9,164 13 6	1,762 7 1 407 7 8	,625 14 9 873 3 3	74 5 0 265 2 3	333 5 9	970 0 0	1,123 11 9 203 13 3	16,962 5 2
Price of grain spent on charitable relief at Government rate,	Up to the	end of the fortnight.	Rs. A. P.	1,346 11 0	4,453 4 2	9 4 6	130	743 4 6	4,397 13 9	6,522 2 3	4,200 15 4 612 3 0	46,939 4 2
in charitable price of grain	anse spent lo evisuli dintrol e	Total amo relief, exc during th	Rs. A. P.				237 13 6		!!			265 9 6
charitable relied ga gain, ng b	ni spont in o eoirq lo stininol e	Total amoun evisules off 10 bus	Rs. A. P.	862 12 10 2,347 7 19	360 6 9	3,716 3 6	2,461 4 6 2,040 0 0	*******	1,339 2 3		237 0 4	14,496 9 8

APPENDIX C.

Statement of Charitable Relief of Tajpore Sub-division.

		OF CIRCLES.		1	NUMBER OF I	ERSONS WORKS	NG.	AVERA	GE DAILY.
	NAMBC	OF CIECLES.		Cotton.	Patwa.	Bamboo.	Cloth.	Cooked.	Uncooked
				183	18		54	15	
oosah	***	***		48					18
				69	******			90000	708
holee				213	48	4	*****	14	282
arhai				35			*****	1	230
hahpurundi				1,040	140	1	194	40 #	398
lahleapore		***		183	12			46	631
andaha	***	***	***	4			*****	341000	135
rangar	**	***	***	691	******			******	80
ajpore	***	***	***		******		66	20	395
alsingserai	***	***	***	730	******	******	88	0.00	465
itwarpore		***		67	2		9 .		183
		Total		3,263	220	4	411	95	3,470

C. F. WORSLEY. Callertor

No. 979F, dated Durbhunga, the 27th July 1874. From-C. T. Metcalfe, Esq., Additional Commissioner, Durbhunga

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept. I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending 25th July 1874.

STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

1. The fine weather of the past fortnight has been most favorable to agriculture. The rainfall has not been excessive, but there have been occasional heavy showers. In Mudhoobunnee the low lands have been largely sown and the high lands weeded, and the bhadoi crops are fast approaching maturity. Cultivators are everywhere busy on their fields, and relief works are regarded as no longer affording attractions to any but women and children, except in a few localities where a superabundance of labor, as compared with the cultivable area, has led to the coolies remaining on the works. The Magistrate reports that the sowings, so far from being thinner as was anticipated in consequence of apprehensions of shortness of seed, have been on a more extensive scale than usual. He writes-

"The harvest prospects are most excellent, although there have been some losses in the lower lands from the earlier heavy rains: transplanting is still being completed. The bindoi crops are said to be secure from further injury. Murwa, the (staple) food-crop of the country, is reported as especially good. Makai, sama, and some places even murwa, are already ripening, and fit for cutting.

"From Kachra Mr. Magrath reports the accounts are not so reassuring. The crops in the high lands are flourishing, and transplantation is nearly over; but much destruction has been caused by floods in the low lands of the Jerail pergunnah, and it has been calculated that as much as 2 annas of the murwa crop has been destroyed. This, however, is not an exceptional The crops in these low lands are destroyed by floods in most years; they are only sown in the chance of their escaping and yielding a handsome return to compensate for the losses of other seasons, and the cultivator never depends upon those crops alone. If the floods subside resowings will be attempted.

"From Umgaon reports came that the crops are extremely good, and that there is every prospect of the best bhadoi outturn known for years. Murva, it is stated, will be ready for cutting in a few days. The overflow of the Kumla has slightly damaged it here and there. On the other hand, however, there is a particularly large and fine stretch of it along the Kumla from below Silanath as far as Deodha.

"In Bhukwa the weather has been favorable for the transplanting of paddy.

"In Juanjharpore the crops seem to be generally excellent, and cultivation to have made good progress. Another week's fine weather, it is reported, will allow the whole of the Rewan sub-circle to be cultivated; and as the greater part of the fields have been cultivated before the commencement of the agricultural season called the pokk mischattra, the people are very sanguine of a full outtura. Of the lands belonging to the extensive village Mebrathpore, only 75 beeghas remain to be cultivated. In Futtehpore the murwa will, in many fields, reach maturity in a week or ten days.

"In Motipore the murwa has almost all been transplanted, together with a considerable quantity of rice. The janera and murwa, it is reported, will be most excellent, and the rice lately sown expected to succeed. The area under cultivation, Mr. Williams believes, is fully equal to that in other years, while in some villages he states it is greater. He knows no tract where cultivation is not being rapidly pushed forward except the low country to the north-east of Dugjuri, where there is still so much water that he fears a considerable area must remain ancultivated this year. The heavy rainfall noticed in my last varrative did injury in parts of Motipore. The rice in the low lands suffered from floods. This occurred especially in Doomra

Motipore. The rice in the low lands suffered from noods. This occurred especially in Doomra, Paree, Audhra, Bjigi, Haidarpore, and Hurari.

2. Peopree.—Sowings completed some time ago; planting nearly finished; prospects of harvest admitted by cultivators to be all that could be wished; sowings no thinner than usual; present crops unusually thick. The present fine weather has been most welcome. The murwa crop was at one time endangered by excessive soaking, but it has now been weeded. and has recovered its healthy condition. Here and there fields both of murwa and keoni are almost ready for cutting.

3. Naraya.—This fine weather, Mr. Mosley reports, has done a great deal of good; fields have been weeded, and whole tracts of country planted out. Indian-corn is here ripening; murwa in several localities is already ripe, and the general crops will be ready in this sub.

division in about 20 days.

4. The narrative for the Durbhunga Sub-division shows that the heavy downpour of 18½ inches between the 3rd and the 10th had an injurious effect upon the crops, while the lower lands were altogether swamped. The Bagmuttee and Kumla overflowed their banks, and some 20 square miles of country were submerged; but the break in the weather has wrought some 20 square lintes of the broadcast dhan, which was submerged and destroyed, transplanted rice has been placed, and there is every prospect of an abundant rice harvest.

Mr. Tripe, an old resident in this district, expresses an opinion that the present bhadoi

crop is the finest he has seen for thirty-two years.

5. Rainfall .- The following table shows the rainfall :-

Mudhoobunnee		***	***	***	***	3.38	inches,
Bhukwa		***		***	***	6.45	**
Matipore	***	***	***	***	***	3.90	97
Jhanjharpore	***			***	***	3.32	21
Durbhunga	***		***	***	***	8.20	**
Poopree	***	***		***	***	4.7	**
Naraya	***	***	***	***	***	5.02	**

Price-current for the fortnight ending 22nd July 1874.

NAI	KE OF	LOCAL	ITY.		Wheat.	Barley.	Rice.	Indian-corn.	Millet.	Gram.	REMARKS.
Mudhoobunn	ee				14	16	11	13	16	20*	Government grains.
Andramut			***		14	24	16	22	21	16	
Khujowlee			*		15	20	15	20	20	20	
Naraya	***	***			11	141	15†	16	13	12	† Government grain.
Durbhunga					112	191	10	171	*****	16	Murwa of last year 16 seers.
Rosserah	1.00	***	***	***		19	12		19	18	1000
Poopree	***		***								
Setamurhee					14	16	161	171	175	18	I Government rice.

7. Public health .- Public health continues good. In the Setamurhee Sub-division, fever is reported as prevalent and there have been some deaths. Dr. Williams, writing of the Mudhoobunnee circle, reports :

"I find the state of health of the people satisfactory. A great improvement has taken place in their condition. On a cursory examination one might say that but few were otherwise than healthy, but on examining a number of cases I find a proportion of from 7 to 21 per cent. to be ancemic. The people appear to have received a certain amount of flesh and lat, which they had lost, though their blood has not yet recovered its proper healthy state."

8. The following percentages, mostly of women, are given :-

						1000			Examined.	Anomic.	Percentage.
Bhukwa						Women			102	19	18-627
Ditto	***	***	***		***	Children			75	11	14.666
adania	per	2 m	***	***	***	Women	***		65	14	21:538
Ditto		14	4.	***		Children		-	40	7.	7.5
Deodha	***	***				Women			223	17	7.627
furlakee	***	***			***	Ditto	***		60	9	18.
Ditto		S S	***	Me		Men	*******		39	. 8	20-513
Cachra						Ditto			89	9	10-112

The greater part of those examined at Ladania were Nepalese. The Bhukwa figures were of persons receiving cooked-food, several of whom were from Nepal, and not of persons in ordinary health.

At Kachra, which is some 17 miles south of the frontier, 10 per cent. were ancemic.

9. In the Hussunpore circle of the Durbhunga Sub-division, a few cases of sporadic cholera have been reported. In Poopree, small-pox showed itself in Cherout and Parihar.

9½. Relief works.—In Mudhoobunnee the numbers on relief works have dwindled down to the number 17,885, and consists principally of women and children A portion of men retained are skilled workmen, engaged in building golas, bridges, &c. &c.; there are still some persons employed in petty village relief works, such as construction of village paths. Tokens are found to answer conveniently as a medium of payment, people readily take and exchange them for grain.

For the amount of grain expended in payment of relief works vide paragraph 11.

10. The following statement shows the number of relief laborers in the three sub-

10. The following statement shows the number of rener divisions:—

					Daily average of laborers on relief works. 8,935 1,260 17,885 5,814 3,695 6,988	PUBLIC WORKS.		CIRCLE OFFICERS		COURT OF WARDS.	
NAME O	y Si	B-DIVI	BION.			Task.	Daily.	Task.	Daily.	72 140	Daily.
Sectamurhee Poopree Mudhoobunnee Naraya Durbhunga Hathee						2,260 583 7,883 	6,209 275	1,268 1,621 2,809 1,596 5,845	5,407 605 2,172 2,132		
	Grand total				44,577	13,536	6,484	13,139	10,316	212	89

11. Amount of grain expended in payment of labor :-

CIRCLES.						Up to last return.	During fort- night.	Total.	Remarks.		
			-		-	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.			
Norunga Parihar Soormud Cherout Poopree Bongong Sivnagar Jaby						1,111 3,913 2,152 1,590 406 1,716	137 323 130 666 384 111 983 1,718	429 1,434 4,043 2,818 1,974 517 2,699 6,948	In the returns from the circles, total only are included of all grains, no dis tinction being made between "rice" and "other grains."		
				Total		16,410	4,452	20,862			
Durbhunga Mahomedpore Hyaghat Warisnugger Bhandar Leyra						iven in pr vious stat ment.	429 408 2,977 884 1,000 1,283				
				Total		18,041	6,981	25,022	×2.11		
Behar Dasowta Hirnee Hussunpore Gungdhar Singhia			•••				1,912 1,437 1,115 487 2,200 1,553	*****			
				Total		. 34,327	8,004	42,831			
Mudhoobunnee						24,835	12,215	37,050			
Poopree Naraya	***		***				4,783 11,855	20,894 11,855			
				Total				1,58,014			

STATE OF PRIVATE GRAIN STORES.

12. The Government rice is the only cheap rice procurable in the market at Parihar: early murwa has appeared in small quantities in one or two hauts, but the average selling price in the Poopree Sub-division is still 13 seers. South of Durbhunga murwa has fallen as low as 20 seers, and it is expected will soon fall still lower as the new crop comes into the market.

RELIEF UNDER HEADINGS B, C, D.

13. Large quantities of grain have been given away during the fortnight to persons belonging to the higher castes either as gifts or loans re-payable at pleasure. In some places the Brahmius refused these gifts till the gift was associated with the word paincha, i.e., a loan without security. 8,000 maunds have in one circle alone been advanced to 1,431

high caste families comprising 10,864 persons. In the same circle 1,619 maunds have been advanced to 214 low caste families containing 1,606 persons. Amongst the high caste recipients are 22 pundits well known in native society. In the Blukwa circle 5,293 maunds have been distributed among 1,727 heads of families. In Motipore, Jhanjharpore, Kachra, and Umgaon, similar measures have been taken to relieve distressed families.

Storage of Grain.

74.

	Nam	es of Cir	reles.	Allotment.	Stored.	Remarks.
Durbhunga Mahomedpo Hyaghaut Warrisuugg Bundhar Lehra	ore			 1,10,000 1,72,000 1,46,000 1,00,000 85,000 54,000	1,17,569 1,47,114 1,34,878 97,168 58,836 54,000*	* Approximately a large quantity
		Total		 6,67,000	6,09,568	transferred to Mudhoobunnee from surplus delivered.
Dosowta Gungda				 2,14,000 1,32,000	1,77,523 1,41,184	
Rohar Singhea Hirnee				 2,08,000 84,000 64,000	1,83,864 75,946 64,546	12
Hussunpore				 34,000	37,934	
		Total	117	 7,36,000	6,80,997	
	Grand	Total	***	 14,03,000	12,90,562	

The following statement shows the allotments and receipts in the Mudhoobunnee Sub-

				Total		11,60,000	10,04,804
Arer	***	***	***		***	10,000	13,636
	***	***	***	***	***		45,161
Bempatte		***		***	***		1,08,460
Deodha	*** 0		***	***	***		30,250
Phet	***		***	***	***	43,000	30,350
Hurlakee	***				***	48,000	30,536
Sidhup Kolan			***	***	***		11,020
Naradh			***		***	40,000	43,110
Korahya						50,000	36,947
Ladina						60,000	47,288
Khojowh						1,10,000	1,02,241
Sarso						60,000	56,615
						1.30,000	1,00,525
							56,985
							74,675
							40,043
							70,333
Mudhoohunnee						1.20,000	1,06,629
	Khojowh Ladina Korahya Naradh Sidhup Kolan Hurlakee Phet Deodha	Pundowl Kewan * Rudhpore Besdeopore Besdeopore Sarso Sarso Khojowh Ladina Korahya Naradh Sidhup Kolan Hurlakee Phet Deodha Bempatte Palei	Pundowl Kewan Rudhpore Basdeopore Jhanjharpore Sarso Khojowh Ladina Korahya Naradh Sidhup Kolan Hurlakee Phet Docdha Bempatte Palei	Pundowl Kewan " Rudhpore Besdeopore Jhanjharpore " Sarso Khojowh Ladina Korahya Naradh " Sidhup Kolan Huriakee Phet Docodha Deodha Bempatte Palei "	Pundowl Kewan * Rudhpore Besdeopore Jhanjharpore * Sarso * Khojowh Ladina Korahya * Naradh * Sidhup Kolan * Hurlakee Phet Deodha Deodha Bempatte Palei Arer *	Pundowl Kewan Rudhpore Basdespore Jhanjharpore Sarso Skhojowh Ladina Korahya Korahya Naradh Sidhup Kolan Hurlakee Phet Deodha Bempatte Bempatte Palei Arer	Pundowl 75,000 Rewan 40,006 Rudhpore 75,000 Basdespore 85,000 Janjharpore 1,30,000 Sarso 60,000 Khojowh 1,10,000 Ladina 60,000 Korahya 50,000 Naradh 40,000 Sidhup Kolan 44,000 Hurlakee 48,000 Phet 43,000 Doodha 44,000 Palei 60,000 Arer 10,000

15. Grain Expenditure.— The usual statements are annexed. In the Poopree and Seetamurhee Sub-divisions there has been an expenditure of 4,02,515 manufs, leaving a balance of 4,31,496, of which a portion has been transferred to Mozufferpore; and a second transfer is being made to the northern golas in Modhoobunnee, which sub-division has already consumed 4,94,219 out of 10,04,804, leaving an unexpended balance of 5,10,585. Durbhunga and Hathee have expended 6,19,103, leaving a balance, less wastage, of 6,71,459. Some further transfers have become necessary, thus: 20,000 must be sent to Singhea from Hathee, 10,000 to Hussunpore, and 12,000 to Dosowta.

Storage and Consumption of Grain in the Poopree Sub-division for the Fortnight ending the 24th July 1874.

			Tot	AL QUANTITY O	F GRAIN CONSU	MED UP TO DATE	
NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Dates for which figures are given.	By sale to laborers.	By sale to public.	Gratuitous distribution.	Advances.	Payments in kind.	Total.
Norunga]24th July {	Included in the next column.	3,876 8,759 12,810 10,752 7,520 5,113 10,765 31,110	#16 944 1,579 2,584 312 460 674 3,485	732 1,129 6,544 13,701 3,460 3,425 11,937 15,781	429 1,465 4,043 2,818 1,974 517 2,099 6,948	5,463 12,298 24,976 29,865 13,266 9,515 25,175 67,324
Total			90,705	10,404	55,809	20,894*	1,77,813

^{*} The figures for payments in kind include issues to Public Works Department.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, AUGUST 12, 1874. 2549

Storage and Consumption of Grain in Sectamurhee Sub-division for the Fortnight ending the 24th July 1874.

		V. Sept		De	tes for		Total	TOTAL	QUANTIT	Y OP GRA	IN CONST	MED UP TO	DATE.	Estimate grain ex-
NAMES OF	Cı	BCLBS.		which	h figu	res	received up to date.	By sale to laborers.	By sale to public.	Gratui- tous dis- tribution.	Advances.	Payments in kind.	Total.	penditur for the ensuing fortinght
							Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds
eetamurhee		***		22nd	July	***	h r	2,043	7,981	957	17,336	2,812	31.123	10,000
unchore				22nd	**	***		813	754	182	298	1,078	3,123	500
umra	***			23rd	**		1,16,721	522	252	385	2,589	244	3,992	10,00
arrha	***	***	***	22nd	**		1,10,721	312	1,952	857	2,532	1,183	6,836	2,00
ajapatty	***			22nd	17	***		152	354	356	1,198	340	2,415	56
athnaha		***	***	22nd	**) (245	267	333	3,605	983	5,433	3,00
heohur	***			22nd	**		46,178	2,508	11,694	4,977	9,092	5,220	33,401	8,00
lurpah				22nd	75		33,898	2,068	6,450	1,404	10,229	5,388	25,584	5,00
hugwanpore	***	200		22nd	**		40,264	840	6,371	1,298	6,580	2,868	17.957	6,00
mwah	***		***	22nd	**	***	49,455	297	10,166	2,748	12,276	2,336	27,823	4,00
aidpore				22nd	**		20,046	2,831	8,035	1,311	6,172	84	18,433	5,00
thoothce		***		22nd	,	***	61,679	1,040	7,400	1,970	15,022	4,182	29,564	8,00
ynechuprah	***			22nd	**		66,947	1,978	3,137	1,041	3,377	261	9,794	5,00
elahi				22nd	**	•••	10,316	580	4,452	821	2,549	883	9,285	2,00
		Total					4.45.499	16,229	69,175	18.640	92,849	27,805	2,24,703	69.00

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain up to Fortnight ending the 22nd July 1874.

									20.000				T	TOTAL CONSUMPTION OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN UP TO DATE.	TION OF GOV	BRYMENT GR	AIN U	P TO DAT			
Матрег.	NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Crincia	a .		Dates for which figures are given.	tes for whi figures are given.	bieh 8	Total allotment	Total quantity of Government grain received up to date.	1.	By sale.	By gratuitons Advanced to distribution ryots by in any circle officers.	Advanced to ryots by circle officers.	Advanced to Frote by Court of Wards' servants.	Paid in kind by circle officers.	Paid in kind in exchange by Public in exchange Works Pepart, for seed, ment officers.	In for	change r seed.	Given to transport officers.	By loss or wastage,	Total.
								Mds.	Mds. Srs. Cl	b. Mds	Srs. Ch	Mds. Srs. Ch. Mdsse Srs. Ch. Mds. Srs. Ch.		Mds. S. C. Más. Srs. Ch. Mds. Srs. Ch. Mds. Srs. Ch. Mds.Srs.Ch. Mds. Srs. Ch. Mds. Srs. Ch.	h. Mds. Srs. Cl.	Mds. Srs. C	h. Md	Srs.Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	
-	Mudhoobunnee		•	ŧ.	19th July			2,35,600	2,17,006 58	0,1	11 0 148'1	2,17,006 58 9 1,01,841 0 11 7,891 36 4		9,760 29 0 B,129 39 0	8,246 31 11	Z,178 S B		:	130 31 0		1,51,779 8 10
91	Motipore	1		I	18th		1	1,60,600	1,31,660 25 1		36,259 6 12}	\$ 5,232 39 112	\$ 2,905 \$1 10\$	974 36 8	4,864 22 13§	54 2,481 12 44	4.2		i		52,058 29 181
	Jhanjharpore	1	4	1	16th		1	1,90,000	0 041,75,1	9	8 6 112'19	84 4,353 22 13	6,089 35 101		3,239 14	3,239 14 4 1,187 17 95		211 15 8	7 0 9	961 38 89	FEI 88 195'44
•	Bhakwa		i	Ų.	16th	1	1.	9,60,000	8,40,607 20	0	79,824 0 8	84 11,040 84 94	4,291 38	2 2,483 29 8	8 725 32 11	4,399 37 13		450 54 9	299 10 8	9,279 35	24 1,12,586 3 78
	Опрвоп	-4	1	-	17th	1	1	1,35,000	91,138 0 0		46,800 39 0	0 2,256 36 6	6,617 87 7	-	2,918 21 14	381	60	· boose		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	81 02 211,80
	Kachrs	1	ı		16th "		1	1,80,000	1,67,257 0	9	40,804 33 10	4,898 11	9 5.062 4.10		7,944 1 5	5 2,748 35	9	******			61,468 6 8
		1	Total	1		1		11,60,000	10,04,810 8 10	9,6	6,841 10 2	85,674 21 8	4 30,668 7 1	3,66,541 10 21 85,674 21 51 30,668 7 13 11,988 25	8 23,879 4 10}	13,171 32	20	651 0 1	1,168 7 8	10,241 33 104	4,94,219 35 19

Fortnightly Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Grain in the Durbhunga Sub-division.

		9								1 .	1		•	ńk.			1	
13	Retimeted one	expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Mds.	8,000	10,000	19,000	8,000	4,000	6,000	47,000	14,000	10,000	10,000	6,500	6,500	4,000	61,000	000'86
			A. P.	0 0	0 0	1 1 1 1	8	0.0	60	14.11	4 10	0 0		0 0	0.0		4 9	00
13	CREDS.	Outstanding.	Rs.	15,066	2,749	-	942	986	108	19,137 1	273	468		814	049	:	2,085	21,233 4
n n	SALE PROCEEDS.	Realized.	A. P.	0 11	15 6	8 1	11 2	7 29	10 4}	61	1 07	0 0	Not given.	0 0	0 0	given	03 1.	7 84
1		Real	Rs.	1,21,908	1,87,150	88,973	51,507	17,655	14,497	4,81,523	83,087	30,616	_	35,289	7,759	Not	1,56,701	6,38,224
10		Total.	Mds.	74,814	95,176	74,680	39,338	22,679	24,091	8,30,778	78,448	49,113	46,798	51,534	34,398	58,034	2,88,325	6,19,103
6	ED UP TO DATE.	Issued to Transport Department as fodder.	Mds.		1,079	046	88	19	1,178	3,244		11.11		141		!	141	3,385
8	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	By payment in kind to lacorers.	Mds.	3,756	4,372	8,162	4,170	3,280	2,972	26,713	6,386	8,985	6,422	9,137	6,489	3,283	40,642	67,364
1	GOVERNMENT	By advances to ryots.	Mds.	088'6	18,697	20,687	68666	6,325	6,222	70,700	16,754	4,891	4,903	880'9	10,453	1,896	43,984	1,14,686
9	L QUANTITY OF	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	Mds.	12,997	11,097	16,419	7,931	8,169	8,840	65,453	26,891	55,540	20,978	23,333	14,781	13,413	1,21,936	1,87,889
9		By sale to the public or to laborers.	Mds.	48,181	69,931	28,623	17,270	988'9	4,879	1,64,669	29,417	12,696	14,495	12,836	2,736	6,443	81,622	2,46,291
	Total quantity of grain	stored, excusive of grain transferred to other sub- division.	Mds.	1,17,569	1,47,114	1,34,878	97,168	58,836	64,000	6,09,565	1,77,693	1,41,184	1,83,864	75,948	64,546	37,934	480,087	12,90,562
3		of Government grain.	Mds.	1,10,000	1,72,000	1,46,000	1,00,000	85,000	64,000	000'49'9	2,14,000	1,32,000	2,08,000	84,000	64,000	34,000	7,38,000	14,03.000
	7.0			74	-	i	1		1		74	:	***	A	i	+		
CR .		Dates for which figures are given.		16th July 1874	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	. .	18th July 1874	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto		-
		figur		16th	17th	17th	17th	18th	17th		18th	17th	18th	17th	17th	15th		
				ŀ	1		1	***	1	Relief	•	i	i	1	. :		Sub-	1
		RCLES		1		1	1	i	wi i		i i			**	ŧ	1	Refief	Total
-		or Cr			1		l.	1	1	Jurbhit 11.	1	1		1		à	athee	Grand Total
		NAMES OF CIRCLES.		Durbhunga	Mahomedpore	Hyaghaut	Warrisnuggur	Bundhar	Lehra	Total per Durbhunga Syb-division.	Dosowta	Gringda	Rohar	Singhia	Hirni	Bussuppore	Total for Hathee division.	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Naraya Sub-Division.

		Gov-	rain grain ther	TOTAL	QUANTITY	OF GOVE	RNMENT DATE.	GRAIN	expen- ensuing	
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of e	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sale to the pub- lic or laborers.	By gratuitous dis- tribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain ex- diture of the ens- fortnight,	RBMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	- 9	11	12
Naraya	21st July	1,00,000	95,278	23,496	1,743	*12,948 422	81	38,690	7,000	* Issued to Court of Wards.
Mohadeomut	Ditto	90,000	95,060	40,838	2,364	2,822	1,107	46,626	9,000	Issued to ele- phants and G. ponies.
East Patrahi West Patrahi	Ditto	1,60,000	51,115 1,53,688	15,712 33,039	10,035	7,172	397	20,952 50,643	9,000	
Perozeghur	Ditto	90,000	91,670	14,841	15,130	6,357	1,124	37,452	9,000	100
Mooheypore	Ditto	1,50,000	1,60,418	39,815	16,674	17,004	8,900 246	74,639	12,000	
	Total	6,40,000	6,47,229	1,67,286	50,663	47,248	11,855	2,69,002	51,000	

16. Statement showing the Grain Advances to Cultivators and others.

	Na		Sub-divi	iston.		Up to the previous fort-night.	Up to the present fort-night.	Total advanced.
Mudhoobunnee			esque.		 •••	 7,181	30,668	30,668
Poopree					 	 6,452	55,809	55,809
Seetamurhee					 	 13,829	92,849	92,849
Durbhunga					 	 50,162	70,700	70,700
Hathee				*	 	 40,022	43,984	43,984
Naraya		, est , .	***		 *	 19,926	47,248	47,248
					Total	 1,37,572	3,41,258	3,41,258

CHARITABLE RELIEF.

17. In Mudhoobunnee the numbers in villages have increased by 8,800, and the numbers in poor-house have decreased by 288.

The following statement gives the numbers at present on charitable relief as taken from the latest reports:—

0108 :						and the same	
Mudhoobunne	e			100 de 100 d		5,450	132
Motepore	***	***		***	***	6,747	186
Jhunjharpore	***	***	***	-		5,651	35
Bhukwa	***	***	***	***	***	4,150	395
Oomgaon	***	****	***		***	1,114 5,468	305 95
Kuchra	***		***	***	***	0,400	90
				Total		*28,580	1,148
Norunga						362	
Paribar	***		***	1884		1,100	12
Soorsund	***	***	***	***	***	1,239	27
Cherout	ete.	***	***	***	***	2,026	200
Poopree	***	•••	***	***	***	75	18
Bongong	***		***		***	438 900	15
Seebnagore	0.00		***			1,814	23
Jaley						1,014	20
				Total		+7,954	290

^{*} Since the date of the above reports, the numbers have increased in the sub-division to 32,977 in villages and 1,221 in poor-houses.

+ The tendency in these circles is decrease of numbers on charitable relief.

		NAR	YA SUB-	DIVISION.			100
			KARAKLEOWA, #4 Million 20 Saul	att tiol 1, 2		Village	Poor-
						relief.	houses.
Naraya		***	***		***	2,395	
Mahadeomut	***		***	***	***	2,253	
East Patrahee	***	***	***	***	***	1,886	***
West "	***	***		***	***	1,725	***
Perogeghur	***	***		***	***	18.934	***
Mudeypore	****	***		***	***	2,995	
				Total		30,188	
						-	-
		***	***	***	***	8,149	157
Mahemedpore		***	***	***		3,964	42
		***	***	***		8,082	*
Warisnuggur				***		6,473	34
Bandhar		***	***	***	***	2,143	
Leyra .	***	***	***	• • • •	***	4,100	
				Total		32,911	233
Dasowta						24,000	96
Rohar				***		13.097	26
Gungdah						16,207	38
Hernee				***		13,471	
Singhia			***	***	***	15,052	137
Hussunpore	***					9,473	141
				'Total	***	91,300	438
		Grand	total of Du	rbhunga		124,211	671
n 01 1						-	
Dyne Chuprah		***	***	***	***	940	***
Belahee	***	***	***	144	***	340	4
Doomra	***	***	***	***		206	***
Garha	***	***	***	***	***	116	***
Batnahah	***	***	***	***		264	***
Sectamurhee		***	1	***	***	405	20
Panchour	***	***	***	***	***	295	***
Bhugwanpore	***	***	***	***	***	526	
Shewhur	***	***	***	***		2,000	12
Murpa		***	***	***	***	1,557	10
Bolahee		***	***	***	***	2,729	61
Syedpore	***	***	***	***	***	500	***
Ragoputtee		***	*	***		207	
Amwa		***			***	1,759	5
						11,844	112
						,022	

Comparative Statement between the Figures in the Last and Present Fortnightly.

					Past fortnightly,	Present. fortnight.
Mudhoobunnee	***	***	***	***	23,318	29,728
Poopree	***	**		***	7,615	8,244
Setamurhee	***	***	***	***	13,259	11,956
Naraya	***		***	***	19.021#	30,188
Durbhunga, Hathee	***	***	***	***	133,941	124,822
		Gran	d total		197,154	204,938

These figures show an increase in Mudhoobunnee and Poopree, and decrease in Seetamarhee and Durbhunga.

18. G .- Financial Result up to 22nd July 1874.

Heads of accounts chargeable.	1	Total expended last narrat			Expenditure fortnight report	und		Total expend to dat		e up
The second of th	-	Rs.	Α.	P.	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	Α.	P.
Cackage and incidentals Storage, including building and repairs ornats-in-aid for charitable relief Miscellaneous Purchase of grain by Government		41,440 2,705 10,273 3,845 28,962 1	9	6 6 1 0 2	5,544 290 145 191	0 2 3	7	46,984 2,705 10,473 3,990 29,154	7 13 11 1	6
dvance to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain			0	0	9,100	0		20,735		0
ermanent advance illage works or loans under Land Improvement Act		18,565 9,35,332 9,80,604	8 8 6	9-46	4,400 85,683 1,964			22,965 10,21,016 9,82,568	1	3
Total		20,43,115 4		10	1,07,228	12	4	21,50,344	1	9

N.B.—A separate statement showing receipts will be forwarded shortly.

• The former figures were incomplete.

MUDHOOBUNNEE SUB-DIVISION, The 23rd July 1874.

H. GILLON, C.S., Sub-Divisional Officer.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS, DURBHUNGA. For the fortnight ending 17th July 1874.

ITEMS.	Total expenditure up to last narrative.	Expenditure in the fortnight under report.	Total expenditure up to date.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Salaries, establishments, and contingencies	90,269 7 6	26,612 0 3	1,16,881 7 9	
Compensation to Railway Companies				
Package and incidentals			*******	
Storage	22,668 11 9	6 0 0	22,674 11 0	
Charitable relief	3,41,744 5 6	1,000 0 0	3,42,744 5 6	100
Public works	8,80,675 1 3	49,500 9 2(a)	9,30,175 10 6	(a) Cheques fro Executive Enginee Rs. 20,000 were pa in grain tokens.
Miscellaneous	1,09,821, 4 0	50,087 15 3(b)	1,59,909 3 3	(b) Rs. 50,000 we paid in grain token
Purchase of grain by Government	5,822 6 3		5,822 6 3	- 52,72
Pransport of Government grain	12,36,272 4 1	1,00,467 15 8(a)	13,36,740 3 9	(c) Rs. 100 were ps
Advances to trustworthy residents	62,300 0 0		62,300 0 0	in grain tokens.
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	2,350 0 0		2,350 0 0	
Loans to municipalities and transports				
Loans under Land Improvement Act	31,761 4 10		81,761 4 10	- 1 14 St
	27,83,684 13 2	2,27,674 8 4	30,11,359 5 6	F 7 . A

Items.

Rs. A. P.

Sale proceeds of Government grain up to 21st July 1874-... 1,56,229 9 4 Sectamurhee 85,047 0 11 2,41,276 10 3 Receipts other than gola 2,404 13, 9

Total

Rs. A. P.

Disbursements.

	shown in	the	last	during t	he !		T	otal	•	
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
	15,860	7	3	8,566	6	6	24,426	13	9	
	1,327	13	3				1,327	13	3	
pairs	15,048	14	6				15,048	14	6	
***	53,583	11	4				53,583	11	4	
	3,32,115	9	2	****			3,32,115	9	2	
	1,17,955	10	9	5,000	0	0	1,22,955	10	9	
	1,07,432	8	4	3,158	6	9	1,10,590	15	1	
for	5,789	1	6				5,789	1	6	
	12,475	0	0	****			12,475	0	0	
ts	33,725	0	0				33,725	0	0	
***	18,260	0	0	****	**		18,260	0	0	
***	1,100	0	0				1,100	10	0	
	36,060	0	0		•		36,060	0	0	
	7,50,733	12	1	16,724	13	3	7,67,458	9	4	
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C. T. METCALFE, Additional Commissioner, Durbhunga.

N. O. REILLY, Sub-Divisional Officer.

B.-DAILY LABOR.

Statement showing the number of Men, Women, and Children employed on works in the District of Tirhoot, Muthoobunnee Division, under the charge of Lieutenant J. T. Wright 1874.

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No. 5836F, dated Sarun, the 31st July 1874.

Memo. by-J. S. DRUMMOND, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

FORWARDED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Statistical Department, Calcutta, for information, with reference to his Circular No. 80 of the 17th November 1878.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Sarun District for the Fortnight ending the 25th July 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or scarcity of supply in the basar .- While private importation of grain has continued to fall off in the Sewan sub-division, the imports in the sudder sub-division are shown to have still further increased during the past fortnight. The supplies from the Shahabad dearahs have materially contributed to these latter imports, but the importations from Oudh still also keep up well. The supplies in the bazars in the north and centre of the district are reported to be deficient, and sales of Government grain to the public have been recently sanctioned, if found necessary. The imports into the district by means of private trade during the last eight months have amounted to nearly 15 lakhs of maunds, and it is very evident that, but for private trade and the importations of Government grain, there would already have been an absolute deficiency in the food-supply of the whole population for a period of upwards of two months, taking the consumption at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ a seer per This seems a sufficient answer to those who deem the allotment of Government grain to have been excessive, as in the face of the general deficiency in the food-supply in other parts of the country also, it would clearly have been imprudent to rely on private trade.

2. During the past fortuight the imports mainly into the sudder sub-division were, at Chupra, 10,900 maunds, of which 4,000 maunds were rice; at Revelgunge 39,999 maunds, of which 2,100 maunds only were rice; at Dooreegunge 8,173 maunds, of which 4,200 maunds were rice; at Panapore 81 mannds, and at Roopan Chap (in the Burrowlea than of the Sewan sub-division) 141 maunds. The rice principally came from Dacca, but of the other imports 16,400 maunds were from Shahabad, and all the rest from Oudh. The exports to Tirhoot and Chumparun amounted to 837 and 434 maunds respectively.

3. Regarding the Chupra sub-division, Major Jackson reports as follows: "There is still no lack of supply of food-grains at the principal marts. Grain of all kinds keeps coming in by river carriage both from up and down country, and distribution goes on by local conveyance to different parts of the district. Partial cessations of heavy

rainfall have rendered the roads comparatively passable, and so facilitated the transport."

Of the Manjhee sub-division, Mr. Tonnerre writes:

"In the neighbourhood of the Rangurh circle, supplies in the bazar are scarce. The same is the case as regards Chainpore circle. These two circles are badly off as far as bazar

"The bazars are better supplied in the direction of Revelgunge and Maharajgunge. I think that supplies are equal to the demand in most places because the demands themselves

are very slight.

"The ryots, however, do not depend on bazar supplies for their existence, because grain advances are being made rapidly. I am auxiously looking forward to the arrival of further supplies to complete advances.'

5. Mr. Barry, in charge of the Pursa sub-division, reports as follows :-

"I have received weekly reports from 17 bazars, and nowhere is scarcity of supply mentioned. The supply seems fully equal to the purchasing powers of the people; prices everywhere are nearly stationary. The rates prevailing per rupee are as follow:-

		Seers	. 1	Seers.			Seers.		Seers
Common r	ice from	11	to	13	Barley	,,,	14	to	20
Wheat	**	14	to	19	Jankerao	23	18	to	21
Cheena		14	to	20	Janera	"	174	to	20
Jaufunta	**	14	to	191	Makai	21	16	to	20
Arhur	24	20	to	23	Peas	21	20		0
					Urid	**	17		0

"The higher rates are in the bazars along the north of the sub-division." The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan sub-division:

"There is no deficiency of supplies in the bazars, but private importation of grain from other districts continues to decrease. During the fortnight under report the importations amounted to 6,842 maunds of grain of different sorts, principally wheat, rice, and barley. The reason assigned by traders and others for this great falling off in importations is the same as that noted by me in my last fortnightly report, namely, that the large quantity of Government grain that is being given out in advance to the public is deterring the traders from importing grain at their own risk."

7. The diminution of the demand on the markets caused by the large advances of Government grain must, of course, have affected the importations into Sewan as well as elsewhere; but the fact that the imports still keep up here notwithstanding the large issues from the Government golas, conclusively proves the extensive depletion of local stocks, and demonstrates the necessity that there was for advances of Government grain to the ryots.

Concerning the Hutwah estate, Mr. Hodgkinson writes: "The price of grain in the bazars has risen during the past fortnight. No deficiency of supply has been reported from any quarter."

The police, however, report that the supply of grain has fallen short in Kutiya bazar. 10. Kinds and price of grain selling at the different marts.—The kind and price of grain

selling at the principal marts and at the thanas and outposts are given in the annexed statement. 11. Prices have fallen at Goldengunge, Gurkha, Mushrukh, Pursa, Mirzapore,

Eurharea, and Roghoonathpore. At all other places prices have risen, or are either stationary or nearly so.

12. Stock of food in the hands of the people.—Under this head Major Jackson writes

of his sub-division

"It is evident, at least in than Chupra, that the people for the present are not severely pushed. They have not lately been coming in any numbers to apply for assistance as they did at first. This may be due partially to such stocks as they hold having been supplemented by Government advances, partially to the lowering of bazar prices, the coarser grains selling at 21 and 22 seers coarser grains selling at 21 and 22 seers per rupee, and partially to their time being engaged in agricultural operations now in full swing. Collateral evidences all go to prove that a much greater degree of ease now exists throughout the sub-division."

The latter remark hardly applies to the circumstances of the northern portion of the thana, as, to my knowledge, the people in some villages there are and have been for many months simply kept alive by the relief works and the Government advances. At Seoaree, along about a mile of road, there are now congregated some 3,000 people who are forced to remain on the works, even on the bare subsistence wages now given. This is an extensive rice tract where the people are dependent entirely on the one winter crop. These people cannot leave the works until there is sufficient rainfall to admit of the prepara-

tion of their lands, now lying unploughed.

14. Regarding the Manjhee sub-division, Mr. Tonnerre reports as follows under this

head:—
"From enquiries made, and judging from the eagerness with which the ryots are asking for their advances, I think that there is but little left in their hands. In several places there are no more stocks at all.

"The Ramgurh Circle Officer reports that in his circle there are numbers of people

who have consumed entirely whatever provision of food they had.

"From other circles I learn that the people are better off, but those that have most have enough only for their own wants, and but for Government advances they would be unable to carry on their agricultural operations."

15. And for the Pursa sub-division Mr. Barry writes :-

"The stocks cannot now but be very slender, and, in my opinion, totally inadequate to support the population till the next harvest. Some of the ryots have told me that they still have a maund or two in their houses."

16. The other officers do not notice the subject. From information derived from

planters and others, and judging from the indication of prices, there can be no doubt, however, that there is but little private grain in the north and centre of the district, and that not much

is done by trade in those parts.

17. Rainfall and state of the crops.—There has been but little rain during the fortnight (the registered rainfall here baving been only 2.25), and the fine open weather has been of great benefit to the bhadoi crops, the weeding of which has been diligently prosecuted. The crops injured by the excessive rain have recovered to some extent, and though their outturn in parts may prove deficient, there is still every prospect of an abundant harvest Rain is, however, much wanted for the aghani rice crop. on the whole. been very partial in portions of the district. At Dhubowlea, for instance, I hear that there has only been a fall of about 9 inches since the commencement of the rains.

The following is Major Jackson's report of the Chupra sub-division:

"During the past fortnight the heavy rains have held off, and occasional showers have been the rule. This state of the atmosphere has proved very beneficial for the highland crops, which, in the lower grounds, showed symptoms of being drowned had the previous downpours continued. They are now very flourishing. But the look-out for the rice crops is unfavorable. The planting out of the young seedlings is much retarded, though in the swampier lands it is reported to have been carried on to some extent. Generally, however, the ploughing cannot be got on with, and rain is much wanted."

19. Regarding the Manjhee sub-division Mr. Tonnerre writes:

"During this fortnight there has been very little rain indeed. The cessation of continuous showers of the preceding fortuight was most timely, and the weather has been all that could be desired. Weeding which was quite prevented during last fortnight, has been carried on everywhere with vigour. The growth of rank vegetation, which was so encouraged by the heavy rains, has greatly diminished with their cessation. To render secure every chance of a fine bhadoi crop, we ought to have showers within the next few days, followed by intervals of sunshine.

"The prospects of a fine bhadoi harvest have well-nigh been ensured, and a little most

moisture is needed to accelerate the growth of the plants.

"The weeds which during the rains were choking up the crops have been cleared away almost everywhere.

"The coolies are leaving the roads to do the ordinary field-labor, and it is only from one circle that I received complaints of want of labor.

"The agahni or takhiperzee dhan is in need of more rain; so far it has progressed wonderfully well, but more rain is absolutely needed to render it strong and vigorous.

"The sugarcane has improved very much and promises to yield a good crop." 20. Mr. Barry reports as follows concerning the Pursa subidivision :

"During the fortnight light showers fell on the 16th, 21st, 23rd, and 24th, alternate with sunshine, and there was rather a heavy fall for four hours on the 22nd instant. The other nine days were clear and bright, and the heat was excessive, forming a marked contrast to the previous fortnight.

"This interchange of sunshine and rain is bringing the crops rapidly on.

"Everything is in the best condition, and there is promise of a splendid harvest two to

three months hence

"During the long break of fine weather we have had, the people have swarmed into the fields weeding, so much so as almost to have left the relief-works blank; much good work has been done, yet much remains. The makai has thriven wonderfully, and after weeding the plough is being run through it. In many early patches close to villages it is near its full height, and will in a month or less be fit for food, though unripe. This crop generally will be ripe in six weeks or two months, and will afford an abundant supply of food to the people, as it is grown very extensively in this sub-division.

"Next in importance to makai came bhadoi, rice, kodo, sawan, and arhur, all of which

are doing well.

"Murva (a very coarse grain) is seen in a good many small patches; it is nearly ripe, and in eight or ten days or less the ears will be full. It is only used by the lower classes, and is grown to a very limited extent, so its effects on the food-supply can be but small.

Indigo has improved greatly under the hot sun, having acquired greater height, color. and brilliancy, a great advance on the stunted and washed out appearance it presented during the previous fortnight. The manufacture commenced here on the 20th instant, and the produce is reported good. The later sowings (or assori) are looking very well, now that the grass has been weeded out.

"I have seen a good many fields under water being planted out with rice, but the plant-

ing out of the aghani rice-fields has not yet become general."

21. Mr. Hudson, in charge of the Mushrukh sub-division, writes:

"The break that there has been in the rains has quite saved the 'makai,' and has benefited all the crops; so that I really think that it would be impossible to have conceived a season more favorable than the present for an abundant harvest. There is a lull just now in agricultural labor; but I understand that the great business of transplanting the aghani rice crop will commence in about 10 days. Weeding is always to be seen going on here and there, and lately there has been ploughing of the 'makai.' The indigo crops have not turned out so bad as was anticipated; and in spite of all their forebodings, the planters have now everywhere some manufacture on hand. This employs a large number of laborers certainly, but small in proportion to the enormous laboring population of this district. The first general demand for day labor will be made by the task of planting out the great winter crop of rice; and I would recommend that the relief works, in the Bussuntpore thanah at any rate, be closed for a week by way of experiment, from about the 4th or 5th of the month. Mr. St. Joseph, in charge of the works, is of opinion that this might be tried without much danger; and every Circle Officer would be prepared to supply food to those

who, failing to find employment, were left without the means of self-support

22. There seems no necessity for incurring the risk of closing the relief works altogether for a period as proposed by Mr. Hudson. The fact that the numbers on the works in his sub-division on the last day of the fortnight under report had decreased by onehalf as compared with the mean daily number during the fortnight ending the 27th June. conclusively shows that the people will, as in other parts of the district, leave the works of their own accord when they can get employment elsewhere; while if through the inability of the ryots to hire labor, agriculture is anywhere retarded, Mr. Hudson has the remedy in his own hands under the orders (noticed in the last narrative) for the employment of the relief coolies in agricultural labor, the cost being charged to the villages and individuals concerned and the amount adjusted hereafter in the manner pointed out. The required number of laborers would in such case be told off to each ryot, and the requisite quantity of grain for their support would at the same time be furnished by the Public Works Department official in charge of the particular work from which laborers were so diverted. Every ryot, too, must know what laborers of his village or neighbourhood are employed on the relief works, and if he is willing and able to employ them, any number for whom he applies may be made over to him on the understanding that he will be answerable for their sustenance during the period for which he requires them. I would repeat that I do not apprehend that there will be any difficulty about the people leaving the works of their own accord, provided that they can really get employment in the fields; but in case the work of transplanting should anywhere be hindered through their not doing so, and owing to the ryots themselves not applying for laborers, it should also be the business of the group superintendent to report all such cases, and to farnish lists of those whose labor is needed within their respective groups with a view to such persons being turned off the works under arrangement with the villagers or individual ryots concerned. As the names of all on the works are registered, and they are all employed in gaugs, village by village, there can be no difficulty about this.

23. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Sewan makes the following report:-

"There has been very little rain during the fortnight. The entire fall as measured

at Sewan was only '86 of an inch.

"The fine weather we have had during the fortnight has enabled the ryots to weed their crops, and the Indian-corn, murwa, tangooni, and other bhadoi crops are now in an excellent and most promising condition. Indian-corn has sprung up several feet with the favorable weather we have had, and it has even in places begun to flower. tangooni are in ear, and in some fields have begun to ripen. Aghani paddy is being transplanted, but not to any great extent as yet; as soon as we get heavy rain, the transplantation of this crop will be fully carried out.

"The inundation of the Gunduk mentioned in my last report was entirely on the lands which lie between the embankment and the river. It is a thing that occurs annually, but owing to the earlier setting in of the rains this year, and to the great quantity of rain that fell in June and the beginning of July, the inundation was earlier this year than usual, and consequently did more damage to the crops. The inundation, however, went down very quickly, and owing to this a good portion of the crops have been saved. Villages like Salempore and Hussunpore, which are protected by 'charki bunds' or inner embankments close to the river, suffered very little, and I think it would be a good thing to have 'charki

bunds' made all along the river.

"With the assistance of some of the zillahdars of the Opium Department, whose services were kindly placed at my disposal by Mr. Tytler, I have had an estimate made out of the damage caused by the flood to the crops in the villages in pergunnah Dangsi, which is the only portion of the inundated tract that lies within this sub-division, the lands in pergunnah Sipah being within the Hutwah sub-division, and those lower down the river in Bussuntpore. The accompanying statement shows, as nearly as can be made out without a regular survey, the damage done to the crops in pergunnah Dangsi. Mr. D. N. Reid, who is in charge of the Suddowah relief circle, is making advances in grain, and giving assistance to all who have suffered by the flood."

The following is from Mr. Rattray's report under this head:—

"There have been bright sunny days with passing showers very favorable to the growth of the crops during the past fortnight.

"Owing to the favorable change in the weather weeding has been extensively carried on. Transplanting awaits further showers. Indian-corn promises an excellent crop, and murwa is fast coming to ear. In fact, the state of the crops in general is most hopeful.

24. The statement furnished by Mr. Wright shows only 4,239 beeghas of crops as destroyed by the Gunduk inundation out of an area of 13,651 beeghas submerged, and refers to only 15 villages. Report is awaited from Messrs. Hodgkinson and Hudson as to the damage caused in pergunaha Sipah and Murhul respectively.

25. Subjoined is Mr. Hodgkinson's report of the rainfall and state of the crops in the

Hutwah sub-division :-

Rainfall at Hutwah, 12th to 26th July 1874.

						In	ache
July	16th		****	***	***	***	.29
**	17th	***		***	***	***	.19
22	20th	***	***	***	***	***	.08
. 11	22nd			***			29
29	26th		***	***		***	.13
					Total		-98

"The condition of the crops could hardly be more satisfactory than it is.

"A good shower of rain is now wanted to enable the transplanting of the dhan to be

finished on the higher lands."

Condition of the people.--There has been no material change in the condition of the people during the past fortnight. It remains what it was; that is to say, the people are supported by the relief works and the Government advances of grain. The zemindars supported by the relief works and the Government advances of grain. themselves are now, I hear, in many quarters sending in their ryots for Government grain and standing security for them.

27. Under this head Mr. Tonnerre reports, regarding the Manjhee sub-division, as

follows :-

"I have been able to see more of the ryots during this fortnight, because the exhaustion of their stocks has made them more eager to obtain the Government grain. They go to their centres, and finding no grain there come to my head-quarters.

"Numbers have come to me in this way, and I have been able to judge pretty accurately of their condition. My opinion is that they exhibit signs of having been underfed, and I

have seen men who, though young and strong, were decidedly thin.
"In the Ramgurh circle nearly the whole of the population is underfed, and cases of

emaciation can be seen on going through the country.

"In a good season the ryots store away part of their harvested crop for their own use,

and sell the rest.

"Last year the crops were so bad that but little was stored and none was left to be sold. The consequence was that, having consumed their stocks and having no money, the royts have found themselves without resources, and would have fared very badly but for Government measures taken for their relief.

"The little money some possessed enabled them to buy small quantities of grain at the artificially lowered rates in the bazar, and so to keep body and soul together. It is now that they are pinched, their own grain being consumed and their money spent.

"I said 'artificially lowered rates' because there is no doubt that if the whole population depended on the bazar supplies, even those with money would have found them beyond

their reach.

"Here, at Ekma, I see daily numbers of men who can barely be kept from disputing amongst themselves as to who gets helped first."

28. Of the Pursa sub-division Mr. Barry writes :-

"The condition of the people is much the same as it was at the date of my last narrative, and I have noticed no marked change; many of the ryots look as if only half-nourished, and many of the coolies on the roads are in a deplorable condition, being quite unable to earn a living at piece-work. They are also unable to obtain remunerative employment at field-work (being rejected for abler men) or they would never consent to remain on bare subsistence wages on the roads. Many of these poor creatures are lame, half-blind, leprous, or infirm through old age or disease. Instead of able-bodied men, boys of 10 or 12 are employed to work with coolies. Altogether, the appearance of these gangs, more especially on the Makair road, is distressing. They are really relief gangs, and if the works were closed. I do not know where these infirm people would turn for a meal. As to the ryots, I do not think their condition is improving; I fear it will gradually deteriorate till the harvest is ready, even in spite of the Government advances of grain.

"The operations connected with the indigo manufacture, the planting out of rice, and weeding generally, ought to give employment to the laborers for hire, and will, I hope, leave very few on relief works proper.

"The Nunia class are well off, having taken to piece-work largely wherever available,"

and they can make a capital wage at the present rates. They work astonishingly hard, and are late and early at it.

29. The report of the Sewan Sub-Divisional Officer is as follows :-

"I have nothing to add to my former reports under this head. The people still continue in good condition, and no cases of serious distress have been brought to notice during the fortnight."

Mr. Rattray makes the following report under this head :-

"There is nothing requiring special notice as regards the condition of the people. Distress of a serious nature still keeps off, and the mass of the people seem able to cope with the high prices prevailing. Amongst the poorer classes the Government relief measures are ample for the prevention of distress or destitution."

30. Concerning the Hutwah sub-division, Mr. Hodgkinson remarks :-

"The condition of the people continues good, and as every one who could work in the fields has been earning daily for several days more than would be sufficient for two days." food, the poorer classes may be said to be in a somewhat better position than they have been for some time past.

31. Known cases of misery and starvation.—There have been no cases of starvation

reported.

32. Grain-thefts or robberies.-There have been 20 cases of grain-theft during the

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

The annexed statement shows the relief works in progress, and the numbers employed thereon. The mean daily number employed during the fortnight was 125,373, and the number on the last day was 83,009. The mean daily numbers both of the previous and of this fortnight, and the number on the last day of this fortnight, are shown below for each sub-division :

Sub-Divisions.					Mean daily number of he previous fortnight.	Mean daily number of the present fortnight.	Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days,
1. Chupra				14-	22,801	24,048	20,211
2. Manjhee					17,272	13,101	10,526
3. Mushrukh	***	-1.	200		79,365	62,986	42,904
4. Pursa	105.444	***			4,980	5,056	4,577
5. Sewan*		444		***	25,722	17,675	2,720
6. Hutwah		***			4,206	2,507	2,071
			Total		154,346	125,373	83,009
					THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS.		The second secon

Now that the weeding operations are over, and until the transplanting of the rice crop becomes general, the numbers on the relief works may be expected to increase. The number on piece-work during the fortnight was 4,528.

34. The only complaint that the relief works interfered with agricultural operations that I have heard was from a Circle Officer near Durrowlee, a native indigo planter, wh alleged that though higher remuneration was offered for field-labor, the people preferred

remaining on the relief works, and he accordingly recommended that they should be closed altogether in that neighbourhood. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Sewan contented himself with bringing this complaint to notice for orders, though he had full instructions to act in the matter himself in such cases. I directed Mr. Wright to enquire into and deal with the case personally; though, considering that elsewhere the relief works had been freely deserted for field-labor, I had strong doubts of the truth of the statement, and its incorrectness would seem to be conclusively demonstrated by the fact that on the last day of the fortnight and before any action could have been taken on the complaint, the numbers on the relief works in that than had decreased to 746 from a mean daily number of 6,618 during the fortnight. It is probable that the native planter concerned was anxious to obtain labor without adequate remuneration, and was desirous that the works should be closed as a means to that end.

35. Under this head Major Jackson reports as follows regarding the Chupra sub-

division :-

"The group superintendents all report a sufficiency of labor in the fields, and in several instances give lists of the able-bodied who have returned to their villages. Only the weaker men, women, and children now remain on the relief works."

36. And the following remarks of Mr. Barry, in charge of the Pursa sub-division, may

also be quoted :-

Thave not had time to inspect many works of this fortnight, but on those I have seen on the roads to Makair, Setalpore, Berway, and Jelalpore, the relief gangs proper have dwindled greatly in numbers, the coolies having been drained off to field-work owing to the fine weather, and the Nunia class have all taken to piece-work wherever available, so that none but boys, old women, and infirm men are left on subsistence wages on the gangs which I have been able to inspect.

Piece-work has been taken up freely on the Setalpore road, and on the Berway and Jelalpore roads it is exclusively in force; but only strong men can earn a wage in this way. The feeble therefore who cannot get hire in weeding, &c., still congregate in small relief

gangs on the roads."

87. State emigration to British Burmah.—There are 17 emigrants in the depôt here.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

38. Distribution and expenditure of Government Grain.—The usual statement accompanies. The additional allotment of Government grain has been increased to 3,42,000 maunds, viz., 1,92,000 maunds from Chumparun, 65,000 maunds from Shahabad, 35,000 maunds from Patna, and 50,000 maunds from Calcutta. The fresh grain is coming in but slowly, and with the rapid exhaustion of the golas, besides shifting Government grain from different points, it was found necessary to purchase 15,000 maunds of private grain in the Revelgunge market, on the understanding that its value, together with the profit on the transaction, would be repaid in Government grain on its arrival. This grain was arranged for at Rs. 2-5 per maund, to be repaid at the market value at the time of repayment, together with a profit of 2 seers in every rupee. It is not found that the deficiency from wastage or theft in the quantities supposed to be stored at the different golas is everywhere great. For instance, at the Maharajgunge gola, out of 20,000 maunds stored there was only a deficiency of 143 maunds. In some cases there is actually an excess, as for instance at Bussuutpore, where with 40,000 maunds supposed to be stored there was an excess of some 600 maunds on the gola being emptied.

39. Under this head Major Jackson reports:—
"The amount of grain has been much reduced by the advances given, and my indents on some of the golas in Bunniahpore and Paighumberpore have come back refused from exhaustion of the supply. They were met from the gola at Chupra Serai. That and the one at Revelgunge are now very low; but as grain is coming in daily the requirements of this thana circle will be covered. Mr. Macrae has carted away about 5,000 maunds of coarse grain to Arwa, but will require more. His present supply will suffice for the demands made upon

him until the arrival of more grain."

40. With regard to Manjhee, too, Mr. Tonnerre writes :-

"The grain allotted to this sub-division is all but exhausted, and advances are necessarily at a standstill till further supplies can be received.

"All the lists are ready except in Bugowrah circle, which I hope to have soon completed.

"Take the case of the Ekmah gola. There were received at first 10,000 maunds 15 seers. That quantity, plus 5,454 maunds 31 seers received afterwards, makes up a total of 15,455 maunds 6 seers; but of that quantity 3,364 maunds 34 seers 12 chittacks have been distributed amongst those employed on relief works. This leaves 12,080 maunds 11 seers 4 chittacks for advances to ryots. I was obliged to send 499 maunds 12 seers to Bugowrah (a mere drop in the ocean); this leaves 11,581 maunds 10 seers 8 chittacks, out of which 8,809 maunds 5 seers 4 chittacks have been distributed, leaving a balance of 2,772 maunds 5 seers 4 chittacks. Grain is most urgently wanted to finish all advances."

41. More grain has now been sent and is being sent to the Manjhee sub-division as

it comes in.

Mr. Hudson, too reports as follows :-

"During the past fortnight, having been suddenly informed that the Burooah gola was exhausted, and that the golas of Maharajgunge and Syedpoora were approaching the same condition, I caused 3,000 maunds of rice to be transported from the Gopalpore gola to Burocah for payment of the coolies on the relief works. At the same time I issued orders to the goladars of Burocah, Maharajgunge, Gopalpore, and Mushrukh to issue no more grain upon tuccavee indents, until a fresh supply of grain had been imported into the district and stored with them. The Burooah gola is now amply reinforced, and the payment of advances has been resumed at Gopalpore. The cost of transport of the above Mr. Cosserat at the usual rate which is paid for carting in this district."

43. Probable grain requirements.—The accompanying statement, revised according to the latest date, shows the probable grain requirements so far as they can be now estimated, but it is too early yet to say whether the future requirements may not exceed such estimate. Should there hereafter be any necessity for sales to the public on any considerable scale larger allotment may be needed in some places, and it is yet to be determined how long the relief works may have to be kept open. In any case, after the cessation of the rains, the roads which may be cut up by the continuous transport of grain throughout the rainy season will need considerable repair, which would have to be effected even if work was not required. as it is probable it will be, for the relief of the large surplus laboring population who, after as it is prouded it will be, for all passing through so calamitous a season, will certainly not, as in other years, have any capital to fall back upon whilst unemployed. It is to be borne in mind, too, that there are many tracts of exclusively rice land throughout the district where ryots will have to be supported until the winter harvest.

E .- ADVANCES OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

44. The statement accompanying exhibits the advances of grain made up to date, The requisite grain for the remaining distributions is still the great want. It is being pushed on, however, as fast as it arrives.

45. Regarding the Chupra sub-division Major Jackson writes under this head :

"The advances made to the ryots have, I find, been very fairly dealt with by them, and the distribution made in accordance with the lists. Only two or three complaints have been made to me to the contrary, which have, however, been easily settled, and found to arise from mistake and no attempt to defraud. Applicants for advances have been falling off lately, probably in consequence of the people being engaged in tillage and not affording the time to come in. The remainder of the villages on the list will now, it is hoped, be soon all dealt with."

46. Of the Manjhee sub-division Mr. Tonnerre reports :-

"In the Jaintpore circle the villagers take the largest advances, and Mr. Harman, of Jaintpore Factory, on whose knowledge of the country entire reliance may be placed, assures me that every maund asked for is absolutely necessary.

"The rapidity with which Mr. Harman and the other Circle Officers have carried on their work, considering, that with the exception of two zemindars, they have also to watch their indigo

preparation, is a matter of congratulation.
"I have nothing more to say about advances, but that everywhere the lists have been drawn up and the bonds signed by the ryots, and that grain only is wanted to complete these most important of relief measures. I have obtained collateral security from all the leading zemindars, and the smaller ones will, in a few days, have all given their security also.

"I do not apprehend any loss to Government in the way of non-recovery of value of the grain advanced, as, in my opinion, every village will pay up when called upon to do so 47. It is satisfactory to find that Mr. Tonnerre has succeeded in his sub-division in getting the zemindars to go security for the advances.

48. Mr. Barry, in charge of the Pursa sub-division, writes as follows:—
"This is by far the most important work now on hand, and I have devoted the whole of my time, literally from morning to night, in examining village lists, passing orders, and granting cheques for grain. The bungalow here has been besieged by 3 or 400 persons daily, and not to keep the people away from their fields, I have been pushing on the work as fast as possible. Consequently I have not been absent from head-quarters for a as last as possible. Consequency I have not been absent from head-quarters for a single day during the fortnight, and have only been able to make short excursions to Bankerwa, Setalpore, Makair, &c., and back again before breakfast. The duty of verifying the bonds (before the cheque is granted) is a very heavy and important work, and took up much of my time. Baboo Tara Pershad has now taken up the work, and is doing well. I am sorry he has sent in his resignation at such a critical time. At the time of verification the bond is read over to the assembled ryots, and each man individually

and separately is asked what grain he is to receive under the allotment list. They are all generally well instructed on this point; if not, they are told what they are to receive. "The putwaree invariably signs the bond as a witness, and certifies that so many beeghas, &c., pledged are actually in the possession of the applicants. Thus, before signing the cheque on the gola, I have an opportunity of seeing all the ryots, asking them any questions, and, if necessary, increasing or diminishing the amount of grain sanctioned.

"Numerous lists have come in few the group assembled and the foot parties of the grain sanctioned.

"Numerous lists have come in from the group superintendents, but, from various causes, most villages have one or more additional lists, and almost every tolah has a list to itself-

This no doubt multiplies the work, but in the limited time at my/disposal it was unavoidable. Had I refused lists and applications because they did not include the whole of a village, Had I retailed the whole of a village, I fear the work would have been still further delayed, and many persons' names included who really were not in want of help. It is also to be remembered that many putwarees, who really were not in want of help. It is also to be remembered that many putwarees, in the first instance, paid no attention to the calls made upon them for lists, and that group superintendents had to find out those in want the best way they could. But by far the greater portion of lists have been prepared and put in at the instance of the assamis themselves who have employed mukhtears here to do the writing. So, in point of fact, the

people in want have themselves come forward to ask for the grain.

"Some little delay must necessarily occur in each case, but though the work has been very heavy, I have always got through each day's work without allowing arrears to accumulate, and have thus given cheques for the grain sanctioned as fast as the applicants came for them; and have thus given chiefled to the grant salterned as have the applicants came for them; so people are kept little waiting. But at the gols here, it is otherwise; the complaints are loud and general that the goladar keeps cheque-holders waiting for weeks; this, I am satisfied, is too true, and I asked that the goladar should be superseded and an additional assistant appointed a week ago. I have again pressed for his removal. The signing the bond is not a mere formality. The ryots are fully alive to the fact that they will have to repay the value of the advance, and often at the last moment unanimously ask me to cut down the allotment by half a maund or a maund all round. In all the 256 instances in which I have made advances, I am satisfied that the security is sound and sufficient, and that there will be no difficulty in realizing the money when the time comes. Those in want who have not been able to give any security but their houses, and who are not day laborers, have received advances under heading D, as charitable advances, the recovery of which is doubtful. But the quantity advanced under this head is inconsiderable, all applicants who work for hire having been struck out. I have found it necessary to refuse a small number of applications for grain, made by zemindars for their own use, or by persons who were undeniably well off, and quite able to purchase grain for their own wants in the bazar. Such applicants (mostly isolated cases) merely wanted to get the Government grain at the cheap rate without interest, and were no way in distress. But wherever there was the slightest doubt the advance was always made.

"These advances have to be made on very imperfect evidence, and no doubt some persons have taken advantage of that circumstance to take advances when they could have done without them, and have thus abused the liberality of Government. But it is really very hard to ascertain the actual condition of an applicant, and, as a rule, we have only to take the putwaree's and group superintendent's word for it. The zemindar renders no assistance, but stands apathetically on one side when he does not show open hostility

and obstructiveness.

"It has been brought to my notice in two instances, that a community of ryots, rather than take advances from their landlord, has preferred to go without grain advances altogether; from which it may be inferred that they are not badly off.

"During the fortnight I visited Setalpore, and I find that Shaik Abdool Ali has acquired more confidence and is making the advances freely. He has advanced 1,785

maunds in 31 villages, leaving 54 villages for disposal.

"The Moonsif reports that he has nearly completed his lists. Great credit is due to him for the rapid and satisfactory manner in which he has done the work. Mr. Llewhellin of Arwa, and Mr. Macgregor of Tehtee and Jelalpore, are still making advances to individuals and hamlets that were left out in the first lists from various causes. It is therefore difficult, if not impossible, to estimate how much more grain they will require. Mr. Tulloch, of Nowadah, is the only Circle Officer whom I have not seen during the fortnight, but his advances were all but completed at the end of the previous fortnight, and I have reason to know that everything in his hands will be well looked after. As regards the villages in my own hands I have advanced during the fortnight 9,976 maunds. Since the commencement of operations I have advanced 17,732 maunds in 120 villages and large tolahs, which leave about 50 villages for disposal out of the 170 in my hands.

"The number of separate advances made by me is 256, which is caused by the fact that there are two or three hamlets in almost every village. The above amount advanced falls at the rate of 145 maunds per village, so for the remaining 50 villages I shall probably require about 8,000 maunds; but during the last fortnight, in the prospect of the makai being ready for food within a month or six weeks, I have been slightly reducing the average amount advanced to each household; and the forward state of the murwa has been taken

into consideration in the advance to the lower castes.

"The villages in Mr. Macgregor's two circles (by including the 42 small villages of the Lallapore talook) now amount to 184, in which he has advanced 25,059 maunds 35 seers up to date. He talks of giving a second series of advances in many of these villages, but in the promising and forward state of the crops, I hope this will not be required. In all 52,097 maunds have been advanced in 357 villages, leaving only 152 villages undisposed of."

49. Mr. Hudson thus reports the proceedings in the Mushrukh sub-division:—

"During the past fortnight I have made 43 advances of grain to villages, making 122 in all up to date; the quantity of grain advanced amounts to maunds 17,062.

"I have also made 38 'recoverable advances' under clause D of the Central Relief Committee's notification of 4th March last. These last-named advances amount to an expenditure of Rs. 3,856.

"Lastly, I have advanced Rs. 1,626, in sums of Rs. 25 per head, for the purchase of seed-grain and cattle, and the time for sowing and ploughing being by this time over, have closed this item of account. I have now some 25 tuccavee cases on my file, of which over 20 are ready for immediate disposal by payment of the advance prayed for, and only await

the appearance of the applicants to be so disposed of.
"I have now asked each Circle Officer to take some additional villages, and have also created two new circles, which I have handed over respectively to Moonshee Gunga Pershad, Naib Tehsildar, and to Damree Lal, Canoongoe, both of whom have joined me within the last few days. I have thus reduced the number of villages on my own personal list to about 70, and these I shall further portion out to the 47 group superintendents who will proceed to investigate and report on their existence and whereabouts, and on their necessity for taking advance.

Regarding the Sewan sub-division, Mr. Rattray reports as follows:

"The village lists have been all but completed. Out of some 1,200 villages, there remain about 95 villages in which the lists are under preparation. The grain allotted in accordance with the village lists already prepared amounts to 1,15,533 maunds 26 seers 8 chittacks, of which about 79,366 maunds 9 seers 6 chittacks of grain have been actually distributed amongst the people, and but for the fact that the Government stocks have been exhausted to the total amount already allotted, would now be in the hands of the people. When all the village lists have been completed the total allotment will probably amount to 1,35,000 maunds.

"Preparations are in force for the supply of a further quantity of Government grain for the requirements of this relief sub-division, and a small consignment has already been

"A sum of Rs. 2,000 was paid during the fortnight to Circle Officers for charitable relief within their respective jurisdictions."

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

51. The number receiving this description of relief is shown in the annexed statement. The numbers have now increased to 44,337

52. Major Jackson remarks of the Chupra sub-division :-

"This remains very much the same, but a slight increase is visible in the Goldengunge circle of cotton given to purdah women. A large malik and zemindar of that part of the country named Ram Pertab Sing has come forward and expressed his readiness to distribute cotton to the outlying villages without constituting a fresh circle. I have advanced him cotton and Rs. 100 to commence operations, which will be reported hereafter.'

53. Concerning the Manjhee sub-division Mr. Tonnerre reports:—

"Charitable relief operations have been extended during this fortnight, and pretty nearly all those who require help in this way are down in the circle registers. There are 2,295 persons receiving charitable gratuitous relief in grain, and 547 women receiving cotton for spinning, on the registers of the sub-division at present, but the numbers are increas-

"Only those who absolutely require gratuitous relief get it, and it must not be thought that only 2,293 persons applied for it, because it is refused to many who can in one way or

another provide for themselves.

"A native doctor, who has lately joined, is proving of great use in looking after the

sick and diseased who come for help.

"The system of bringing help closer to the recipients by supplying village by village, is being developed as rapidly as possible, because there are in every village poor people quite

unable to go to their respective relief centres for supplies.

"Owing to the slightly enhanced rate given to weavers for converting thread spun by purdah women into cloth, several 'Jolahas' have applied for the thread. The previous

rates were far too small."

54. Mr. Barry, in charge of the Pursa sub-division, observes:—
"The system introduced is working quietly and smoothly, and I hear no complaints. The system introduced is working quiety and smoothly, and I hear no complaints.

I believe every person in real distress who applies is promptly relieved. The numbers on the registers have not yet begun to diminish. The higher rates for weaving cloth will prove acceptable to a considerable class. My time has been so fully occupied by the grain advances that I have been compelled to leave this subject very much in the hands of the circle officers, who are now femilies with the artists and the circle officers. officers, who are now familiar with the system, and quite competent to deal with it."

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

55. The financial results of relie	f operation	ns ar	e given	belov	v :	
			Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Total expenditure as previously shown Amount advanced for conveyance of Go different places of storage in the	overnment gra	in to		***		23,71,133 13 7
trict, viz. — To Collectorate Nazir			6,092	0 0		
" Manager of Burhoga Factory	***		12,303	1 4		
" Ditto of Ramcalea ditto		1	2,023			
" Ditto of Sadhowa ditto	als.	***		1 3		
" Ditto of Buhrowlee ditto	100		3,000			

100		7.4	Rs.	Δ.	P.	, Re	Α.	P.	Re. A	. P.			
	2 Amount advanced to the Manager of Gurkha Fa purchase of grain		,000	0	0								
	Amount advanced to Mr. W. Barry, on special Pursa, for repairing Chetura Pursa Bungalow	d duty at	100	0	0	5,000		0					
	4. Amount advanced to John Chutterdhary Kuer, f a bund in the Chupra Mission	or making	150	0	0	100		0					
	5. Amount advanced to Moonshee Yar Allee, ov making advances to boatmen 6. Ditto ditto, for coal expenses	erseer, for	400 400		0	156	0 0	0					
	Establishment.	-			-	800	0 0	0					
	7. Pay of Jogee Lall, compounder, attached to works at Sewan, for May 1874	the relief	6	12	4								
	Pay of the famine establishment attached to port duty in the Sarun district, for June 187	the trans-	30	0	0								
	Travelling allowance of Jadoo Bunse Sahay, cle Mr. G. Grant, for May 1874 Pay of Group Superintendents and of esta	blishment	5	3	7								
	under Mr. C. F. Tonnerre, on special duty for June 1874	***	196	10	7								
1	 Pay of the famine establishment under Major W on special duty at Chupra, for June 1874 	. Jackson,	388	6	6								
1	12. Pay of the extra peons attached to the boat Dehree Ghât for conveyance of Government June 1874		200	0	0								
1	 Travelling allowance of the Assistant Surgeon to the Gunduk relief dispensary, for May 18 			14									
1	14. Pay of the establishment under Mr. W. H												
1	 Contingent charges incurred by the Assistant Mohamed Wazeer Allee Khan at Bussun 		410		7								
	dispensary, for May 1874	****	53	7	7								
	Ditto ditto ditto, for June 1874 Ditto ditto by Emamuddin Khan,	Assistant	1	2	4						-		
	Surgeon at Sonepore relief dispensary, for J	une 1874	1	14	1	1,323	13	0					
1	Amount advanced by the sub-divisional officer of making ghât in tank No. II	Sewan for	38	3	6	-,0-0							
	Total expenditure of the	he fortnight			-	38	3	6	4	14,146	9	1	-
es.	Grand total								24,1	5,280	6	84	

Statement showing the kind and price of grain selling at the principal markets and at different thanas and outposts of the District of Sarun for the fortnight ending the 25th July 1874.

Revelguage 13		Wheat, per rupee.	Barley, per rupee.	Indian corn, per rupee.	Uncleaned rice, per rupee.			TS.	LAR	AL M	CIPA	INC	PR	NAME OF	
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	174	15	. 18		115		200	***			0557	***		attya	
Dhorey , 1 1 1						00000			***				100	horey .	
Meergunge 12% 16% 18%		134				501487557						100		leergunge	30.44
		131		145	12	9,570,000,000						1000		nomilan	10.
Gonalessan	THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE	103		A SAPATA STREET, ARREST		208000									

2568 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, AUGUST 12, 1874.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sarun District for the Fortnight ending 25th July 1874.

*			## B. 4	grain date, gradh other	TOTAL	QUANTITY O	F GRAIN CON	SUMED UP TO	O DATE.
NAMES OF THANAS.		Number and name of store-houses in each thana.	Total allotment Government grain,	Total quantity of stored up to exclusive of transferred to districts.	By sale to the public or la- borers,	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to labor- ers.	Total,
			Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds, S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Ma
Ohupra {	1. 2. 8.	Chupra Revelgunge Gurkha Arwa	21,528 0 6 52,155 0 6 18,078 0 6 10,000 0 6	23,810 30 0 12,155 10 8 8,078 0 0		80 38 8 122 0 0 85 0 0	5,697 0 0 3,243 0 0 5,696 28 0		Mds, S. C 14,524 36 1 3,740 0 7,875 7 1
	-	Total	1,01,756 0	44,044 0 8	4,574 3 15	287 38 8	14,636 28 6	6,641 14 0	26,140 4
danjbee{	1. 2. 3.	Manjhee Ekma Ramghur	30,000 0 0 20,000 0 0 10,000 0	10,000 15 0	1,075 0 0 2,966 35 9	467 14 12 210 4 14	10,848 11 8 8,099 16 12	1,427 1 8 693 25 6	11,970 2
		Total	60,000 0 0	29,898 17 12	4,041 35 9	677 19 10	18,947 28 4	2,120 26 14	25,787 30
Dighwara {	1.	Dighwara Sonepore E	10,000 0 0 10,100 0 0		775 8 0 3,412 25 8	558 34 0	1,750 38 14	2,477 84 0	5,563 34 1 3,412 25
		Total	20,100 0 0	20,101 6 12	4,187 33 8	558 84 0	1,750 38 14	2,477 34 0	8,975 20
ursa {	1. 2. 8. 4.	Pursa Amnour Mirzapore Bankerws E	48,000 0 0 20,000 0 0 20,000 0 0	15,000 0 0 20,000 0 0	2,130 9 8 1,030 24 0 1,505 0 0 597 14 7	204 11 0 95 0 0 510 0 0	11,905 1 11 6,732 23 14 19,039 21 2	819 0 0	16,135 6 1 10,677 7 1 22,294 21 597 14
		Total	98,000 0 6	85,000 13 3	5,263 7 15	809 11 0	39,677 6 11	8,954 24 7	
(ushrukh {	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Mushrukh Bunnishpore Paighumberpore Moharanee Rampore	67,000 0 0 20,000 0 0 20,000 0 0 30,000 0 0 20,000 0 0	11,780 0 0 8,650 31 2 20,000 13 1	4,504 38 5 3,124 0 0 4,251 6 4 517 19 12	225 10 0 42 0 0 70 4 8 25 9 0	35,705 22 13 4,983 24 12 4,273 39 2 10,832 8 0	4,654 \$1 12 2,608 10 0 509 38 4 2,535 35 0	10,847 84 1
		Total	1,57,000 0 0	90,431 23 4	12,397 24 5	362 28 8	55,794 14 11	10,398 35 0	2010 CO 100 CO
Sussuntpore	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Bussuntpore Maharajgunge Syedpoora Burhoga Bala Gopalpore Bugowrah	70,000 0 0 40,000 0 0 24,840 0 0 10,000 0 0 18,930 0 0 17,000 0 0 18,280 8 0	20,000 20 12 11,844 32 9 10,000 0 0 6,930 0 0	4,624 1 1 650 2 8	110 0 0	6,925 17 8 8,876 28 4 1,995 8 8 19,846 38 8 928 2 4 6,101 0 15 6,637 24 0	5,721 29 4 3,610 0 0 231 20 12 2,314 12 4	58,520 20 9 20,214 16 9 10,229 9 9 20,730 21 13 6,554 37 6,770 14 6,782 24
		Total	1,99,050 0 (1,10,247 29 5	53,209 2 9	333 15 2	51,312 29 15	24,397 15 9	1,20,252 28
wan{	1. 2. 3.	Sewan Burhurria Semaria	70,000 0 0 10,000 0 0 10,000 0 0		3,362 26 7 305 0 0 172 14 4	396 29 6 35 0 0	27,309 24 7 8,398 7 4 9,334 15 0	12,248 6 8 785 0 0	43,317 6 1: 9,523 7 9,506 29
		Total	90,000 0(64,937 83 10	3,840 0 11	431 29 6	45,042 6 11	15,033 6 8	62,347 3
urrowlee{	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Durrowlee Goothnee Siswan Roghoonathpore	20,000 0 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 0 0 4,000 0 0 5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	20 0 0 308 17 2 620 0 0 125 0 0 55 0 0	70 0 0 18 0 0 20 0 6 70 0 0 34 10 0	4,344 11 4 2,213 17 8 2,916 3 12 1,703 12 0 2,744 30 0	2,498 0 0 610 0 0 1,786 10 0 1,135 0 0 720 0 0	6,932 11 4 3,149 34 10 5,342 13 11 3,033 12 0 3,554 0
		Total	39,000 0 0	39,006 3 3	1,128 17 2	212 10 0	13,921 34 8	6,749 10 0	22,011 31 1
uhrowiee{	1. 2. 3.	Buhrowiee Gopalgunge Sadhowa	45,000 0 0 20,000 0 0 10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	70 0 0 248 0 0	80 0 0	18,973 9 9 ,6,428 38 10	532 0 0 204 0 0	14,655 9 6,880 88 1
		Total	75,000 0	35,000 29 10	318 0 0	80 0 0	20,402 8 3	786 0 0	21,586 8
4		Grand Total	8,39,906 0	5,18,067 37 8	88,959 5 10	3,753 21 2	2,61,486 85 ls	70,509 6 6	4,24,708 28

Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.—Sixty thousand maunds.

Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.—One lakk and forty thousand maunds.

Note.—E means embankment.

ent showing the progress made in grain advances to ryots, and the extent of charitable relief given in the District of Sarun for the fortnight

ending the 25th July 1874.

		ands beends	Cleth returned from by purda women.	623	851	1,474
	shape of	lotb.	Thread to weavers for ci	11 775	192	983
	f in the		Cotton to purda women	5,228 547 3,358	3,653	14,196
	le relie		Cooked-food.	: :	362	871
	or charital	Grain.	By way of recoverable advances to persons unable to give secu-		2,043	2,043
9	atuitous	Gra	Gratuitonely.	4,085 2,293 3,421	3,110	16,031
	rs and rich		Money.	73	462	3,136
	Total number of persons receiving gratuitous or charitable relief in the shape		Number remaining on the register as per last return.	9,386 2,840 10,777	8,268	38,233
	ber of p	lars.	Deduct discharged during the fortnight.	98 38 283	426	1,187
	otal num	Particulars.	Admitted during the fortnight.	1,487	3,301	9,355
	I I		Number on the regis- ter as per last return.	8,339 1,751 7,619	4,087	761,12
	mber of villa- s remaining be disposed at the end of e fortnight.	Ilii last till ser 1874.	Estimated requirement beginning of Septemb	6,250	17,635	
	Number of villages remaining to be disposed of at the end of the fortnight.		Number of villages.	214 30 474	141	924
. 4	security of zemindars bengis evad salilam	which collateral	Number of villages in a has been obtained, i.e. the general bond.	18	15	261
	umber of villages in which grain has been distributed, or fi which the amount of grain has been settled up to date as per paragraph 8 of Government Order No. 38—T.F. of the 26th April 1874.	of grain ed or re- o last till g of Sep-	Quantity.	15,283 74,639 94,024	54,575	3,54,054
80	f villages as been dich the a sis been set per parage per parage nent. Ord	Quantity of g distributed or quired to last beginning of £ tember 1874.	Number of persons.	6,752	15,886 39,172	
	Number of village grain has been or in which the grain has been date as per pa Government C 48—T.F. of the 1874.		Number of villages.	156 284 563	1,107	2,483
	9		Villages.	370 314 1,037	§ 614 1,202	3,437
	pes in th			1:1:	1111	: :
01	f villag		. in	1111	1111	Total
	Number of villages in the Sub-division.	1.16	Thannahs	Chuprah Manjhee Mushruck Bussuntpore	Pursa Dighwarah Sewan Durrowlee	Durrowiee
		TISTON	200 200	117	~~	
1		SUB-DI		111	1 1	
		NAMES OF SUB-DITISION		Chuprah Manjbee Mushruck	Pursa Sewan	

J. S. DRUMMOND,

Offy. Magistrate and Collector of Sarun.

SARUN MAGISTRACY,

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	nt of the control of	pauzn	'z + 1	oş dı	tment,			REQUIREMENT.	MRNT.			11+6	'snida	-defi-
NAMES OF SUB-DIVISIONS.	allotme t. grain ive of 6 ads trai from the from the inhoot,	onal t of 3,4 ntly ass Chump tabad, i	amulo	antib	ots ni sc folls land l—I nm	A	For advances to ryots.	to ryots.		For sale to laborers on relief works at a seer per head per diem.	rs on relief er per head	g uunio	ns jo p	16 of 20,
	luad	rece	Total	Expen	onsiad iziro iuloo	Number of villages.	Quantity of grain re- quired.	Quantity of Quantity of Quantity of grain re- grain already grain to be quired. distributed. distributed	Quantity of grain to be distributed	Number of laborers.	Quantity of grain re- quired.		anioo A	nuomA oneio f—5
Chaprak ,,	Mds. 31,756	70,000	Mds 1,01,756	Mds. 26,140	Mds. 7,616	Mds. 370 At 98 maunds per village, based on the data of 156	Mds. 36,255	Mds. 14,637	Mds. 21,618	Mds. 3,097 for one month.	1,140	Mds. 22,758	Mds.	Mds. 15,142
Manjibos	25,000	36,000	60,00	26,788	0	4	84,499	18,948	65,551	21,874 for onemonth.	8,220	73,771		74,559
3. Mushruck and Bussuntpore	1,97,060	1,69,000	3,56,050	2,13,671	0	4	1,73,182	1,07,108	420,074	75,551 for one month.	28,320	94,394		1,11,015
Pursa and Dighwarah	1,06,100	13,000	1,18,100	069,83	48,420	A	75,161	41,428	38,733	6,537 for one month.	1,460	35,193	11,927	1
Sewan, including a portion of Burrowice and the whole of Durrowice.	1,89,000	600'99	2,04,000	1,06,402	32,598	villages. 1,202 At 104 maunds per village, based on the data of 1,107 villages.	1,25,418	79,866	46,047	28,072 for one month.	9,780	66,827	1	23,729
Total	4,97,906	3,42,000	8,39,906	4,30,681	67,225	3,437	4,94,510	2,61,487	2,33,023	1,33,181	48,920	2,81,913	11,227	2,28,945
Deduct probable wastage at 5 per cent.	24,821	17,100	41,921							Deduct	Deduct surplus additional allotment	llotment	3.42.000 \$	3,53,227
Balance	4,73,085	3,24,900	7,97,985		9					Balance Deduct pi	Balance	stage	11	1,99,282
														100000000000000000000000000000000000000

			Men. West Date Structure of Parkers and Pa	Mon. Mon. West State of the Control of the Contro	Mon. Mon. West State of the Control of the Contro	Ment. Truth Date of the Control of t	Mean Autra Stychesis	TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED DURING THE 14 DAYS.	Уотеп.	Mon. Mon.
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	Nomen	Montent Market M					My constant and a con	MRAN OF PERSONS TI		

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How long work is	likely to give employment.																					No. of the last
LOYED	.latoT		103	109	290	450	178	1,98 88 93 93	452	8	6 .63	216	!		708	882	2,032	120	842	14,105	390	1 400
NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED ON THE LAST OF THE 14 DAYS.	Children.		18	87	04 1Q	11	41	6803	88 8	9		13	1		6	8.4	610	.00	187	1,001	21	702
OF PER THE LA	Women.		123	355	: :57	15	80 E0	200	201	-	10	86	1		8 :	116	808	-	189	9,848	288	2.4
NUMBER	Men.		110	37	1771	16	28 88	200 6	192	26	10	111	:		929	168	920	. 57	828	10,253	347	042
BR	.IntoT.	O.c.a.	314	110	2,005 263 159 97	188	166	1,678	888	140	178	196	100		5,826	978	2,162	840	1178	307	376	4 150
Y NUMB LOYED DAYS.	Children.		32.53	\$88	117	177	288	1 1	75 20	649	30-	21	14		1,127	198	480	265	10 5	1,053	15	000
MEAN DAILT NUMBER PERSONS EMPLOYED DURING THE 14 DAYS.	мотеп		155	64 52 978	154	800	72	241-	334	818	40	88	14		1,420	363	702	273 200 M	836	8,085	200	000
OF PERS	Men.		125	87 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	141	0.010	144	0000	197	38	15 29	.88	6		3,279	999	980	302	566	132	848	1 000
MPLOYED	Total		1,791	2,238 8.187	3,017 2,992 1,775	2,617	1,720			868	158	1,372	264		8,156	13,684	30,274	11,753	16.429	4,294	5,545	44.100
ERSONS E	Children.		345 494 6	750	102	200	281	8,172	312	131	1000	147	8		1,854	2,791	6,721	8,713	8,790	14,744	216	19,070
RING TH	Women.		2,155	723	925	1,830	8858	88 188	3,274	254	10001	129	101		19,882	5,076	9,828	3,817	46	1,180	748	100000
TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED DURING THE 14 DAYS.	Men.		1,740	765	1,391 2,011 575	1,095	1989	275 275 126	386	484	18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	492	67		45,910	5,842	13,725	4,923	39	1,844	4,797	1,000
	Length of r		111	111	1111	11	111	111	11	11	ı,i i	11	1		11	11	11	11	1	111	11	***
30 MA		ned.)	111	111		20.	111	111	11	71	Rana-	Sonepore	1		H	11	II	ī	11	east)	11	Variation 1
		Contin	111	ctory		at Row	9.	111	1	11	1	s of Son	I	ion.	11	11		11	1	2.8		a road
	NAME OF WORK.	rah Sub-division.—(Continued.)	hee to Norpoliah hee to Nundpore	tean tank te road at Gurkha Fact urpore tank	Madarpore tank Village road at Tenhty Fact Majhus to Dulipchuck	Factory village roads	unpore to Mookrara hee to Ausrain Gangage ara Tioca tank	a tank, No. II	a Chuprah to Saure village road	to Tenhty road	rish road ling metalled portions	Finit road. Metalling metalled portions of So Spreading metals at Sutterghat	ara viliage Roads	Sewan Sub-division	Sewan to Chuprah Sewan to Burrowiee	to Andor	wiee to Myrwa	r to Durrowlee	n to Lukri n to Siswan	rajgunge to Gopalgunge intpore to Sewan, new ro	spokur tank	untinore to Somen new
		Chaprah	Mau	Villa	Mada Villag	Arms	Bahri Mauji Nugw	Mirch	Goure	Murho Banse	Sema	Metall	mSirr		Sewa	Sewal	Moha	Ando Do.	Sewa	Maha	Kore	Buss
or of wor	Mumber in Serial numb		2882	88	289	110	120	888	198	955	146	41	1		100	0 10 10	108	二四	128	922	3書音	2

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	60		85	838	666	20		388	80	8	100		878	20	202	197	21,731
	302	******	286	234	817	997		1,837	828	0	46		87.1	882	457	121	44,441
	341	6.8	410	127	844	450	888	3,340	851	1.081	1.612	914	9.148	866	648	420	131,507
		13		204	966	49	7.4	232	26	982	262	850	300	63	03	47	25,779
	11 68	20	163	891	282	116	161	922	134	419	397	988	451	175	216	256	35,690
	260	31	307	5225	356	267	158	9,554	620	877	353	623	1.892	769	424	111	160,038
	1,227	000	6,534	5,099	11,818	6.299	2,755	46,760	11,907	15,127	14,164	18,797	30,007	18,981	8,992	5,887	1,526,627
	468	184	*******	1,429	8,166	832	515	5,258	1,859	3,991	8,664	4.899	4,900	881	5%	663	311,643
The second second	152	280	1,347	2,041	3,946	1,696	1.130	7,752	1,880	5,861	5,502	3,986	6,310	2,454	8,031	3,588	440,962
	n b	91	7		8	8	-	-	6	2	~	713	-	-		10	-

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RAMKISSEN MOOKERJEE,
Assistant Engineer,
for Executive Engineer, Sarun District.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 25th July 1874.

. Revial number of work.

	Person in the second						res paid for ful	To each man 1 6 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 6 1		
rupee.	At what dis- tance obtain- able from the work.					*	Ra	£		
din per	.ozieM	20 20 20			:	T .				
Rate of food-grain per rupee.	Gram.	ST S.	-		ç	9	-		,	-
Eate of	D#I.	Srs.	-		×	9				
	Rice.	Srs.				2				
k iš likely loyment.	How long wor	l week.	2 weeks.	1 week.					-	
cm.	.fatoT	126	*387	:	130	93 kg	111	: :01		841
f persons the last of days.	Children.	711	83	•	= ;	10	111	111		8
Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.	Women.	00 00	104	i	o :	: 40	111	111		133
Numb	Men.	1111	260	:	30	888	111	: :22		640
	Total	98 68	6098	88	18	52 52	:- 03	H 63 10		1,825
Mean daily number of ersons employed during the 14 days.	Children	E 2-	20	61	10	60 52	111	111		111
daily numb s employed the 14 days.	мошеп.	51 55	297	4	1 ;	. 0	111	111		354
Mean	Men.	104	4443	63	52.85	2122		03 NO		824
4	Total	2,652	11,334	386	1,609	354	16	70 338		18,544
of pering	Children.	170	888	86	135	190		111		1,649
Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.	Women.	303	4,153	99	168	18	111	111:		4,952
Total	Men.	2,159 1,110	6,193	804	1,006	\$14 476	16 26	255		11,979
rq" 'pa	Length of ro	11	1	-	11	11	111	111		1
	Name of work.	Raising 84 miles, Sarun embkt, Constructing retired band on the	Extension of main bund to Sone-	Sinking masoury well in the com-	Annual repairs, Sarun embkt, Maintenance of river protective	Maintenance of Sarun embkt, Constructing Sonouth retiring	Annual repairs, Sarun embkt Repairing golas Annual repairs to inspection	Making and setting up grages Constructing Sarun bank canal Maintenance of river protective works.		Total number employed

(Countersigned)

J. S. DRUMMOND, Offy. Magte. and Colfr., Sarun.

W. G. L. COTTON, C.E., Executive Engineer, L. G. Division.

ent of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the town of Chupra under the Magistrate of Sarun during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 25th July 1874.

Name of Workt. Name of Workt. Name	Mork.		d, &c.	Tota	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.	number of pepployed durin	ersons	Mean	Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.	aployed 14 days	-	Numb Smploy of th	Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.	crsons the last				Rate of	Rate of food-grain per rupee,	in per ri	rbee.	
Seal Serpentiae Tank, &c 1,840, box 1,841	Serial No. C		Longth of ros	Men.	.пошоМ	Children.	Total	Men.	Women.	Children.			-		1	to give	1	DWF	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtain- able from the work.	REMARES.
Script Screening Tank, &c 1846 900 1971 1851		h	C. Ft.						4		-	_					Sre.	Srs.	SPS	S. 72		
1,800 600 1,601 150	1 Se		1,28,000, making bund,				1,843		69	88	131	88		*								Seren-eighths of the number em- ployed belong to the ordinary aboving and one-eighth to mon-
Preseducing success galactic to Sadempore		1	9,68,900			-	1,853		7.4	11	133	\$	8			i,						laboring classes.
Rejectives and installing along to the control of		aking pucca ghat to Salempore Tank.		184			343	13	10	91	10	15	13									1
Public subset of Ketheb Baboo's 11 285 29 24 11 20 25 29 24 12 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		pairing and metalling slopes to Motiharee Road,				69			23	10	4	10	13			:						11
Repairing and metalling of Lower 3500 171 283 80 134 13 13 13 14 14 15 15 14 14 15 15		pairing slopes of Keshub Baboo's Tank.		8				4	*	- 01	-	-	-	-			141	15	80	18	the	
Paralytic and including slopes of many State Sta		spairing and metalling of Lower	\$,000		283	-	534	53	03	9	88	0	17			:		-	Marin Constant			111
Cleanating drints in Scholdguing or Nai 1,600 62 637 155 4 6 5 15 8 11 7 22 1 month Ditto Repairing and metalling of Nai 1,600 62 57 57 155 4 6 5 15 8 11 7 22 1 month Total humber employed 2,105 8,557 897 6,449 156 240 121 121 202 56 379 121 121 121 122 56 379 121 121 121 121 122 123 124 124 125 1				87	146		302	1-	10	49	-											
Repairing and metalling of Nai	BS CIA		1	613		10 10	637	16	92	-				-		i			-			
Rate of wages puld for the control of the control		psiring and metalling of Nai Sazer Road.	1,000		87	37	185	*	9	60	13	œ	11		-						arabata and	•
Total quantity disburse Total quantity dis																		The second second		-		Rate of wages paid for full work— To each man 2 0 10 2 0 " worsem 0 9 10 0 0 " child 0 6 10 0 3
2,198 8,557 897 6,449 126 2,90 65 421 121 202 06 579			1													-		-				otal quantity disbursed in wages juring the fortnight— Ms. S. C.
		Total number employed		2,195		897	6,449	156	08-3	1	1	-		1	1 2							1

J. S. DRUMMOND,

Offy. Magistrate and Collector.

SABUN COLLECTORATE, The 28th July 1874.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 25th July 1874.

	REMARKS.	Eate of wages paid for full work— To each man "" Paid in sexting. "" Paid in sexting. To all quentity disbursed in wages during the fortuitht, 13 manuals 6 seems 15 chitacks.	•
pee.	At what dis- tance ob- tainable from the work.		
per ru	Maize.		
Rate of food-grain per rupee.	дият.	Srs. 172	
Rate of	DVT	S ₇ .	
	Rice.	104	
work is	How long in ment,		11,
of of	Total.	2	18
Mean daily number of Number of persons em- persons employed during ployed on the last of the 14 days.	Children.	91	10
ed on the 14	Women.	ь.	7
Numb	"Men.	16	16
er of uring	Total.	9 1/8.	88
numb oyed d	Children.	0	6
daily emplo he 14	Women	10	10
Mean	Men.	7	17
	.IntoT	113	611
of per tring t	Children.	8	131
Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.	Women.	146	146
Total	Men.	3	384
d, se.	Length of ros		
	NAME OF WORE.	Outdeary hank on	Total number employed

J. S. DRUMMOND, (Countersigned)

Offg. Magte, and Collr., Sarun,

Sub-divisional Officer. A.C. WRIGHT,

G. J. HODGKINSON, Manager, Court of Wards, Ray Hutwa.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Relief Works undertaken by the Huttea Estate under the Court of Wards, in the District of Sarun, during the 14 days ording Wedwedgas. The 22nd July 1874.

Name of work, Name of work			Tota	Total number of persons em- ployed during the 14 days.	of perse	days.	Mean d emplo	ally num	Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.	rsons Nys.	Numbe ploye	Number of persons em- ployed on the last of the 14 days.	last of		Rate of fo	Rate of food-grain per rupes.	r rupea.	
Photosy to Malchom road		Nime of work.	Men.	Women.	Children	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	LatoT	Men.						-	Reeses
Busing to Multicham read	-										-	-	-	See	-			173.
Ditio to Hossypore ,			-							_		-	_	_				
Ditio to Marstr s	114		-								-			_	-	-	-	
Ditto to Kuthayah Marut to Pura.	-										-				_			
Marrer to Pugra.	-	road	-								-						-	
Bugsibee to Kuthaya 1, 4,000 9,100 6,545 21,704 452 650 458 1,550 597 597 358 1,002 Bugsibee to Kuthaya 1, 1, 4,000 9,100 6,545 21,704 452 650 458 1,550 597	-										-				-			
Successive to Kautegram	-	1	_					629	468	1,550	307			62				
## Chumookha to	100	2	-			9						-		_	_			
Thinking 1.	1																	
Tank	1	1 1 1 1	,										-	-		-		
Truck Sreeports to Bhatchputty road		1 1 1																
Steepore to Bhastputty road	200		-								-							
Ditto to Bahadoorpore ,	-		-	*							-		-					50
Ditto to Bugashee "	-		_								-	_						
Munisharak to Buthocah , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-		_					248	270	693	251			14			-	Rate of wages paid for full work:-
Montanal to Bathooah , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	***																To each Man 6 to 9 pice In most
Metryunge to Sevara	-	*** **		_	-	199	40	:	:	40	38			38	**********			" " Child 8 to 4 " J ingrain.
0,539 13,000 10,808 53,357 690 921 766 2,347 608 742 721 2,071	-	33					13	23	88	64	12		03	22	-		_	Total amount disbursed in wages during fortnight, Rs. 173-9-3.
	37 1000	Total number employ	1	!	-		099	921	786	2,347	809	1	-	112				Total quantity of grain disbursed in a during the fortnight, Mds. 926-58-6.

(Countersigned)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Colle., Sarun.*

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 25th July 1874.

Ooker, Marsh Women. Ander, wells Ander, wells Ander, well Ander, wells Ander, well Ander, well Ander, well	13 23	Children.	How long to give the lo	Bice.	-	-	elb of 3	
THE AREA MISSE. Obsergational Ander, wells			-		Dal. Gram.	.ozieK	tan at the work the work	Винлия.
Character Ander, wells				S. C. S	8. C. 8.	C. 8. C.		
Activity, ditto, ditto 199 * 154 \$14 \$15 \$15 \$15 \$15 \$15 \$15 \$15 \$15 \$15 \$15			-	10 4 1	11 8 17 1	2 20 6	2 miles.	Rosey castos of laborers
One pergaments Purchinkly, wells 112 70 42 224 8 5 3 16 6 SRUYKIER Pressall, Salido. 23 71 14 397 18 3 1 22 15 Bloovel, Darkly, well in. 65 28 11 22 12 15 15 16 4 Instractor, Artif Salido. 60 28 11 28 4 2 6 4 Pergli, Chirmol, ank 38 499 297 1,102 23 31 79 39 3 Pergli, Chirmol, ank 155 222 91 468 11 89 7 54 10 1								yed on the
SHYNERR PERSHAD SANO. SHYNERR PERSHAD SANO. SHOW POPPL BERM, Well SHOW SHOW A SHED. SHOW SHOW A SHED. SHOW SHALL SHILL SHALL SH				_	_			
pore, pore, bright. Barni, well 202 41 14 307 18 3 1 22 15 floorid, ditto. ditto. 65 28 68 4 2 6 4 fearnscrib Natur Sarat. 385 492 287 1,102 25 21 79 39 3 Pergli. Chirmid, tank 155 222 91 468 11 86 7 84 10 1				_			:	
	15 3	18		11 0 11	11 0 15	0 15 0	3 miles	
Pergla Chirmal, sank 888 468 287 1,102 28 21 79 29 10 CHICKER SARAN WARAIN 185 229 91 468 11 89 7 84 10	4	7						
Pergh. Chiranol, tank 588 498 287 1,102 28 21 79 29 Pergh. Chiranol, tank 185 228 91 468 11 86 7 84 10			*1	-				
7 OUTCOLER SARAN NABAIN 135 222 91 468 13 89 7 84 10	20 35	16 71		14 0 1	15 0 17	8	9 millon	
pergeh, Narhum, tank 155 222 91 468 11 80 7 84 10				-	,	1		
2334 3344 and	10 12	40		19 0 1	12 0 10	000	Girman	₹ 0
ditto, ditto 139 180 83 402 10 13 6 29 13	13 15	7	_		2		SISWAII.	each m
Bal, pergunnah Bal, ditto 1,822 283 6 1,500 94 17 111 114 1	11	125	_	18 0	18 4 18	9	1 miles.	" child 0
Ditto ditto, well 88 88 2 2 7	-	_				-	, miles	Total amount disbursed in
Total number employed 2,839 1,531 677 5,047 202 110 49 861 222 8	98	40 860	1	1				

(Countersigned) J. S. DRUMMOND,

SYUD MAHOMED FUZL,

Offg. Magte, and Collr., Sarun.

No. 2587F, dated Motiharce, the 29th July 1874.

From-H. KEAN, Esq., Collector of Chumparun,

To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative for this district for the fortnight ending the 25th July 1874. Its preparation has been delayed owing to all the relief officers of the district having been summoned to meet the Lieutenant-Governor at Gobindgunge, and been unable to return from there till the afternoon of Saturday, the 25th instant. Ramnuggur narrative has not yet been received, but will be sent on separately as soon as it comes to hand.

The state of the country, after the recent inundations, has made Mr. Howe's journey back to his head-quarters much slower than it would ordinarily have been.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

There has been a long sunny break which has been of unmixed benefit in allowing the crops are particularly good throughout the district; they are particularly forward in the Gobindgunge sub-division, but generally, except in the north, the harvesting of the lesser crops will begin some 15 days hence, and then will go on almost uninterruptedly till the staple crops come in.

The bazars continue to be supplied from local stores, which are being freely spent in view of the approaching harvest. All the Sub-Divisional Officers are of opinion that there is now very little grain in the country. The sales of Government grain have revived, which is a further indication on this point. The lighter rates lately introduced have of course specifying to do with this. The sates for local wavelength and the same ching to do with this. something to do with this. The rates for local produce are, however, favorable as shown in

the table annexed:

MOTIHAREE SUB-DIVISION.

NAMES OF	BAZAI	RS.	Rice, best.	Rice, coarse.	Wheat.	Cheena.	Barley.	Uritel.	Maize.	Kodo.	Urhar.	Gram.	Seed- rice.	Mosoor.	Moong
			Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Motiharee	***		13	16	13	None	18	15	16	None	None	18	None	None	None
Ramgurwa	***		11	13	14	None	None	None	14	None	15	15	None	None	None
Narkatia	***		13	16	13	15	16	14	None	None	None	15	None	14	14

DHAKA SUB-DIVISION.

NAMES OF	BAZA	RS.	Rice, No. I.	Rice, No. II.	Maize.	Barley.	Wheat.	Gram.	Peas and keroo.	Urhar.	Cheena.	Kodo.	Murwa.	Urid.	Mosoor
		An in	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Modhubunnee	***		115	16	17	18	181	130		18%	164		20	151	178
Ghorashan	***		111	121	16%	161	111	161	161	171		******	15	15	15
Pakri			13	18	18	18	111	18		174				16	17%
Patali	***		131	16	20	181	124	161	20	17			21	165	168
Taturia			1411	161	20		15	231		20					

GOBINDGUNGE SUB-DIVISION.

Rajpore		1			1	1		S		1	-			1
wallboxe	191	***	122	145	******	******	122	161	 161	*****	*****	181	*****	******
Gondra Bara	***		113	141		17	121	17	 16	16		20	17	17
Peera Mart	***		13	15		1	13	16	 15			18	16	15
Peera Factory	***		11	141	17		121	15}	 15			17	151	151
Abiridaha	•••			14		16			 					9

BETTIAH SUB-DIVISION.

Bettiah	,,,	11	14	 19	14	18	 13	 			13
Chunaha			101	 184	,,,,,,	17%	 10	 	*****		10
Bhourah	•••		103	 15}		151	 14	 ******	*****	******	141
Lowriah			13	 21		16	 12	 	f	,	13

The effects of the inundations reported in my last narrative have been very much less harmful than was anticipated. The floods passed off with surprising rapidity, and the sunny weather which succeeded them has restored many of the crops which had been given over as hopeless.

In the Motiharee and Dhaka sub-divisions the floods were due to excessive rainfall and the overflow of the local streams. In the Bettiah and Govindgunge sub-divisions the damage was caused by the Gunduk bursting the embankment. In both these latter places the injury so far appears to have been very slight. In the Dhaka sub-division also only the maize, which was planted at hazard on low lands in the hope of an early crop, has irretrievably gone In the Motiharee sub-division the injury has been greater, the crop of about 1,000 acres in one tract having been submerged. This damage, however, is very local, and no special remedial measures are necessary beyond those already in force. The ryots who have suffered will receive some further advances. They decline to sow the submerged tracts at present, and are reserving them for winter crops for which their fertility will be much enhanced by the In both the Motiharee and Dhaka sub-divisions the flooded country was visited. as soon as it became traversable, by the two Sub-Divisional Officers. In one village only was seed-rice applied for; it is still procurable in the local markets, but is naturally very scarce now that the sowings have been completed.

A few cases of cholera have been reported from the Dhaka sub-division, and the Native Doctor is traversing the villages in which they took place. Otherwise this continues to be for the people of all classes an exceptionally healthy year.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

The annexed table shows the works going on, and the attendance on them; those super-intended by the circle officers and by the Department Public Works being given separately for each sub-division.

The numbers are still decreasing. In the Motiharee sub-division the circle officer's works have been closed altogether. Of the number shown on the Department Public Works over 50 per cent. are persons who are paid at ordinary rates or as skilled laborers; the relief laborers properly being paid at bare subsistence rates. There is still much to be done in the fields; in fact, the weeding of the rice has not been half got through, though that of the maize has been nearly finished.

Mr. Weekes reports from Gobindgunge that his laborers are very unwilling to leave the works, and that those which have been closed will have to be re-opened after the weeding is over. Mr. Weekes has a sufficient reserve of works for this purpose, as indeed have all the sub-divisional officers. The relief works afford the attraction of constant employment or rather of regular remuneration, and it is this contrast to field labor, where the employer retains and dismisses the work-people at his pleasure, that induces so many to cling to the works, though remunerated at a lower rate than is given for working in the fields. But of the relief laborers proper, by far the greater part is composed of women and children, whose adult male relatives are earning wages elsewhere.

I have accepted Mr. Weekes' figures which give the daily average of relief laborers under him as 6,888. These figures have not been attained by dividing the total number of laborers employed during the fortnight by 14, but (as far as a can see from the returns) when a work has been opened for one day only in the fortnight, the numbers employed on it in that day have been taken as the daily average. I have not had time to find out precisely on what principle the figures have been given, but from the total number of persons shown employed under Mr. Weekes during the fortnight, I make his daily average to be 472 only. Mr. Kilby, in the Dhaka sub-division, made an attempt to introduce village conservancy works, but failed, as he found that the laborers entered their names, then went to their fields, and reappeared only to get their doles. He has discontinued all these works, which are quite impracticable, as the number of laborers in each village is so small that it is impossible to supervise them except by an agency, the expense of which would be utterly disproportionate to the work to be done.

Owing to the nature of the work now being carried on, task-work has generally ceased, and only an estimate can be given of the laborers employed or not employed on task-work. Of those working under the Department Public Works, one-half are so employed, and under the circle officers none.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

The only private importer now is Mr. T. M. Gibbon, and it is not at all likely that private importation will revive so late in the season, and in the face of the prices now prevailing.

Mr. Gibbon's grain is part of a consignment ordered some time ago, and is coming to Bettiah.

Nine thousand four hundred maunds of seed-grain intended for Ramnuggur are being sent from Gobindgunge to Sarun, while 5,000 maunds of rice have been moved up to the Motiharee sub-division.

In the Bettiah sub-division 18,000 maunds have been sent from the river-side gola at Rutwal to Sarun, and the rest of the grain ordered to be transferred to that district is being despatched as fast as possible.

D.-STORAGE OF GRAIN.

The grain is still well distributed, with a reserve at each gola. In the four sub-divisions reported on the quantity now in hand will, it is calculated, just meet the exigen-cies of the next two months, leaving none to spare. An abstract of the transactions of the fortnight in each sub-division is subjoined, the detailed statement showing the expenditure as compared with the allotments and receipts being appended.

				No. 1-Motiharee	Circle.					
Up to dat	e of l	ast retu	rn.			Dur	ing the pas	st for	tnight	t.
Mds.	Sr.	Ch.					Mds.	Sr.	Ch.	
33,996	0	0		To laborers	***		543	29	15	
48,262	0	0		To the public			5.026	22	6	
2,962	0	0		To charitable relief			271	34	8	
31,055	0	0	***	Advances		***	9,424	14	14	
				No. 2-Dhaka	Circle.					
25,119	0	0		To laborers	***		1.109	12	14	
14,333	24	4	***	To the public	***		7,374	21	3	
1,489	15	12		Charitable relief	***	***	306	30	0	
15,242	35	9	***	Advances	•••	***	18,097	28	10	
				No. 3- Gobindgu	nge Circle.					
25,866	0	0		To laborers	***		2,469	5	10	
4,341	0	0		To the public	***		1,930	7	3	
2,914	0	0		Charitable relief	***	***	3,095	16	14	
21,048	0	0		Advances	***		16,260	29	4	
				No. 4-Bettiah	Circle.					
15,260	0	0		To laborers	***	***	592	0	0	
44,679	0	0		To the public	***		33,543	35	0	
6,447	0	0		Charitable relief	***		884	15	0	
998	0	0		Advances			4,419	. 0	0	
				(To laborers			4,714	8	7	
				To the public	*		47,875	5	12	
		Tota	4	" Charitable relief			4,558	16	6	
				(Advances	***		48,201	32	2	
					Grand Total		1,05,349	22	11	

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PERSONS.

The systematic advances have now been generally closed, and further advances are being issued only to meet special instances, as in the case of the inundated tracts. In the Bettiah sub-division the private advances from the Raj and European residents have been on such a liberal scale that a very little Government grain has had to be issued direct in this way.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The advances have operated so favorably that there has been no increase under this head The results are appended.

Centres.	Number of persons	EXPENI	OITURE.	REMARKS.
He has the state of the state o	relieved.	Money.	Grain.	MARKAD.
Ramgurwa Sugaon Turkolia Motiharee Factory Ditto Town Ditto Section II Ditto Section II Inspector, North Division Ditto South ditto Narkatys	Nil 1855 Nil 1855 Nil 152 1,978 51 62 7 62 7 34 33	99 11 6 12 13 0 4 10 0 0	Mds. S. C. 45 10 0 74 10 0 38 10 0 13 35 0 19 33 0 2 11 0 10 0 0 9 30 0	Private funds.
Hospital and Poor-house Relief.				
Mootiharee Poor-house Ditto Hospital Bamgurwa ditto	599 19 24	30 12 0	*	
Dhaka Sub-Division.			eksturiul zer	
At their homes At relief centres	22,703 199			Of this, 28 persons relieved on ac- count of spinning cotton, the rest fed gratuitously.
Gobindgunge Sub-Division.				
Total number relieved Bettiah Sub-Division.	6,233			Of this, 2,650 relieved on account of spinning cotton, the rest fed gra- tuitously.
Bettiah and Doosarah Choohree	103		11 39 8 4 15 0	

Owing to the different periods for which relief is given, some of the relieved being daily recipients, while others get charity varying from a day's to a month's supplies, only an estimate of the number daily in receipt of charitable relief can be shown.

The Motiharee relief committee administers its own funds only, both for its home

relief system, its poor-house, and hospital.

reter system, its poor-house, and hospital.

The attempt to introduce home-relief by spinning, and such light labor, has been generally a failure except in the towns and in Mr. Weekes' sub-division. This is due to the character of the people in the rice-growing tracts, all of whom pursue out-door occupations irrespective of caste, and almost irrespective of social status.

As the system of charitable relief accounts for this district has been entirely altered by Government Circular No. 4640—S.R. of the 22nd July, which was only received here yesterday, none are furnished with this narrative.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

		he district and tive, full detai				Rs.	A.		Rs. 23,33,845	A. 7	P. 6	
Executive E	ngineer, East	Chumparun	Relief	Works.		27,163	0	0	27,163	0	0	
		I	Stablishn	ents. &c.								
Under Mr.						1,790		2				
99 99 89 99	Howe Weekes			***		225 67	13	9				
							-	-	2,083	9	3	
			Charitabl	e Relief.								
Mr. Weekes		***	***	***		2,963		6				
Dr. Cullen		***	***	***	***	100	0	0				
								-	3,063	15	6	
				Grand T	otal				23,66,156	0	100	

Circle No. 1.

NAMES OF	WORE	18.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average
Under D.	P. W.						Cerculation and Company
Motiharee station road New road at Jendra Motiharee to Segowlee Gobindguuge road Segowlee to Roxoul section Sugaor to Turkolia			 96 29 896 150 29 354	156 30 1,693 463 58 929	114 35 736 103 8 253	366 94 3,325 716 95 1,636	26 7 237 51 7
		Total	 1,554	3,329	1,249	6,132	438
Under Circle	Office	r.				-	
Pank at Pushrampore , Sankersaria Segowlee Cantonment impr Pank at Purushrampore , Katkenwa , Sripore , Joysingpore Motiharee town	rovemen	nt	 1,534 1,537 62 90 173 84 1.111 1,608	2,883 3,096 314 439 363 376 2,188 1,602	58 68 127 52 61 11 432 211	4,476 4,691 493 681 597 471 3,731 8,421	319 335 35 41 42 34 266 244
		Total	 6,189	11,261	1,010	18,460	1,318

Circle No. 2.

	Under	D. P.	W.						
Motiharee to Dh	naka				237	158	138	633	38
Dhaka to Parew					1,699	418	185	2,302	164
Dhaka, short cut					92	19	18	129	0
Gunduk crossing		***	***		1,701	296	207	2,204	157 14
Sekrawna bund		***	****		205			205	14
Dhaka to Pattah			***		56	6		. 62	4
Modhubunnee ar			***		26			26	2
	nd Patt				58			53	
Bridge, Motihare	e to Di	naka	***		274	97	26	397	28
Dhaka to	Parew	а			73			73	6
	Lokho				821	474	124	1,419	101
, h, to	Podur	nkair			9	**********	munn -	9	*******
. Parewah	to Etw	а	480 Land		101	5		106	7
22 14	Pipr		***		98	94	58	250	18
			maria					7700	555
			Total	***	ATT VALUE	TAXABLE	********	7,768	
Works	Under	r Circle	Officer.						
Pattahi circle	***		***		3,408	15,178	3,898	22,484	1,696
Joogoulia	***		100 mag		606	1,299	535	2,440	701
Seeraha	***		ave	Million .	2,569	5,368	1,882	9,819	515
Bhelwa	1944	***		***	1,922	4,084	1,210	7,216	18
Bars	***	***	100		59	127	92	257	68
Meerpore	***	256	2010 C***	4.0	286	156	514	956	
			Total		·			43,172	3,084

Circle No. 3.

	NAMES (wo.	RKs.		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average
carrolly and	efter to e	8	1	12.72	-				2.00
Bysuckwa road	441	***	***	***	42	. 8	*******	50	4
loondree ,,	***	***	***	***		11	*******	33	. 2
Iajeepore "	***	***	***	***	12	14	*** *** ***	26	2
Rajpore	***	***	***	***	47	63	63	173	13-
Sembhoo chuk	***	***	***	***	41	26	23	90	6
Khokhra	***	***	***	***		21	13	63	5
Iameedpore	***	***	***	***	125	49	1	175	12
Bawapore road	urbuns	***	***	***		*******	********	29	2
		***	***	***	49	********	*********	49	3
Kooshar	***	***	***	***	58	********	********	58	4
Bunkut Poorun-Chupra r	hao	***	***	***	14	20	34	68	5
oorun-Chupra r		***	***	***	40	169	46	255	18
ooltakea road	***	***	***	***	38	*** *** ***	**********	38	3
Kajoorea ,,	***	***	***	***	39	*********	********	39	3
Ramgurwah	***	***	***	***	15	39	29	83	6
lariba	***	***		***	44	29	20	93	7
ytholia	***	***	***	***	22	19	9	50	4
handpursa	***	***	***	***	8	16	5	29	2
epwa road	***	***	***	***	39	9	3	51	4
Shoputpore road	***	***	***	***	98	********	********	98	7
Quarremah	***	***	***	***	258	103 .	73	434	31
dahowah	***	***	***	***	52	.11	5	68	5
hukea road	***	***	***	***	298	70	76	444	31
Seetulpore road	***	***	***	***	256	229	61	546	39
Cooreah "	***	***	***	***	438	. 15	24	477	34
eswah Asage	***		***	*** }	103	25	15	143	10
huck Bara	***	***	***	***	402	72	6	480	34
Burmudea	***	***	***	***	60	10	5	75	5
Shutwalea road	***	***	***	***	41	26	********	67	5
Mudhoobunnee	***	***	* ***	***	25	*** *** ***	********	25	2
Ahirwalia	***	***	***	***	24	5	*******	29	2
augur Chooram		***	***	***	37	7	*******	44	3
Nowadah	***	***	***	***	32	34 *	62	128	9
Delmon Chupra	***	***	. ***	***	29	10	4	43	3
skunderpore road		***	***	***	8	********	*********	8	********
Birdabon road	***	***	***	***	11	9	******	20	1
1 1	***	***	***	***	103	7	7	117	8
	***	***	***	***	68	********	*******	58	4
Kessorea ,, Jassowle bridges	***	***	***	***	32	4.5	14	91	6
Burhurwa road	***	***	***	***	44	9	1	54	4
71 1 7	***	***	***	***	139			139	9
Y	***	***	***		669	373	319	1,361	97
Nawton "	***	***	***	***	25	*********	********	25	2
Muthea "		***	***	***	16	********	********	16	1
amoonapore road	A	***	***		104	22	42	168	12
			Total					6,610	472

Circle No. 4.

Bettiah road Gora ,, Lohurea ,,					1,715 358 146	2,923 767	870 118	5,508 1,243 146	88 10
Beejhunea road Sekta bridge	***				522 486	242 658	77	841 1,226	60
Kytholea ,, Muther to Belwa	bridge	***			794 118	859 187	242 84	1,895	138
Beezbanea bridge Hurdyputty tan	k, and 3	roads it	Dhoomn		371 535	242 595	97 226	710 1,356	51 97
Lower Gunduk	Division		Total	=	5,361	381	841	13,314 6,583	951 470

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Champarun for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 25th July 1874.

					T _o T	Total allot.	Total quantity	.Total Qu	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN DISPOSED UP TO DATE.	ERNMENT GRAI	N DISPOSED UP	TO DATE.	Estimated	Estimated	
NAMES OF SUB-DIVISIONS.	B-Divisios		Date for which figures are given.	rhich figures a given.	-	Government f	stored, exclusive of grain trans- ferred to other districts.	By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	44 1 45	gran expen- diture of the coming fortnight.	Вриденя.
12.27 14.27 144.7		·			14.63	Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	Mds.	
M otiharee	1	1	23rd July 1874			1,55,000	1,52,858 0 0	53,289 36 6	3,234 34 1	40,480 38 10	34,540 35	6 1,31,54:24 6	2,000	10,000	
Dhaka	1		28rd "		- 1	2,10,000	0 0 808'01'1	1,19,808 0 0 21,708 4 13	1,796 5 12	33,340 24 3	26,229	3 3 83,074 27 12	IIIN	20,000	Of which mds. 7,101-28-14 have been transferred from heading "Advanced to Rvots." to heading
Gobindgunge	1		23rd ,,		1	1,24,000	1,34,544 37 10	6,272 22 8	6,010 31 5	37,309 11 8	28,335 31 6	77,928 16 12	EN	25,000	"Sale to Public,"
Bettish	f	1	93rd "	30 (00 (1903) 10 (1903)	1	1,11,000	1,28,434 11	0 78,224 29 0	7,333 2 0	6,417 23 0	14,852 26	0 1,05,827 0 0	IIN	17,000	
				Total	1	000'00'9	5,35,446 8 10	1,59,495 12 11	6,00,000 6,85,446 8 101,58,485 12 11 18,373 33 2 11,16,548 17 5 1,03,859 5 11 3,98,376 29 13	1,16,548 17 5	1,03,959 5 11	3,98,376 28 13	8 5,000	72,000	

Including transfers.

From-H. F. J. KEAN, Esq., Collector of Chumparun,

To-The Offg. Secy. to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor, in continuation of my No. 2587F, dated 29th July, to forward in original the last fortnightly narrative for the Ramnuggur Sub-division which has just been received.

The narrative calls for no remark, except that the expenditure shewn in it under heading G is only part of the details of the gross sum already shown in the district narrative as made over to Mr. Howe, and included in the gross total expenditure up to date.

Mr. Howe has submitted no detailed returns under the heading Charitable Relief, but it is hoped that these can be supplied by all the sub-divisions in time to be submitted with the next narrative in the form lately ordered, and which will bear all details under this head from the beginning of operations.

Narrative of Searcity and Relief for the fortnight ending Saturday, 25th July 1874 .- Ramnuggur Sub-Division, Chumparun District.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

DURING the fortnight the weather has been all that could be desired. At first there was heavy rain (10% inches were registered at Bagaha), but the much desired break has now fully set in. The bhadoi rice and inferior grain crops are in a very forward condition. Colonel Boolderson writes (and his remarks are applicable to a considerable portion of the sub-division also): "More land has this year been sown with the inferior bhadoi crops than in ordinary years, the obvious reason being the desire to secure an early crop for immediate consumption. years, the both state of the search of the s against a consider a specific or a specific prospects are exceptive, though of course an depends on the continuance of the rains in September. Field operations for the winter crop are everywhere being carried on. Weeding now attracts large numbers of women to the fields. Practically the sowing may be considered as completed, though a few days still remain. Those, however, who could get seed have used it, and those who were too poor, and who have hitherto failed to obtain it, will have to leave their fields unsown.

The deficiency of seed-grain is principally confined to Butsura tuppa, where a good deal of land has been left unsown. In the east, seed grain has generally been procured from tuppa Ramgir and Nipal. This deficiency is felt only by the poorer class of cultivators—the petty holders of a few beeghas-and therefore the injury, however serious to a numerous class,

will not affect the general outturn of the crop.

Statement A shows the amount of seed-grain distributed, i.e., the degree to which people of this class have been assisted by Government. Had the seed-grain arrived in time, I think it could have been fully distributed and any deficiency removed. But it began to arrive when the country was flooded and transport into the interior was impossible. A good deal was spoilt by the heavy rain on the road, and when it reached Ramuggur could not be pushed on into the interior. The Statement C attached to this report shows the prices prevailing. There is not much to add to what I said as to the condition of the markets, and affairs will probably continue as at present until the cutting of the autumn crops, when food-grain will become more plentiful and cheap. Our sales have increased considerably, and this is due, first, to the extension of our wholesale system; and secondly, to our rates being assimilated to those of Bettiah, by which accidental competition was avoided.

On the whole, then, there has been no change during the present fortnight, the condition

of the people continues good, the weather has been extremely favorable, and the prospects of the crops are excellent, especially those of the bhadoi, a plentiful harvest from which is almost

a certainty.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

For practical purposes these may be considered closed. No able-bodied men required in the field come to our works, which are kept open only in order to finish a few important lines of communication, and also with a view of affording employment should there be a rush in August and September. Statement B shows how largely the numbers on our works have diminished. Task work is exacted and payments continue in kind. Women and children argely predominate, though even these have latterly gone to weed in the fields.

Under Commissioner's orders, and with the sanction of His Honor the Lieutenant-Order Commissioner's orders, and with the sanction of his hour the elleutenant-dovernor, one lakh of maunds of grain is being sent by boat to Sarun. We are very busy in starting this large quantity, which is urgently required. The arrangement is that Mr. Drummond, Collector of Sarun, is to send boats to Bagaha, and that we are to load and start the grain. I propose in the first place to send from Bagaha, and to replenish that collectors are as Bagaha, so the giver and the grain can thus more easily be gola from the eastern ones, as Bagaha is on the river and the grain can thus more easily be despatched. The amount to be sent is large, and it may at first sight appear that we are too much denuding our golas. But the estimate has been carefully based on previous expenditure. diture and present actual requirements, and I think while with what remains we shall

be safe; it will be an advantage towards the end of the famine to have less in so outlying a tract, especially if the grain is more urgently required elsewhere. As I have before given reasons for my estimate, and as the matter has lately been discussed with the Commissioner and His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor at Gobindgunge, I need not advert to the matter more fully at present.

The following Statement D shows the amount of grain at our golas :-

					M.	S.	C.	
Ramnuggur	***		***	***	82,171	13	10	
Bagaha	***				47,332	6	8	
Hurnatar	***		***		12,589	28	0	
Chankee	7474		***	***	5,928	8	0	
Shikarpore	***		***		9,167	1	4	
Bhoura				***	3,116		12	
Chunhudia	***		***	***	7,875	24	0	
		96.				-	-	
			Total	****	1,68,180	4	2	

There is nothing to be added on this subject to what I reported in my last narrative. The advances have been larger this fortnight, as final advances are being made, and villagers are coming in fast, but soon advances will be closed, and our account and registers submitted

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

There has been an increase in the number receiving relief, chiefly owing to the almost entire cessation of our works, in consequence of which the weak and infirm have been thrown on our hands. Light labor is given to most of these. It is not a sign of increased distress, but is owing chiefly to the fact I have noticed, which is a necessary result to be expected on the setting in of the rains.

In conclusion, I trust that this rather brief report, and the delay in sending it, will be excused. I have only to-day returned from Gobindgunge, where His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor arrived on Saturday (the day on which this narrative was due). Were I to delay, in order to make a fuller report, I should not be in time for the district narrative, and I have therefore thought it better to confine myself to general remarks on the principal points required, so as to show the general condition of affairs and the progress we have made.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

		Expenditure i	n previous fo present	ortnight " Details.			1	Δв.		Rs. 1,096 885	As. P 1 10 4 6
		Establishment					801	3	1		
	. 1	Hospital conti Building hosp	ital	*	***		50	4	0		
Completing		Joint-Magistr Gola repairs	ate's bungal	ow			15 14		5		
					Total	***	885	4.	6		

A. Price-Current.

			Ri	CE.				rrley.			Silv.		eren 1					
Name of	bazar.		Best.	Coarse.	Gram.	Wheat.	Barley.	Gram and Barley.	Urid. *	Arhar.	Mosoor,	Kodo.	Dhan.	Makai.	Dal, urid.	Dál, arhar.	Dál, mosoor.	Koortbee.
Chandapattis	•••		41	161		15								14	121	117	12	
Bhomrah	•••		101	113	151	134	164	***					193	12	•••	134	141	
Ramnuggur	***		11	12	15	13	17	***		***	***	•••	154	131	11	11	111	A
Shikarpore	***	***	14		16	16		18	***		***			***			11	
ownia	•••		13	19	18	15	20	18	15	17	17		***	18	111	12	13	14

Statement under Heading B.	Statement	under	Heading	B.
----------------------------	-----------	-------	---------	----

		CO. ST. D. ST. 7-St.	1700 30 30 30 100	NEW RESERVE	A SECRETARIA DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL C		
Name of worl				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Ramnuggur to Lowria,	Section 1		***	61	126	17	204
	Section 2	***	***	45	68	12	125
Ditto to Bagaha		***		68	226	49	343
Ditto to Chankee		404	***	46	118	26	185
Ditto drainage				29	72	18	119
Hurnatar road	***			15	43	4	62
Malpoorooah	***	***		18	46	8	72
High Level Canal	**	•••	***	120	204	35	359
		Cotal	100	402	898	169	1,469

C.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditures of seed-grain.

Received					***	Mds. 6,838	Srs. 24	
Expended	{ To	iccavee		***		2,600 4	32 20	40
Balance in b	and		.,,	Total	***	2,605 4,233	12 12	4 0

D.

Statement showing the storage and consumption of Government Grain in the Ramnuggur Subdicision of Chumparun District on the dates nearest to the 11th July, for which returns may be available.

Names of circles				\{ E	tamnuggu Iagaha. Iurnatar.	ır.		
Date for which figures	are given			(s	hikarpore 5th July	187	4.	
					Mds.	Srs.	Ch.	
Total allotment of Gov Total quantity of grai	ernment grain stored, exc	in lusive of s	rain transfe	rrèd to	2,40,474	19	0	
other districts	***				1,68,180	4	2	
Total quar	stity of Gove	ernment G	rain consum	ed up to d	ate.			
By sale to public or la	borers	.).			33,920	34	8	
By gratuitous distribu	tion in any	shape	***		3,230	14	8	
By advances to ryots	***	***	***	***	38,200	19	14*	
By payment in kind to	aborers	***	***	***	6,873	37	14	
		Total			82,225	26	12	

Maunds 19,825-21-0 made over to High Level Canal. It has, therefore, been deducted from column 3, and does not appear in columns 5, 6, 7, 8, but as in last statement it was entered in column 8. I add this note by way of explanation.

W. Howe,

Jt.-Magte., in charge of Ramnuggur Sub-division.

Fortnightly Narrative of Scarcity and Relief of the District of Monghyr, for the fortnight ending 24th July 1874.

There has been very little rain during the past fortnight, and the crops generally, which required sunshine, have been much benefited. Mr. Wilkins reports the crops in Begoo Serai, the chief bhadoi country, as being very strong and abundant. There has, he says, been plenty of fine, dry weather, with a hot sun lately after the heavy rains we had in June. More rain is now wanted, and Mr. Wilkins calculates that, with favorable weather until harvest time, an average crop will be cut. This estimate somewhat modifies his first remarks regarding the strength and abundance of the crops. Mr. Money, who took advantage of the fine weather to make a tour in the chief bhadoi-growing pergunnahs in the south of the district, says the crops look generally promising, and he remarks that an unusually large area has been sown with autumn crops. I have myself noticed this in the Sudder sub-division, but I think the anticipated yield is over-estimated. I have never before seen the crops so choked with weeds, and with the exception of what is growing round the ryots' houses, the Indian corn looks poor and stunted. The outturn per beegha, even if we have favorable weather until harvest time, will not, I think, exceed more than one-half what it should be. The kheri, cheena, sawa, kodo, murwa, and kowni, are, however, looking better than the Indian corn. From all I have been able to learn, it appears that the weeds have got the upper hand, partly in consequence of the unusually large area under autumn crops, and partly from want of energy in the farm laborers, who are chiefly low caste people, and have had a hard time of it during the recent season of scarcity. The recent fine weather has, however, brought laborers into the field, but I doubt whether they will succeed in cleaning the land effectually. The cattle in the district are chiefly fed on these weeds, and there is no fear of a cattle famine this year.

The bhadoi crop on the extensive dearas in the district will, I hope, be secured this year; last year it was entirely lost by a sudden rise in the Ganges. If it is secured, it will be an event which only occurs once in several years, and will affect the price of grain very considerable.

From Bucktearpore the circle officer writes that the recent fine weather has been most beneficial to the crops, and that every available inch of land is being sown with some kind of crop.

crop.

The bazars are, throughout the district, well supplied; and even at Bukhtiarpore, which was quite deserted by the traders, and depended almost entirely on. Government rice, is now well

supplied. The prices continue much the same as in the last report; but if the present favorable prospects continue, we may, I think, look for a steady downfall until prices assume their normal condition.

Mr. Currie, who has been over a large portion of the country around Luckee Serai, states that the bhadoi, particularly the Indian corn, has suffered a good deal from excessive rain, He says that large advances of grain bave been taken by the landholders in order to pay wages to their laborers.

The health of the district is generally good; and every one is now hopeful of abundant

food before the end of September.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

The annexed statement will shew the number of persons at present employed under Government and the Court of Wards. No new relief works have been opened during the fortnight, and I do not think any more will be required. The extensive irrigation works, at Kburrukpore, and the roads now in course of construction under the road cess, will give employment to all persons who cannot find employment in their villages. The chief work before us now is to carry out Circular No. 4543, and to make the relief roads, which have been commenced, really useful, and, by bridging them, make them passable during the rains, when they are chiefly required. I do not anticipate much difficulty in the matter, as all the earthwork on these roads has been already finished.

Of the 20,000 maunds indented for by Mr. Wilkins for Begoo Serai, 12,000 maunds have already been received. The 8,000 maunds which remains to be received is on its way. The private movements of grain are not considerable. Now that the prospects of harvest are so good, every person who had any grain concealed is bringing it out freely for consumption. The railway has carried 12,000 maunds of rubbee grain from the district; but, as I have said before, this is only a portion of the total exports, which are chiefly sent by the river to Calcutta.

A large amount of bhoosa is being exported from the district to Durbhunga under Government orders. Colonel Murray kindly undertook the superintendence of weighing and despatching it, and the work consequently has gone on very smoothly and effectually.

E

During the fortnight Mr. Manson has advanced 5,711 maunds of grain to 2,925 ryots. Mr. Currie states that "the ryots are very keen on getting advances just now, as the transplanting of the rice crop will commence very shortly, and they want the grain for rations for laborers. I have got off all except 4,500 maunds of jao-bhuut, which will be given out to-day and to-morrow; that is, the orders for issue of the grain have been given to the applicants, though the grain has not been altogether given out of the golas yet. I have kept a reserve of rice, but it is impossible to give the exact amount till the export from Sheikpoora is complete. There is no rice in Luckee Serai beyond some 50 bags for current expenses at the poor-house, as whatever arrives from Sheikpoora is in part given out to ryots and in part passed on to Jamooee.

When this is over, there will be, according to my calculations, about 2,000 maunds of rice in reserve, and the same at Sheikpoora. At Secundra I have kept about the same amount. At the other golas the amounts are very small, and they will get re-stocked in small quantities as they require it from the three reserve golas.

Mr. Wilkins has advanced 10,606 maunds of grain to zemindars and respectable ryots. Mr. Money does not state exactly how many maunds have been advanced by him during

the fortnight, but he says his golas are empty

In Sudder sub-division, I have advanced 500 maunds to zemindars and ryots on good security. F.

Annexed is a statement showing the number of persons relieved at the relief centres and poor-houses. I think, directly the bhadoi harvest is reaped, we shall be able to close these centres all over the district, as the charitably inclined will then be in a condition to relieve their poorer neighbours. I accompanied Colonel Murray, who superintends the relief operations here, yesterday to the poor-house in the town, and saw about 800 wretched-looking creatures fed, and many, who had merely a few rags clinging to them, were clothed. The eager manner in which they took the pittance of grain dealt out to them showed how bungry they must be. Numbers of these people must have died but for the aid received from Government.

The following information is in accordance with Government letter No. 125:-

Committees.

Monghyr, Jamooee, and Begoo Serai.

Sub-Committees.

Luckee Serai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore :-Special sub-division opened and officered.

- (3) Luckee Serai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore. ... Native gentlemen connected with railway.
 ... Mr. H. Christian.
 ... Mr. J. Christian. (4) Jumalpore Chapran Bassoni ...
- Garpurrah ... Mr. Hooley.

 The annexed statement will give the information required.

Daily average Number of Persons relieved in the District of Monghyr for the Week ending the 24th July 1874.

Model Period	Ne	mes of Relie	of Centres ;	ind Poor-hou	1865.		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
CHARLE SE	Sec.				1					81 (8)
donghyr		***	***		***		134	831	156	1,127
Begoo Serai	***		***			***	. 31	36	40	107
egrah	***	181	***	***	***		21	54	25	100
Sirpore	***	***	***	***	***	***	24	61	57	146
uckee Serai			***	***	**1		. 51	81	113	24
hoarah		***	***	***	***		16	23	8	4
andhi	***	***	***	***	***	* ***	22	20	48	90
ertabpore	***	***	***	***			1			1
ukhtiarpore	***	***	***	***	***	***	******	6	6	11
ecundra	***	***	***	***	***	***	87	194	138	416
heikpoora		***	***	***	***		15	18	7	40
amooee		***	***		***	***	19	21	2	45
laro		***	***	***		***	******	25		25
imultollah		***	***	***	***		******	******		
hurruckpore		***	***		***		22	66	15	108
	***	to the contract	***		***		12	57	95	164
division and				Grand	Total		454	1,492	710	2,656

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

The state of the s							Rs.	A.	P.	
Total expenditure as shown in last na	arrative						9,56,066	0	5	
	Detai	s of above.						-	-	
Placed to credit of Department of P				1,56,175	0	0				
On disbursement to officers in charge				36,874	1	2				
Advanced to Captain Grant for trans	port of B	hagulpore gra	in	2.707	14	6				
Ditto Mr. Fletcher for Tirhoot	grain			2,037	9	6				
Ditto Captain Conolly	***	1		300	0	0				
Ditto Mr. Thomas, Contractor		***		5,41,461	6	8				
Construction of golas	***	***		4,978	15	4				
Payment of gola establishment				10.744	11	0				
Miscellaneous charges				9,885	9	0				
Purchase of anchors	***			22	4	0				
Advances to trustworthy residents for	r purchase	of grain		76,250	0	0				
Ditto municipalities				5,000	0	0				
Ditto zemindars for land impro-	vement			44,740	0	0				
Tuccavi advances		***		64,539	8	3				
Package charges	***	***		6	12	0				
Transport charges				142	5	0				
							9,56,066	0	5	
							-,,	-	-	
	During	the Fortnigh	t.							
Placed to credit of Department of Pu	ablic Wor	ks		Ni	il.					
1.3 21 M M - O 1 1				DO NEM	-					

Placed to credit of Department of Pr	ablic Works	***		N	il.	
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, Contractor		***		28,757	8	1
Construction of golas	***	***		135	8	7
Payment of gola establishment	***	***	***	1,832	10	0
Miscellaneous charges	***	***	***	3	0	0

30,728 10 8

final payments	***		 	******	Nil.
dvances recoverable	***	***	 		1,90,529 8

Statement of Cases from 26th to 9th July 1874, and corresponding dates of 1873, 1872, and 1871.

There is a second of the secon	1	Th	eft.	141		se-break ss in or the	der to			То	tal.	
	Headir AI, e	g 43 of scluding	Crime cattle	Return -theft.	(Head	lings 30	5, 3 6, a AI.)	and 42	Of	all thr	oe crim	es.
	1874.	1878.	1872.	1871.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1871.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1871.
Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	19	18	20	24	97	86	41	21	46	54	61	45
(Column IV of AI, minus column IXA)	6	7	7	6	7	5	9	4	13	12	16	10

2590 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, AUGUST 12, 1874.

Statement of Cases from 10th to 28rd July 1874, and corresponding dates of 1873, 1872, and 1871.

		Tn	EFT.									
		eading 4 curn Al				respass	ing or l in order t theft.	to		Ton	TAL.	
	1874.	1873.	1872.	1871.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1871.	1874.	1873.	1872,	1871
Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	17	14	20	10	46	20	22	67	63	84	42	77
(Column IV of AI, minus column IXA)	2	5	2	3	23	7	12	22	25	12	14	2

Price-current of Food-grains in the District of Monghyr for the Fortnight ending 24th July 1874.

Nan	nes of places	١.		Rice.	Wheat.	Gram.	Indian-cor
Monghyr				11	. 15	20	18
Jamooee				12	15	19	15
Begoo Serai			***	11	15	181	
Tegrah		***	***	12	131	19	

Return called for under Government letter No. 3127, dated the 14th May 1874, for the Fortnight ending 24th July 1874.

			Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total.
(1) By sale to laborers			9,566	1,227	10,793
(2) By sale to public		**	41,514	1,209	42,723
(3) In charitable relief	***		12,818	1,234	14.052
(4) Advances to ryots			64,891	33,871	98,762
	Total		1,28,789	37,541	1,66,330

E. LOCKWOOD,
Offg. Collector.

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	Progress in		gress in		NUMBER OF LABORERS DURING THE PORTNIGHT.	TNIGHT	URING	Supply of food thereat, or quantity	Condition of			Arrangement	Disbursement	
NAME OF KOADS.	marking out.		opening relief works,	Class L	Class IIA.	Class 11B.	Total.	of grain sold, or payments in grain tokens.	laborers.	Mode of payment.	Kate of wages.	for tools.	during the fortnight.	KEMAKKS.
Monghyr sub-division— Patua road	as miles	In 6	places	5,533	577	106	6,104	Rice, mds. 169-23-111 for Rs. 522-9-6.	Good	Daily laborers daily, and contractors every second day.	Barthwork Rs. 1-9, dressing and turling 13 annas to Rs. 1-4, surface 4 to 6 annas.	Supplied by Government.	Rs. A. P. 522 9 6	
Metalling Bhagulpore road.	9 miles	in 6	In 6 places	1,721	1	I	1,721	Rice, mds. 55-19-12‡ for Rs. 147-15-9. Grain tokens 176.	Ditto	Thrice a week	Spreading Re. 1-8, consolidating Rs. 1-13, rolling 12 annas, earthwork Rs. 1-9 per	Ditto	-	Rs. 96-7-6 paid in cash for soling bricks.
Ghoreghaut road	6 miles	In 5	In 5 places	900	1	i	960	Rice, inds. 49-6-3 for Rs. 130-11-0.	1	***************************************	1,000 cubic feet. Turfing Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 2-8, earthwork Rs. 1-9 to Rs.1-14.		250 11 0	
Bukhtiarpore to Belliah	8 miles	Iii	In 1 place	889	47.4	1	1,057	Grain tokens 120. Rice, mds. 52-17-10§ for Rs. 139-13-6.	Tolerably good	Twice a week	Earthwork Rs. 1-9		139 13 6	•
Bukhtiarpore to Chuck- hy ghât.	1} mile	In1	In 1 place	2,988	883		3,821	Rice, mds. 24-32-9 for Rs. 66-3-0.		************		•	96 3 9	
Begoo Serai sub-division-	27 miles	In 9	In 9 places	7,830	:	187	7,517	Rice, mds. 87-15-8	Good	Daily laborers daily, and	Daily laborers 2 annas, and		503 7 6	
Jamooee sub-division— Gyrick road, 2nd sec	1	In i	In 1 place	2,536	-	1	2,536	Grain tokens 284, Rice, mds. 13-27-154 for Ra. 86-8-6, Grain tokens 87.	Ditto	contractors every second day.	Contractors z annas o pre- Barthwork Rs. 1-9, turfing and dressing Rs. 1-4 each.	Supplied by Government.	123 8 6	
Sheikpoors to Secundra	1	In 2	In 2 places	1,867	126	178	1,671	Rice, mds. 9-32-54 for Rs. 26-2-6.	Healthy	Thrice a week; daily la-	Earthwork Rs. 1-9, dressing Re. 1, turfing Rs. 1-4.	Beldars bring	60 3 6	
Jamosee to Secundra	1	In 1	In 1 place	2,136	946	i	3,080	Grain tokens 43. Rice, mds. 110-4-6 for Rs. 359-0-6.			Earthwork Rs. 1-9, dressing annas 12, turfing Rs. 1-4 per		859 0 6	
Mullehpore to Gungta	24 miles	In 1	In 1 place	2,578		:	2,578	Rice, mds. 36-37-11 for Rs. 123-2-3.	***	According to their wishes.	1,000 cubic feet. Earthwork Rs. 1-9, dressing annas 14, turfing Re. 1 per	*	123 2 3	
Secundra to Luckee	6 miles	In 3	In 3 places	2,945	241	251	3,437	Rice, mds. 206-2-1	***	Thrice a week	1,000 cubic feet. Dressing Re. 1, turfing Rs. 1-4,		543 15 3	
Secundra to Nowadi	94 miles	In 2	In 2 places	755	1	22	780	Rice, mds. 50-7-104		Twice a week	Dressing annas 12, turfing Re. 1,		133 18 6	
Chareecharee ghát		In1	In 1 place	940	:		910	Rice, mds. 1-35-0 for Rs. 5-9-0.	poop	Once a week	earthwork Ks. 1-9. Barthwork Rs. 1-9, turfing Rs. 1-4, dressing Rs. 1-4.		0 0 43	
			Total	82,362	8,393	747	36,502	Rs. 3,185-6-9			Total Total Total Total Total Total	Total	3,281 14 3 313 7 0	
		-						Rice, mds. 2-18-15 for Rs. 7 11 0			Luckee Serai roads Establishment Contingencies		301 4 3 1,825 6 3 48 8 0	
								8,193 1 9			Gra	Grand Total	6,770 2 9	

P.S.-There were to brahmins, 133 ralpoots, 65 potters, 2 barbers, 98 washermen, 14 cilmen, 833 weavers, 6 hulowaies, 29 kalowars, 135 shoe-makers, 104 tamalies, 42 banias.

RAM RUTTUN MOZGOMDAR,

Ram Ruttur Mozoomdar,
Assistant Engineer, in executive charge,
Monghyr District.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Monghyr for the date nearest the 25th July 1874.

						Total quantity of		TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	NT GRAIN		Dationstad	
Name of Sub-division. Name of Circle. Heaves are figures.	Name of Circle.	Date for w figures a given.		Allotment.	Total allotment.	chair sold the grain traffsfer- red to other dis- tricts.	By sale to public or to laborers.	By sale to public By gratuitous disor to laborers.	By advances to ryots or zemin- dars.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	grain receipts of extended grain the ensuing ensuing fortuight.
				Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds	Mds.	Mds.
Sudder sub-division, excluding Bukhtiar-	1	25th July 1874	1878	20,000		11,238	2,643	1,640	4,757	2,039	10,479	***	1,000
pore.	Bukhtiarpore	Ditto	1	900'68	1,09,000	68,392	12,807	7,994	15,946	1,182	87,929	1	4,000
Begoo Serai sub-division	1	Ditto	1	45,000	45,000	36,668	17,129	1,014	19,827	1,492	30,462	about 8,500	3,000
Jameoge sub-division,		Ditto	1	15,490		50,490	4,960	181	9,945	808	15,888	1	5,000
FACINGLINE THING CIPCIES.	Luckee Serai	* Ditto	1	31,529		32,529	180	1,265	25,790	1,598	29,347	-	3,060
	Secundra	Ditto	1	98,810	1,04,446	28,810	986	887	16,361	1,607	19,930	1	8,000
	Shaikpoora	Ditto	1	44,107		48,107	4,000	1,071	15,226	1,998	22,295	1	
								-		1			
		Total			****	2,45,373	45,723	14,052	98,762	10,798	1,66,330	1	.1
			1	1000							*		

Е. Lоскwood,

No. 862-S.R., dated Bhagulpore, the 30th July 1874. .

From-V. T. TAYLOR, Esq., Collector of Bhagulpore,

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the bonor herewith to submit the 18th fortnightly narrative for this district.

2. In my last I noticed that there was every appearance of a break in the weather, and it is satisfactory to be able to state that in the fortnight under review there has been but little rain.

	l to the 30th at Sud		***		29.75
Ditto	ditto at Bar		***		27.16
Ditto	ditto 23rd at Mu			***	29.73
Ditto	ditto 23rd at Soc	opool		***	33.50

The rainfall for July so far has been only 8:57 against 11:19 up to 31st of last year, but the fine weather we have been having was sadly wanted and has done a great deal of good to all crops, which now promise a wonderful yield. Of course it is too early to say anything of the aghani rice crop, which is being rapidly transplanted, and will soon require heavy rain, but the murwa, bhadoi rice, and indian-corn crops, are excellent.

3. The sub-divisional officers remark as follows regarding the state of the crops and condition of the people:—

Soppool—"There is very little variation in the state of supplies in the bazar. The weather during the past fortnight has been everything that could be desired; the intervals of fine weather have allowed the weeding to be pushed on nearly to completion, and the occasional falls of rain have been of general benefit both to the bhadoi and aghani. The transplanting of the latter is now in full swing, though nurmurs are still heard of deficiency of seed. If, however, such were really the case, we should I think find a readier sale for our Government supply. It is on all hands admitted that a fuller and more promising bhadoi crop, both murwa and "aous" paddy, has not been seen for many years past, and it is, moreover, unustally forward, for the new murwa and other cultivated grasses—shama, kaoni, kheri, &c.—will be generally ready for the sickle in about 20 or 30 days. Though a comparatively large number of new cases for gratuitous relief are presenting themselves, to be attributed possibly to the closing to a great extent of some of our relief works, as the "gribists" are themselves doing a good deal, and not employing the usual amount of hired labor. The condition of the people generally is, I think, gradually improving, and I expect it will do so rapidly after the next 20 days are passed."

4. From the Pertabgunge side matters are still better, and new murwa is already in the market and selling at 24 seers the rupee, and when the crop comes well in, we shall see it selling at not less than a maund for the rupee, and it must be remembered that this grain is the food of the poorer classes and not rice. Early bhadoi paddy is also here in the market. The dhan is selling at 35 seers, and the Deputy Collector reports that before long it is expected that it will be as cheap as 2 maunus for the rupee. Should this be a fact, the time must be close at hand when all idea of any distress in this portion of the district must be given up.

5. Muddehpoora.—"There is ample in all bazars for all, as owing to the judicious lowering of rates and liberal advantages offered to large purchasers, grain is being sold at moderate rates throughout the sub-division. Private individuals, too, have bought grain for retail in these villages, and zemindars have also taken a good deal. This is very satisfactory, and I think clearly shows that there is no interference with trade in this sury satisfactory, and I think clearly shows that there is no interference with trade in this very satisfactory, and I think clearly shows that there is no interference with trade in this very satisfactory, and is the crops are looking exceedingly well everywhere, only the lowest lands have been so far flooded as to injure the crop on them. A zemindar who visited me the other day said he was astonished to find almost every field sown in this sub-division, and said he believed it was owing to fewer relief works having been started here than elsewhere. I have purposely lessened the works lately in this sub-division, in order to allow employers to get their usual laborers. I am glad the desired effect has resulted. The condition of the people is decidedly better; persons I have myself noticed have become stouter and healthier looking."

6. Naradigur.—The superintendent of this circle now reports for the first time, and the tehsildar of the Court of Wards there's has complained that the circle works are keeping off petty cultivators from their fields. I have issued most positive orders to Mr. Kirkwood to reduce the rates to the lowest possible figure, and I very decidedly object to anything that makes our works more attractive than the works on which the people ought to be and would be in any ordinary years employed. If my orders are carried out there will be no further cause for complaint. The people referred to I understand to be petty cultivators, who have as yet failed to prepare their aghani rice land; they can have no excuse, as the Court of Wards have liberally advanced, and if lack of seed-grain is to be urged, there is ample of it at Soopole for any one in Naradigur who has not got it. The state of the country generally has so much improved now, and the prospects of the crop are so—I may say beyond precedent—good, that the time has arrived when aid should be given only to those absolutely in need of it, or else the people themselves will go on trusting to Government charity without the slightest attempt to help themselves.

7. Banka.—Everything in this sub-division is going on satisfactorily. The prices remain the same; the nature of the country and the character of the soil make the people auxious for more rain now, as no rain now would further injure the indian-corn, which has greatly recovered itself, and the aghani rice, now being transplanted, cannot live without it.

8. The following statement shows the difference in prices now and at the corresponding period of 1866, and it may be noticed that there never has been any Government grain in Bhagulpore itself—the prices then are in no way affected by Government rice. The prices of common rice fell one week to 12-10, and has gone up again to 12, but these prices will now rapidly fall. The Ganges is still falling and is unusually low for the time of year. Should the floods keep back for another fortnight, an indian-corn crop will be reaped on the dearahs and noons keep back for another formigns, an indual-corn crop win de leaded and contiguous to the river, off which a crop has not been taken for the last 5 years, having been annually destroyed by the floods. Cheena and kerhi is ripe and being rapidly cut, and these facts will undoubtedly affect present prices favorably :-

				R	ice, c	omme	on.	Pul	ses.	Indian	-corr	n.		W	ent.	*
				18	66.	18	74.	1866.	1874.	1866.	18	74.	18	866.	18	74.
				8.	C.	S.	C.	s. c.	8. C.	8. C.	s.	C.	S.	C.	S.	C.
Soopool			 			10	6		'		13	8			11	0
Muddehpoora			 			16	0		'		15	0			11	0
Banka	***	***	 			12	8	• • • •			15	0			14	0
Head-quarters			 	8	3	12	0	8 131			15	2	8	131	14	8

There is but very little crime in the district-the statement for July shall be forwarded with the next narrative.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

10. The usual statements are annexed, both Department Public Works and Court of Wards; both show a considerable falling off in numbers employed. These are not the works now said to be interfering with cultivation, but the light labor and circle works under the circle officers.

C .- TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

11. The only railway station at which anything is going on is Bhagulpore itself; the imports during the fortnight were 15,079 maunds against exports of only 4,569. Of this latter 2,980 maunds were wheat for Howrah, the rest gram and wheat local for Colgong, Carogolah, and Sahebgunge; of the former 12,505 maunds were wheat and gram from up-country, 1.755 maunds rice from Howrah, 688 maunds rice down from Barrh, and 131 maunds Indian corn from up-country. The Soopool officer remarks that the river route is now open from Khagaria, and boats with small consignments of pulses have gone up the Tiljooga and Dimra, but not as yet to any extent.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

12. The usual statements are annexed. It has been found necessary to re-stock some of the golas, hence the difference in the amounts stored at several of them. The figures have been corrected also in some instances, as grain has erroneously been entered as disposed of from the golas, when it had only been sent to sub-golas; but the return shows a very fair disposal of the grain, especially in Soopool. Wholesale purchasers continue to come forward, and will do so until the new bhadoi rice is in the market—the bhadoi rice and the murwa being as a rule consumed by the people, and the aghani rice used for export and sale for payment of rents, &c.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

13. The following advances in grain have been sanctioned during the past fortnight :-

Date of application.	Name of applicant.	Profession.	Residence.	Amount.	Date of sanction.	By whom sanctioned
11th July 1874 20th ditto	Durbary Singh Rughoonath Narain Singh	Zemindar Ditto	Lalgunge Rughoonath- pore.	Mds. 37-20 of rice worth Rs. 100. Mds. 75 in grain	20th July 1874 22nd ditto	Collector. Ditto.
Ditto Ditto Ditto	Rooder Narain Singh, Purso- ram Singh and Bholanath Singh, Puramaned Singh Dass Seduch Singh Dass Mossti Ginbutty	Ditto Ditto Ditto	Bhowantpore	Rs. 500 in grain ,, 225 in grain ,, 125 in grain ,, 135-1-1; in	27th ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.
Ditto Ditto Path July 1874 Ditto	Rejcoomar Singh Henoun Singh Ajub Singh Dutt Nowbut Singh Khedoo Singh	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Dhunhar Sookhpoor Mudhoora Burail Biswari	grain , 300 in grain , 1,000 in grain , 300 in grain Mds. 47 in grain , 30 of rice	Ditto Ditto 28th ditto Ditto	Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

14. This is still being largely given, but I regret I am not in a position to give any figures this fortnight. I only received the Soopol report this morning, and Mr. Kirkwood's report has not yet reached me. I have detained this longer than I should have done, and cannot postpone sending it in a day longer. Mr. Kirkwood's report, which will arrive on Saturday or Sunday, will be sent to the Commissioner.

15. G.-FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

10				GFINAN	CIAL IV	SULTS	OF TH	E FORT	IG	HT.				•
	Total or	nondita	no from th	e district and				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs. A	. 1	,	
			he last nar		BUD-GIAIS	nonal tr	ensury				7,84,255 1	2	71	
Dotail of	the abov	re total-	_								1,04,200 1	-	- 8	
				istrict Engine	er for reli	of works		1,88,000	0	0				
			or of Mudd	-				1,000						
				s in charge of					0	0				
								4,00,730	12	74				
,	On disbu	ction of	f cola	y-Collector of	Muddeh	poora for		6,000	0	0				
4.			0	nade to trusty		***		0,000	U	U				
		se of gr		made to trusty	vortiny res	idents ic	or pur-	70,400	0	0				
		.,	or purchas					1,600	0	0				
				-					-					
			municipali	-	C- 11			5,000	0	0				
				ars and others		ımproven	nent	7,625	0	0				
	Advance	s to d	litto for	helping their	ryots	***	***	1,03,900	0	0				
Frandit	ure duri	or the f	fortnight r	inder report				Nil.		_	7,84,255	1.2	71	
Expendie			are and				***							
					Grane	i total to	end of	fortnight			7,84,255	12	74	
								,	-					
٠.	Through	Nazir		***							Rs. 15,016		P.	
	Imoug.		y Collector					***	***		0.000		0	
	10 40 1	20 cpac	, concess	Muddehpoo					***		10.100			
	39	30	**	Soopool							* *** ***			
	**	W- 17	lennessy						***					
	**	par. II		ontractor	***	***		***	***		1.08.108			
	**	TI M	Durand,		***	***	***		•••					
	.11	п. м.	Durana, J	for carters	***	***		***	***					
		M TI			***	***		***	***					
	**	Mr. H		ander Neogee,	Deepty (lallastow	***	***	***				0	
	**						***							
				istrict Superint		Folice, tol	contrac	tor, E. C.	Gan	gooly			0	
			n Conolly		***	***	***	***					0	
	- 11						***	***	***	**		10	0	
	**			rnment grain				***	***	**			0	
	50		. Bull, con					***	***	**			0	
	**			Narain Sing, o					***				0	
				ckages and wei		cales sent	from Ca	icutta	***	**		11	0	
				bags sent from		***	***	***	***	**			0	
			-	e-booked to Po				***	***				0	
	Cost of	50 tarps	ulius purch	ansed from Me	sars. Gillat	iders, Arb	outhnot &	t Co.	***	**	3,321	4	6	
			7 7					Tot	tal		4,00,730	12	74	
											and the second second			

Statement showing the storage and consumption of Government grain in the District of Bhagulpore on the dates nearest to the 22nd July 1874, for which returns may be available.

1	9	8	4		5 * *	6		7	8	9	
	which given.	Total	Total quantity of grain stored,	T	OTAL QUA	UP T	VERNMI O DATE	ENT GRA	IN CONSUME	ab a	Esti
NAME OF CIRCLE GOLA.	for	allotment of Govern- ment grain.	exclusive of grain trans- ferred to other districts.	By sale public labo	to the cor to rers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	ryo	ances to ts or indars.	By pay- ment in kind to la- borers	Total.	grain dire the e fort
Scopool Sub-Division. Scopool Circle.	1874.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds. Zemin-	Mds.	* Mds.	7
Soopool	a r	1,30,000	97,277	30,959	7,749	1,217	575	6,940	2,247	49,687	5
Chundial	122 1 7-1-	10,000	16,412	3,817	3,248	716	Nil	905	811	9,492	
Rotowtee	22nd July	8,000	8,000	2,297	Nil	492	Nil	319	1,338	4,446	1
Hurdee) [10,000	14,000	5,606	1,850	718	329	677	1,051	9,729	
Total		1,58,000	1,35,689	42,679	12,342	3,141	904	8,841	5,447	73,354	1
Naradigur Circle.					-		-				1
Nowabakur) r	30,000	41,000	18,632	1,385	6,015	177	590	3,819	30,618	1
Dugmurrah		30,000	32 000	10,517	1,074	4,536	Nil	977	306	17,410	
Rushwar	22nd July	40,000	39,000	14,645	Nil	1,314	Nil	172	2.700	18,831	> +1
Nurgo] [20,000	20,000	4,383	1,995	1,339	134	86	11	7,948	
Total		1,20,000	1,32,000	48,177	4,454	13,204	311	1,825	6,836	74,807	
Simrahi and Bhulooa Circles.								-1020	0,000	13,007	
Peepra	15th July	20,000	21,000	2,729	2,425	1,064	4,021	2,705	2,024	14,968	1
Pertabgunge	n r	30,000	30,000	11,992	531	492	5,314	1,551	1,491	21,301	
Bhuloos		20,000	20,000	12,915	1,577	206	787	2,130	159	17,774	
Simrahi		40,000	36,000	10,789	1,400	1,565	7,183	2,616	2,962	26,515	> 11
Nathpore	>22nd July	10,000	10,000	2,477	96	611	4,466	Nil	115	7,765	1
Bheemnuggur	1	5,000	5,052	1,558	Nil	127	1,353	38	824	3,900	
Rijeeli Dulgaon		8,000	8,000	1,247	387	290	2,271	Nil	181	4,376	
Total§		1,33,000	1,30,052	43,707	6,416	4,355	25,395	9,040	7,686	96,599	
Ekar and * Bongong Circles.									7,000		
Ekar	23nd July	60,000	51,086	12,720	5,650	4,579	1,788	4,405	1,616	30,767	h
Simrahi	15th July	20,000	20,051	4,853	1,550	2,659	2,777	187	348	12,374	
Notha	1 1	10,000	10,251	2,177	3,725	1,347	21	Nil	219	7,189	
Bongaon		30,000	32,219	9,197	2,320	2,209	3,633	4,697	1,636	23,692	
Burgaon	22nd July	5,000	4,732	Nil	Nil	1,359	32	Nil	1,045	2,486	
Patichgachia		20,000	14,372	5,202	1,175	451	242	2,885	1,721	11,676	Ш
Moheshi		10,000	10,059	1,914	3,170	335	1,783	652	* 287	8,141	H
Total,		1,55,000	1,42,770	36,072	17,590	12,939	10,276	12,826	6,872	96,575	
COURT OF WARDS' SUB- DIVISION.								12,020			
Naradigur Circle.			1								
Chandpeepur		11,400	11,482	Nil	9,435	54	1,577	Nil	Nil	11,066	
Bhuptilian	22nd July	11,400	11,504	Nil	8,091	332	1,269	Nil	Nil	9,692	
Burbura	J (9,333	9,338	Nil	2,864	524	2,444	Nil	Nil	5,832	1
Total		32,133	32,319	Nil	20,890	910	5,290	Nil	Nil	28,590	
Grand total		5,98,133	5,72,830	1,70,635	61,192	34,540	42,176	32,532	26,841	3,67,925	

[•] Grain has been despatched from Soopool as under—
To Chundial ... 6,200 mannds. To Hurdee 6,000 f. Peepra 7, Nowabakur ... 8,000 f. Prom Rushwar to Nowabakur 1,000 mannds. To Peepra 1 From Simrahi to Nowabakur 2,000 mannds, and to Dugmurrah 2,000 mannds 5 These amounts have now been transferred to the proper golas.

Statement showing the storage and consumption of Government grain in the District of Bhagulgore on the dates nearest to the 25th July 1874, for which returns

	2	8	•	10		9		4	80	6	10	п
			in the second		Toral QU	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	RNMENT GRAIN	CONSUMED UP	TO DATE.	- 2)		
NAME OF CIRCLE GOLA.	Date for which figures are given,	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other	By sale to the public laborers.	e public or	By gratuitous distribution in	By adv	By advance to	By payments in kind to	Total	Estimated grain expen- diture of ensuing fort- night	REMARKS.
	40		districts.	Public	Laborers.	any shape.	Ryots.	Zemindars.	laborers.			
SUDDER SUB-DIVISION.	·	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	
Perpointee Purnashurpore	11th July 1874	1,000 0 0	1,896 0 0	1,698 7 10	Nil 232 2 8	NE	NIII	N	NEW	1,693 7 10 962 2 8	8	All sold; deficiency
		1,000 0 6	2,856 0 0	2,448 7 10	252 2 8	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2,675 10 2	99	in weight,
BARKA SUB-DIVISION.	11th July 1874 Ditto	4,727 0 0 2,230 0 0	4,727 0 0 2,250 0 0	2,847 11 5 1,706 30 0	150 0 80 0 0	NN	ZZ	N.N.	ĒZ	2,997 11 5 1,786 30 0	900	
		6,977 0 0	6,977 6 0	4,554 1 5	230 0 0	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	4,784 1 5	068	
Mudden Sub-division. Kamp Sondon Kamp Patturghant Egiasuhpor	25th July 1874 Ditto Ditto	50,600 0 0 13,365 10 0 2,614 0 0 15,060 0 0	50,000 0 0 13,365 10 0 2,614 0 0 18,000 0 0	2,745 8 0 2,816 33 8 N ii 8	NNN	840 0 8 11 0 0 41 6 0	1,962 36 4 375 29 0 Nil 3,887 5 0	1,107 9 8 200 0 0 274 6 10 172 20 0	1,019 16 0 948 33 8 807 15 12 1,412 17 12	6,972 25 4 4,852 18 6 622 27 6 747 82 12	3,800	2.
Thoseasinose Civele		80,979 10 0	83,979 10 0	7,911 39 8	Nil	915 84 8	5,625 39 4	1,758 36 2	3,688 3 0	19,795 23 6	3,300	
111	25th July 1874 Ditto	25,000 0 0 56,000 0 0 10,000 0 0	25,000 0 0 50,000 38 0 10,000 0 0	4,045 36 8 13,102 39 0 2,899 27 8	NNN	391 6 0 Nil 41 17 0	1,556 0 0 1,089 0 0 804 0 0	1,120 15 0 367 85 0 Nil	1,080 9 0 573 16 0 825 8 9	8,193 26 8 13,133 10 0 4,970 13 1	8,400	. ,
Total		85,000 0 0	82,000 88 0	20,048 23 0	Nil	452 28 0	8,449 0 0	1,488 10 0	1,978 33 9	27,397 9 9	8,400	
Grand total		1,78,956 10 0	1,78,858 8 0	84,967 31 7	462 2 8	1,848 17 8	8,974 30 4	8,842 6 9	5,666 36 9	54,653 4 6	7,560	
											•	

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Raj Durbhunga Works in the District of Bhagulpore during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 25th July 1874.

			Numbe ed duris			Mean d employ	aily num	ber of p	days.	Number	r of person last of t	ons empl the 14 da	oyed o
NAME OF WORK.		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total
Dugmurrah Road		15,602	9,515	4,819	29,936	1,114	680	344	2,138	725	511	56	1,09
Kunowlee Tank		678	277	156	2,111	48	20	11	79	144	64	43	25
Mullar Tank	ī	316	93	62	471	22	7	4	83	911	36	17	36
Total number employed		16,596	9,885	5,037	31,518	1,184	707	359	2,250	1,080	611	116	1,60

REMARKS.-Rate of wages paid for full work-

Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight Rs.

V. T. TAYLOR, Collector.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the fortnight ending 25th July 1874.

Property Property				No	NUMBER OF LABORERS THEREON.	OF LA	BORE	RS TH	EREO	-	SUPP	EX OF 1	TOOD IE	SUPPLY OF FOOD THEREAT.		10000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Progress in opening Zo No No No No No No No				Class	s I.	Class		Class B.	H	1		Fron	B Gover	hap.	1		65 S	Disbursement
Barthwork and dress- 487 100 487 Nil All 243 58 10 Every second or third Earthwork, Ra. 1-14 to From Gören finished, and dress 407 100 70 Nil Do. 30 20 7 Ditto Di	Name of road and number on map.	riogress in mark ing out the relief works.		Average daily No.	Percentage.	Average daily No.					From bazar.	Percentage.		Quantity.	Mode of payment.		Arrangement for tools.	during the fortugate end-ing 26th July 1874.
Pitto Pitt	Scopool Sub-Division. Scopool to Bhootia, No. 197		Participación de la composição de la com	407	100	:						. IIV		ds. S. C.		Earthwork, Rs 2-3. Turfing, 12 per 1,000 cu		Ra. A. P. 815 4 0
turble t	Bella to Matha, No. 20N and let section.	10 miles nearly	35 miles earthwork and dressing done, turfing 15 miles done.	20	100	1			:			Do.			Ditto	Ditto ditto	Ditto	88 1 8
Completed except 38 897 100 637 Nil All 213 33 9 Every second or third Rathwork at Ra. 1-14 to Ditto Linds. The work on this road is finished and the establishment dispensed with 4 14 6 Fayments made	Bella to Maila, No. 20N and 2nd section.		mile yet remain to be opened out and turfed.	191	100	1.					i	1					Dirto	60 13 0
T. The work on this road is finished and the establishment dispensed with 249 Nil Nil All 156 31 2 Twice a week Earthwork at 15 annas to From Governments week remaining the complete	Nowhutta to Naharwar- ghat, No. 27N.			837	100	i				-	-					Barthwork at Rs. 1-14 to Rs. 2-3. Turfing, 12 to 14 annas per 1,000 gubic feet.	Ditto	8 6 6 8
Mail opened out, one 240 100 244 Nii All 196 31 2 Twice a week	Rajanpore bund B Sohagpore tank, No. 30N			s finish	ed and	the er	stablis	hmen	t disp	ensed w	rith						:	37 0 3
000 Ditto, about twenty 201 100 201 Nil] [Ditto	Nowhutta tank, No. 32N	1,000 × 500	All opened out, one week remaining to complete.	240	100	:		-					-	31	Twice a week	-	From Govern- ment stores.	300 11 3
00 Work nearly stopped 10d 100 10d Nil 62 12 11 Every second or third Earthwork, Re 2-13 to Ditto on account of water.	4		Ditto, about twenty days to complete.	201	100						=						Ditto	0 91 198
DUTABLE SAIL 180 SON 111 COMMISSION		1,000×500 Completed.	Work nearly stopped on account of water.	106	100						E	:		12 11	Every second or third day in grain.			172 6 9

			NUMB	NUMBER OF LABORERS THEREON.	LAB	PRES	THE	REON.	-	SUPPLY OF POOD THEREAT.	D THERRAT.				
			Class I.		Class II	-	Class II	-		From 6	From Government moodies' shop.				Disbursemen
Name of road and number on map.	arking out the relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Average daily No.	Percentage.	A verage daily No.	Percentage.	Average daily No. Percentage.	Total	From basar.	Percentage.	Quantity.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	during the fortnight end ing 25th July 1874.
							-				Mds. S. C.				Rs. A. P
Soopool tank, No. 31N	Completed	One side yet to be dressed and two sides to be turfed.	196	100	i.	1	-		IIN NII	-1	23 0 0	Every second day	spoil, and 12 annas per nent 1,000 turfing.	From Govern- ment stores.	196 14
Chundail tank, No. 94N	800 × 600	600 × 500; excavation 1,051 in progress.	190'1	100	i	-		1,061	II NI		152 10 1	Ditto	4 annas 6 pie to 6 annas 6 pie per 100 cubic feet.	Ditto	1,264 12
Rabood tank.							-			- 1-1				+	
Singhessar to Nathpore, 1st section, No. 10N.	1"	4,000 running feet completed.	122	100	';	<u> </u>			II Nil	i	66 32 14				
Singlessar to Nathpore, 2nd section.	1	3,500 ditto	439	100	i	· :			439 Nil		216 1 3	11.00	A. P. A. P. Mates 2 0 to 3 0	C Ditto	436 7 14
Sinchessar to Soopool, Nos. 16 and 17N.	All done	Aff opened out, and remains to be dress- ed and turfed.	655	100	i	-	;	: 99	655 Nil	i	83 10 14	daily, and contract work every second or 3rd day.	Men 2 0 Contract excavation, Rs. 3-2 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto	
Peepra to Soopool, No. 15N	Ditto	4,000 feet completed	395	100	;	-	-	39	396 Nil	:	41 32 154		Dressing, per 100 cubic feet 8 annas 6 pie to Rs. 1-3;	Ditto	640 1
Pertabgunge to Beerpoor, No. 11N.	Ditto	3,000 running feet	620	100	1	<u> </u>	:	-	520 Nil	-	257 0 4		turfing, per 1,000 cubic feet 1 rupee.	Ditto	802 0
MUDDEHPOORA SUB-					140	-	-	-					1		
Muddehpoors road, 3rd section, No. 1N. Muddehpoors to Sahpore	Work closed.	1 mile in three differ-	909	100	1 1		1	99	EN 809	i	150 17 74	By contract	At Bs. 1-14 per 1,000	Ditto	770 0
Muddehpoora to Sookhagan and Pathurghat.	No information	received.				-	-	-					CULTIC REST OF GREEBWOLK.		
Bongong to Phoolout	Not commenced.					-	-		70			5417000			
Subdes Sus-Division. Muddehroors road, 1st	3k miles	84 miles, turfing 24	26	100	-	- dinerie	-		77	-		Once in a week	Partheon at Da o	Die	
section, No. 1N.		miles			<u> </u>			-	_				Turfing, 14 snnss.	1780 ···	•